Q2 Fiscal Year 2021

# **Earnings Presentation**

**August 3, 2021** 

### Disclaimer

#### Information contained in this presentation is current as of the Q2 FY21 earnings date

#### **Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

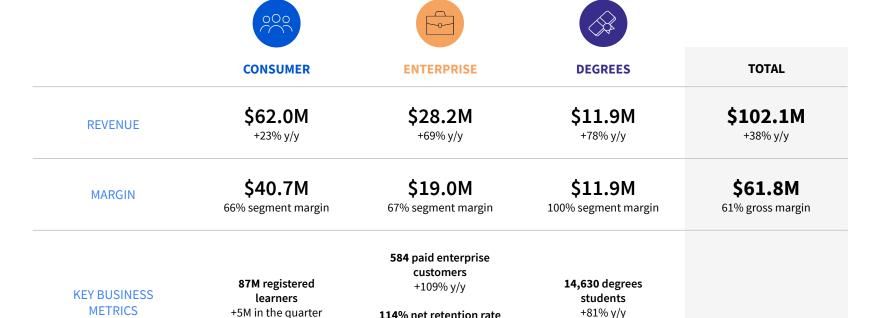
In addition to financial information presented in accordance with GAAP, this presentation includes non-GAAP gross profit, non-GAAP net loss, adjusted EBITDA, adjusted EBITDA margin and Free Cash Flow, each of which is a non-GAAP financial measure. These are key measures used by our management to help us analyze our financial results, establish budgets and operational goals for managing our business, evaluate our performance, and make strategic decisions. Accordingly, we believe that these non-GAAP financial measures provide useful information to investors and others in understanding and evaluating our operating results in the same manner as our management and board of directors. In addition, we believe these measures are useful for period-to-period comparisons of our business. We also believe that the presentation of these non-GAAP financial measures provides an additional tool for investors to use in comparing our core business and results of operations over multiple periods with other companies in our industry, many of which present similar non-GAAP financial measures to investors, and to analyze our cash performance. However, the non-GAAP financial measures presented may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies due to differences in the way that these measures are calculated. These non-GAAP financial measures are presented for supplemental information purposes only and should not be considered as a substitute for or in isolation from financial information presented in accordance with GAAP. These non-GAAP metrics have limitations as analytical tools. You are encouraged to review the reconciliation of these non-GAAP measures to their most directly comparable GAAP financial measures as detailed in this presentation. You should not rely on any single financial measure to evaluate our business.

#### **Forward Looking Statements**

This presentation contains forward-looking statements that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. Any statements contained in this presentation that are not statements of historical facts may be deemed to be forward-looking statements. In some cases, you can identify forward-looking statements by the words "may," "might," "will," "can," "could," "would," "should," "expect," "intend," "plan," "objective," "target," "anticipate," "believe," "estimate," "predict," "project," "potential," "continue," and "ongoing," or the negative of these terms, or other comparable terminology intended to identify statements about the future. These forward-looking statements include statements regarding; the growing adoption and impact of our platform around the world; trends in the online learning market, including with respect to the impact of technology on higher education, the need for global education, and learner interest in online credentials as a pathway into digital roles; trends in the higher education market; opportunities to drive growth for Coursera; features and anticipated benefits of our content and platform offerings and global learning ecosystem including affordability, convenience, skills benchmarking and employer provision of job opportunities; our ability to market effectively, including in global markets; and our financial outlook, future financial performance, and expectations, among others. These forward-looking statements involve known and unknown risks, uncertainties, and other factors that may cause our actual results, levels of activity, performance, or achievements to be materially different from the information expressed or implied by these forward-looking statements. These risks and uncertainties include, but are not limited to, the following: our ability to manage our growth; our limited operating history; the COVID-19 pandemic's impact on our business and our industry; the nascency of online learning solutions and risks related to market adoption of online learning; our ability to maintain and expand our partnerships with our university and industry partners; our ability to attract and retain learners; our ability to increase sales of our Enterprise offering; our ability to compete effectively; regulatory matters impacting us or our partners; risks related to intellectual property; cyber security and privacy risks and regulations; potential disruptions to our platform; and our status as a B Corp, as well as the risks discussed in our Quarterly Report on Form 10-0 for the guarter ended March 31, 2021 and as detailed from time to time in our SEC filings. You should not rely upon forward-looking statements as predictions of future events. Although we believe that the expectations reflected in the forward-looking statements are reasonable, we cannot guarantee that the future results, levels of activity, performance, or events and circumstances reflected in the forward-looking statements will be achieved or occur. Moreover, neither we nor any other person assumes responsibility for the accuracy and completeness of the forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements relate only to events as of the date of this presentation. We undertake no obligation to update any forward-looking statements except to the extent required by law.

# **Q2 Earnings Summary**

As of June 30, 2021



Note: This summary reflects non-GAAP financial measures and key operational metrics. See the Appendix for "Key Business Metrics Definitions" as well as reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures.

for paid enterprise customers

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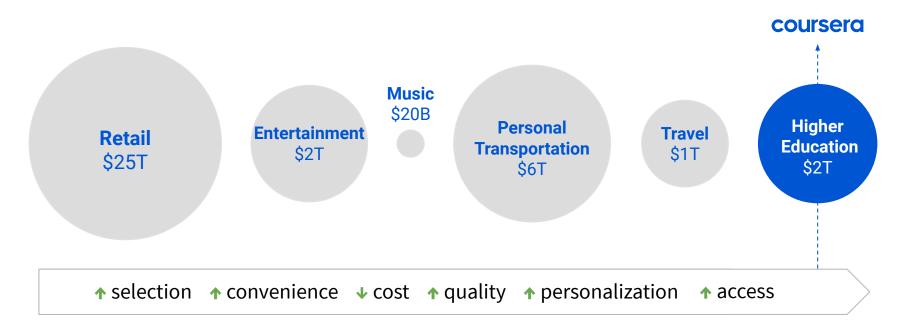
- **01** The future of learning
- **02** Our global learning ecosystem
- **03** Financial results & outlook





# **Higher education** is being replatformed

The force of technology is transforming industry after industry, but higher education has seen relatively little innovation over the past 3 centuries

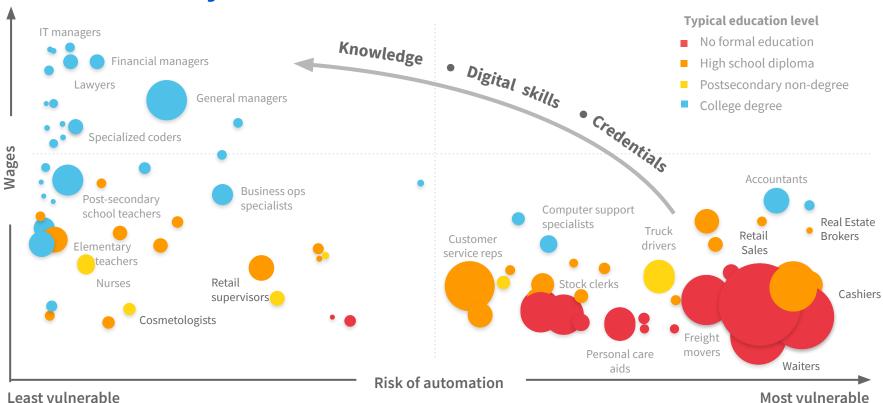


# The need for global education is growing

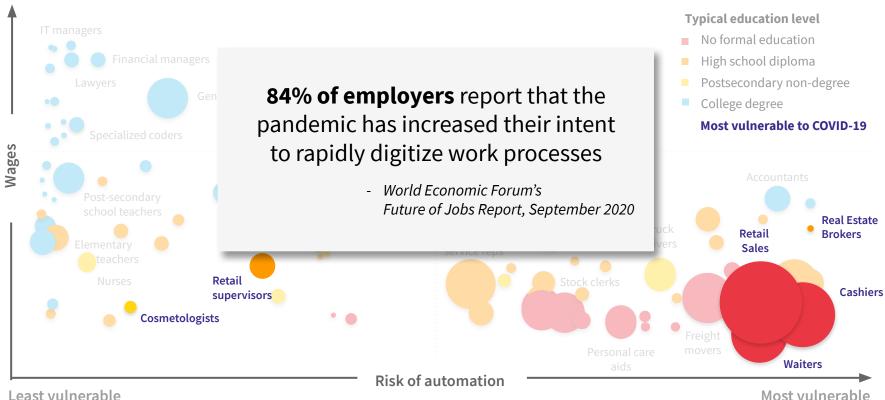




# Low-skilled jobs are at risk of automation



# Low-skilled jobs are at risk of automation



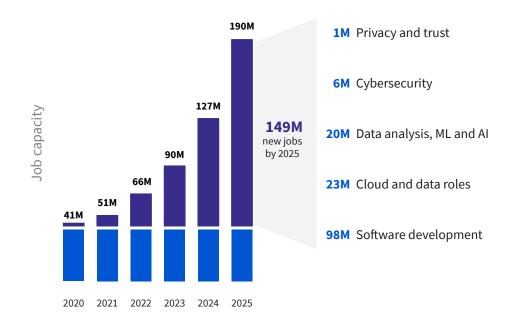
Source: Bloomberg, 2017 based on data from Oxford University & the Bureau of Labor Statistics; McKinsey Interactive Data, Employment impact of COVID-19 across industries and occupations (data as of April 2020). Note: Most vulnerable to COVID-19 equates to highest percentage of sector at risk as per Mckinsey's interactive data.

# Emerging job opportunities require digital skills

#### Top 10 jobs with **increasing demand** <sup>1</sup>

- **1** Data Analyst and Scientists
- 2 AI / ML Learning Specialists
- 3 Big Data Specialists
- 4 Digital Marketing and Strategy Specialists
- 5 Process Automation Specialists
- **6** Business Development Professionals
- 7 Digital Transformation Specialists
- 8 Information Security Analysts
- 9 Software / Application Developers
- 10 Internet of Things Specialists

#### Digital job capacity from 2020-2025<sup>2</sup>



# **Access** to higher education is limited

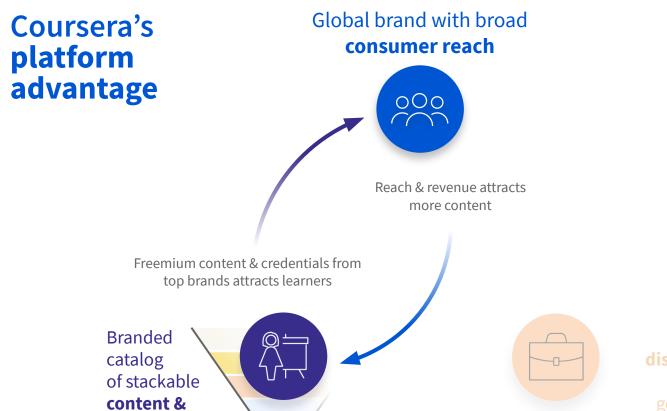


# **Contents**

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Q2 FY21 COURSETO



credentials

Enterprise distribution to businesses, governments,

# Coursera's platform advantage

# Global brand with broad consumer reach





Enterprise distribution to businesses, governments, universities

# Coursera's platform advantage

Branded

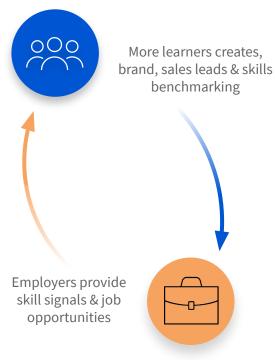
catalog

of stackable

credentials

content &

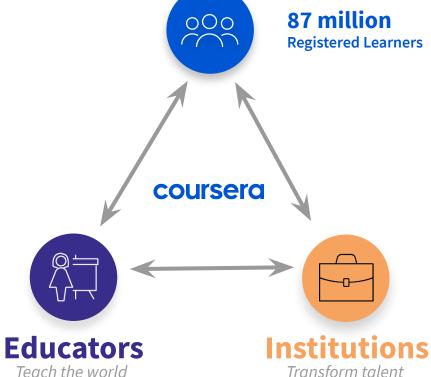
# Global brand with broad consumer reach



Enterprise distribution to businesses, governments, universities

# Coursera's platform advantage

# **Learners**Learn and prosper



#### 584

#### **Paid Enterprise Customers**

- Businesses
- Governments
- Campuses

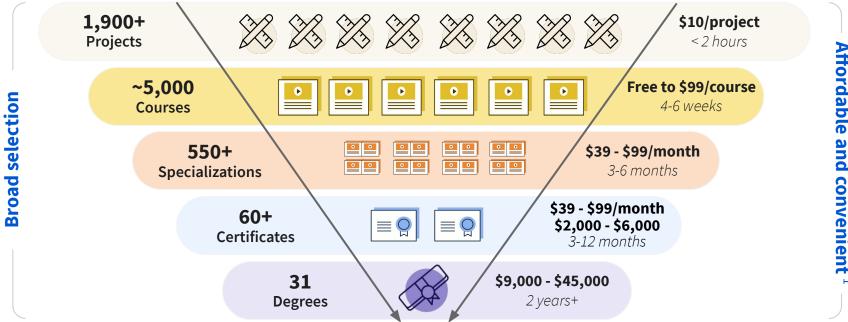
Source: Coursera data, as of June 30, 2021.

200+

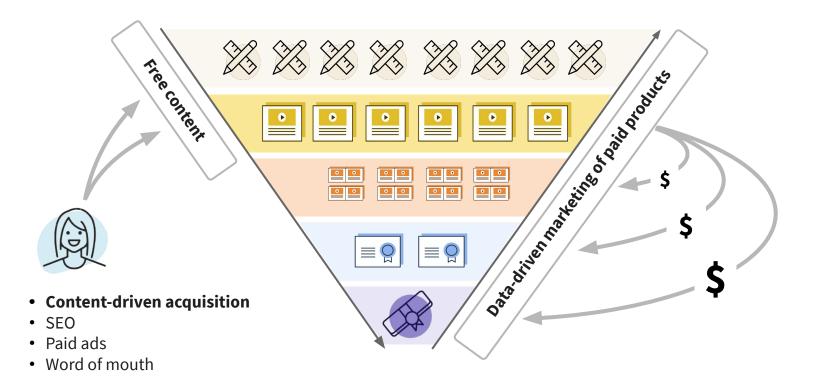
**University and** 

**Industry Partners** 

# Stackable content & credentials from leading brands



# Stackable content & credentials from leading brands



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# Strong growth across our 3 business segments

	Segment	How we generate revenue	Q2'21		YTD'21		
			Revenue	Segment Margin <sup>1</sup>	Revenue	Segment Margin <sup>1</sup>	
000	CONSUMER	Learners can watch video lectures for free and can pay to earn course certificates upon completion. Individuals pay for single courses or subscriptions for multi-course offerings.	<b>\$62.0M</b> +23% y/y	66% 34% content cost	<b>\$113.9M</b> +38% y/y	<b>62%</b> 38% content cost	
	ENTERPRISE	Institutions can access our catalog of learning products (excluding Degrees) and pay for <b>annual seat license subscriptions</b> .	<b>\$28.2M</b> +69% y/y	67% 33% content cost	<b>\$52.7M</b> +66% y/y	68% 32% content cost	
	DEGREES	Universities partner with us to develop & deliver online degrees and pay Coursera a percentage fee based on student tuition.	<b>\$11.9M</b> +78% y/y	100% no content cost	<b>\$23.8M</b> +80% y/y	100% no content cost	
	TOTAL		<b>\$102.1M</b> +38% y/y		<b>\$190.5M</b> +49% y/y		

#### Consumer

\$62.0M

+23% y/y

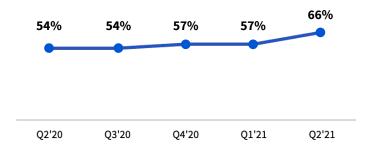
Strong demand for our career-oriented Professional Certificates targeted at entry-level digital jobs, with increased adoption of Coursera Plus

**5 million** new Registered Learners added during the quarter for a total base of **87 million**<sup>1</sup>



#### Segment Margin<sup>2</sup>

(percentage of Consumer revenue)



<sup>1</sup> See Appendix slide "Key Business Metrics Definitions" for more information.

<sup>2</sup> Defined as segment revenue less content costs in our audited financial statements.

# **Enterprise**

\$28.2M

+69% y/y

Growth driven by strong renewals and new customers, with momentum across all institutional categories, including businesses, governments and campuses

Total number of Paid Enterprise Customers increased +109% y/y to 584<sup>1</sup>

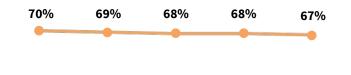
Net Retention Rate (NRR) for Paid Enterprise Customers was **114%**<sup>1</sup>

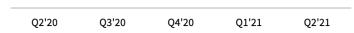
# Revenue (millions)



#### Segment Margin<sup>2</sup>

(percentage of Enterprise revenue)





<sup>1</sup> See Appendix slide "Key Business Metrics Definitions" for more information.

<sup>2</sup> Defined as segment revenue less content costs in our audited financial statements.

# Degrees

\$11.9M

+78% y/y

Prior student cohorts continue to scale, along with growing student enrollment in our newly launched programs

Degrees Students reached 14,630, up +81% y/y<sup>1</sup>

#### Revenue

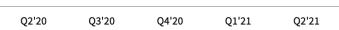
(millions)



#### Segment Margin<sup>2</sup>

(percentage of Degrees revenue)





<sup>1</sup> See Appendix slide "Key Business Metrics Definitions" for more information.

<sup>2</sup> There is no content cost attributable to the Degrees segment as students pay tuition directly to the university, and the university pays us a fee based on the amount of tuition.

# Multiple levers driving growth across the business



#### **Enterprise**

Expand Enterprise sales organization to win new logos and grow existing customer relationships



#### **Degrees**

Expand the number of online degrees and the number of students in Degree programs



#### Consumer

Continue to grow our learner base with freemium flywheel and improve data-driven targeting of paid content



#### Localization

Improve go-to-market effectiveness with configurable localization, especially in emerging markets

## **Guidance**

	Q3'21	FY'21 <sup>1</sup>
Revenue	\$105 - 109 million	\$402 - 410 million
Adjusted EBITDA <sup>2</sup>	\$(7.5) - (10.5) million	\$(38.0) - (44.0) million
Weighted Average Share Count	138 million	112 million

<sup>1</sup> Fiscal year 2021 ends December 31, 2021.

<sup>2</sup> We defined adjusted EBITDA as our net loss excluding: (1) depreciation and amortization; (2) interest income, net; (3) stock-based compensation; (4) income tax expense; and (5) payroll tax expense related to stock-based activities. Please see the Appendix for reconciliations of non-GAAP financial measures to the most directly comparable GAAP financial measures historical periods. Reconciliations are not available on a forward-looking basis without unreasonable effort due to the uncertainty regarding, and the potential variability of, expenses that may be incurred in the future.

# **Appendix**

# **Operating Segments**

	Q2	: FY20	Q2 FY21	Change
Consumer:				
Revenue  Percentage of total revenue  Cost of revenue <sup>(1)</sup>	\$	50,381 \$ 68.3% 23,065	62,041 <i>60.8%</i> 21,304	23%
Segment gross profit Segment gross margin		27,316 54.2%	40,737 65.7%	49%
			-	
Enterprise:				
Revenue  Percentage of total revenue  Cost of revenue <sup>(1)</sup> Segment gross profit  Segment gross margin	\$	16,694 \$ 22.6% 4,977 11,717 70.2%	28,186 27.6% 9,170 19,015 67.5%	69%
Degrees: Revenue  Percentage of total revenue  Cost of revenue <sup>(2)</sup> Segment gross profit  Segment gross margin	\$	6,654 \$ 9.0% - 6,654 100.0%	11,862 11.6% - 11,862 100.0%	78% 78%

 $<sup>1\, {\</sup>sf Defined} \ {\sf as} \ {\sf segment} \ {\sf revenue} \ {\sf less} \ {\sf content} \ {\sf costs} \ {\sf in} \ {\sf our} \ {\sf audited} \ {\sf financial} \ {\sf statements}.$ 

<sup>2</sup> There is no content cost attributable to the Degrees segment as students pay tuition directly to the university, and the university pays us a fee based on the amount of tuition. Note: \$ in thousands, except all percentages. Numbers are rounded for presentation purposes.

## **GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation**

Three Months Ended June 30, 2021

		GAAP	Stock-based Compensation	Payroll tax expense related to stock-based activities	Non-GAAP
Revenue	\$	102,089	-		102,089
Cost of revenue	•	41,162	(903)		40,244
Gross profit		60,927	903	15	61,845
Operating expenses:		•			0.550 € 0.50000
Research and development		41,004	(18,363)	(101)	22,540
Sales and marketing		43,862	(11,310)	(34)	32,518
General and administrative		21,846	(8,599)	(106)	13,141
Total operating expenses		106,712	(38,272)	(241)	68,199
Loss from operations		(45,785)	39,175	256	(6,354)
Interest income		85	_	_	84
Other income, net		42	_	_	42
Loss before income taxes		(45,658)	39,175	256	(6,227)
Income tax expense		705	_	_	705
Netloss	\$	(46,363)	39,175	256	(6,932)
Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders—basic and diluted	\$	(0.35)		:	(0.05)
Weighted-average shares used in computing net loss per share attributable to common					
stockholders—basic and diluted		131,804,121			131,804,121

Payroll tax

## **GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation**

Three Months Ended June 30, 2020

			Payroll tax	
			expense related	
		Stock-based	to stock-based	
	GAAP	Compensation	activities	Non-GAAP
Revenue	\$ 73,728	<del>-</del>	- \$	73,72
Cost of revenue	35,161	(115)	<del>-</del>	35,04
Gross profit	38,567	115	_	38,68
Operating expenses:				
Research and development	18,046	(1,492)	(3)	16,55
Sales and marketing	25,414	(833)	(12)	24,56
General and administrative	8,943	(1,123)	_	7,82
Total operating expenses	52,403	(3,448)	(15)	48,94
Loss from operations	(13,836)	3,563	15	(10,25
Interest income	265	_	_	26
Interest expense	(12)	_	_	(1
Other income, net	34	_	_	3
Loss before income taxes	(13,549)	3,563	15	(9,97
Income tax expense	367	_	_	36
Net loss	\$ (13,916)	3,563	15	(10,33
Net loss per share attributable to common stockholders—basic and diluted	\$ (0.38)			(0.2
Weighted-average shares used in computing net loss per share attributable to common				
stockholders—basic and diluted	36,185,155			36,185,15



## **GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation**

### Adjusted EBITDA

	Q2 FY20		Q2 FY21	
Net loss	\$	(13,916)	\$	(46,363)
Depreciation and amortization		2,371		3,440
Interest income, net		(253)		(85)
Stock-based compensation		3,563		39,175
Income tax expense		367		705
Payroll tax expense related to stock-based activities		15		256
Adjusted EBITDA	\$	(7,853)	\$	(2,872)
Adjusted EBITDA margin		(11)%		(3)%

## **GAAP to Non-GAAP Reconciliation**

Free Cash Flow

	Q2 F	Q2 FY20		Q2 FY21	
Net cash (used in) provided by operating activities	\$	11,381	\$	(5,453)	
Less: Purchases of property, equipment, and software		(1,155)		(432)	
Less: Capitalized internal-use software costs		(1,895)		(2,613)	
Free Cash Flow	\$	8,331	\$	(8,498)	

# **Key Business Metrics Definitions**

#### **Registered Learners**

We count the total number of registered learners at the end of each period. For purposes of determining our registered learner count, we treat each customer account that registers with a unique email as a registered learner and adjust for any spam, test accounts, and cancellations. Our registered learner count is not intended as a measure of active engagement. New registered learners are individuals that register in a particular period.

#### **Paid Enterprise Customers**

We count the total number of Paid Enterprise Customers at the end of each period. For purposes of determining our customer count, we treat each customer account that has a corresponding contract as a unique customer, and a single organization with multiple divisions, segments, or subsidiaries may be counted as multiple customers. We define a "Paid Enterprise Customer" as a customer who purchases Coursera via our direct sales force. For purposes of determining our Paid Enterprise Customer count, we exclude our Enterprise customers who do not purchase Coursera via our direct sales force, which include organizations engaging on our platform through our Coursera for Teams offering or through our channel partners.

#### **Net Retention Rate (NRR) for Paid Enterprise Customers**

We calculate annual recurring revenue ("ARR") by annualizing each customer's monthly recurring revenue ("MRR") for the most recent month at period end. We calculate "Net Retention Rate" as of a period end by starting with the ARR from all Paid Enterprise Customers as of the twelve months prior to such period end, or Prior Period ARR. We then calculate the ARR from these same Paid Enterprise Customers as of the current period end, or Current Period ARR. Current Period ARR includes expansion within Paid Enterprise Customers and is net of contraction or attrition over the trailing twelve months, but excludes revenue from new Paid Customers in the current period. We then divide the total Current Period ARR by the total Prior Period ARR to arrive at our Net Retention Rate.

#### **Number of Degrees Students**

We count the total number of Degrees students for each period. For purposes of determining our Degrees student count, we include all the students that are matriculated in a degree program and who are enrolled in one or more courses in such degree program during the period. If a degree term spans across multiple quarters, said student is counted as active in all quarters of the degree term. For purposes of determining our Degrees student count, we do not include students who are matriculated in the degree but are not enrolled in a course in that period.