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Talga Group Ltd

(OTCQX: TLGRF)

TLGRF: Talga Makes Important Announcements Regarding Supply of its Anode Products to Customers.

Utilizing a Discounted Cash Flow process containing conservative estimates combined with other valuation methodologies, we believe TLGRF could be worth **US\$1.50** per share.

Current Price (7/13/26) \$0.18
Valuation (US\$) **\$1.50**

OUTLOOK

Talga Group (OTCQX: TLGRF, ASX: TLG) is a global leader in the development and production of graphite battery materials. Its flagship product, Talnode®-C, is a fast-charge graphite anode material made in Sweden with an ultra-low carbon footprint. The company's battery material technologies enable anode manufacturing from both natural and recycled graphite. Talga is vertically integrated and will operate upstream graphite mines and large scale battery anode manufacturing plants. We expect the company to generate significant revenues and cash flow over the next 5-10 years with initial revenues expected in 2027.

SUMMARY DATA

52-Week High **US\$0.41**
52-Week Low **US\$0.15**
One-Year Return (%) **-37.2**
Beta **1.18**
Average Daily Volume (sh) **44,463**

Shares Outstanding (mil) **510**
Market Capitalization (\$mil) **US\$95.0**
Short Interest Ratio (days) **N/A**
Institutional Ownership (%) **N/A**
Insider Ownership (%) **2.86**

Annual Cash Dividend **\$0.00**
Dividend Yield (%) **0.00**

5-Yr. Historical Growth Rates

Sales (%) **N/A**
Earnings Per Share (%) **N/A**
Dividend (%) **N/A**

P/E using TTM EPS **N/A**

P/E using 2026 Estimate **N/A**

P/E using 2027 Estimate **N/A**

Risk Level **High**
Type of Stock **Growth**
Industry **Mining/Materials**

ZACKS ESTIMATES

Revenue

(in millions of A\$)

	Q1 (Sep)	1H (Dec)	Q3 (Mar)	2H (Jun)	Year (Jun)
2025					
2026		0.52 A		1.33 E	1.85 E
2027					23.5 E
2028					59.4 E

EPS / Loss Per Share (A\$)

	Q1 (Sep)	1H (Dec)	Q3 (Mar)	2H (Jun)	Year (Jun)
2025					
2026		-0.02 A		-0.03 E	-0.05 E
2027					-0.03 E
2028					0.02 E

Quarterly EPS figures may not equal annual EPS due to rounding, dilution or intangibles. Estimates may be non-GAAP.

WHAT'S NEW

In July 2026, Talga made two important announcements regarding the supply of its anode products to customers.

- On July 3rd, the company announced that it has started commercial deliveries of its flagship battery graphite anode product Talnode®-C to its customer Nyobolt under a binding offtake agreement first established in 2025.

After final customer qualification and audits were done, the first shipment at the contracted commercial price under the agreement was delivered from Talga's EVA demonstration plant in Luleå, Sweden. This marks the transition from qualification volumes to ongoing sales revenue and represents a significant commercial milestone for Talga and the European battery ecosystem. The balance of the 3,000-tonne offtake will be supplied from Talga's planned commercial-scale anode plant, with construction targeted to begin in 2027 subject to the FID.

Pricing terms were not announced and remain private. Although the initial shipment of 3,988 kg of anode product does not have a material financial impact, it marks a major milestone as the first commercial natural graphite anode produced outside Asia and supplied into the global battery supply chain. The anodes were manufactured in Sweden using Talga's own natural graphite resources and demonstrate the successful scale-up of the company's proprietary technology.

Nyobolt is a UK-based battery technology company developing ultra-fast charging, high-power lithium-ion batteries. They recently completed a Series C funding round at a US\$1 billion valuation. Talga's Talnode®-C has been qualified for use in Nyobolt's batteries, which can charge in under five minutes. Nyobolt's strategic partners include Scania for heavy-duty commercial vehicles and mining equipment, and Symbolic for AI-powered warehouse robotics, where rapid charging and high power density improve uptime and productivity.



Pictured: Talnode®-C customer deliveries departing Talga's EVA anode plant in Luleå, Sweden

Source: talgagroup.com

This commercial relationship highlights growing demand for Talnode®-C in high-performance battery applications beyond passenger EVs. These include commercial and industrial drones, heavy-duty vehicles, defense systems, robotics, and AI data center backup power. These markets require

reliable, high-power energy storage with rapid charging to maximize uptime and support mission-critical operations. Talnode®-C is well positioned to address this demand through its low internal resistance, ultra-high crystallinity, long cycle life, ultra-fast charging capability, and secure FEOC-free European production.

Beyond the Nyobolt offtake, Talga is advancing negotiations with multiple prospective customers, with several leading battery manufacturers across Europe, Japan, and North America in the final stages of qualification and onboarding. Commercial activity has accelerated as battery producers, government agencies, and financing partners seek diversified, high-performance anode supply chains. This growing commercial momentum is expected to support financing and construction of Talga's large scale integrated Vittangi Anode Project.

- On July 5th, announce it has executed a non-binding Letter of Intent with Mitsubishi Chemical Corporation, a major Japanese manufacturer of lithium-ion battery materials. The LOI creates a structured engagement to begin ongoing technical evaluations and commercial discussions regarding potential supply of Talga's anode products to MCC for hybrid electric vehicle batteries.

The LOI establishes a framework for negotiating a long-term commercial supply relationship, targeting a conditional Supply Terms Sheet by September 2026 and a definitive three-year Supply Agreement by December 2026. Both parties will also collaborate on product specifications, quality standards, supply chain due diligence, ESG performance, and the development of FEOC-free, low-carbon anode materials.

Talga's engagement with a major international battery materials producer represents a strategic commercial opportunity to validate its Talnode® graphite anode materials in the high-growth hybrid electric vehicle sector while establishing new supply-chain relationships with Japanese industry. We don't expect any material financial impact at this time; however the collaboration highlights growing demand for Talga's 100%-owned, vertically integrated Swedish mine-to-anode operations, which produce high-performance, fast-charge and high-power graphite products using FEOC-free (Foreign Entity of Concern) supply sources.

Valuation

We believe that Talga Group is poised to produce rapid and high margin revenue growth over the next 5-10 years as the Vittangi project (both mine and plant) becomes fully operational. When the refinery reaches full capacity, the entire project could generate over A\$200 million in high margin revenue. We believe the company will generate positive EBITDA and net profits in the 2028 fiscal year ending 6/30/28.

Our primary valuation tool utilizes a Discounted Cash Flow process. Under the scenario described below, our DCF based valuation target is approximately **US\$1.71** per share. Our target price may be conservative as it utilizes a high discount rate of 15.0% due to the unpredictability of earnings, higher prevailing interest rates, and the timeline for reaching full scale commercialization.

We also use forward Price / Revenue multiples relative to peers as a backup methodology to create a target price for TLGRF stock. Separately, we also add an in situ analysis to create a range of values for the graphite mines.

We apply an 11.9x revenue multiple to FY 2028 revenues and discount back at a 15% annualized rate. This methodology provides a value of approximately **US\$1.03** for TLGRF stock.

Based on this range of values, we arrive at a near-term price target of **US\$1.50 per share**. As the overall project development continues to progress throughout CY 2026 and CY 2027, there appears to be substantial upside above that target price.

TOTAL VITTANGI Tonnes Potential (million tonnes)		Inferred 8.3	Indicated 26.7
Graphite Price (per tonne)	\$900		
Discounted Value (millions)	2.5%	\$186.8	\$600.8
Additional Tonnes (stockpile)		0.3	0.3
Additional Tonnes		0.0	0.0
Total Additional Tonnes		0.3	0.3
Discounted Value Additional Tonnes		\$6.1	\$6.1
Discounted Value TOTAL Potential Tonnes		\$192.8	\$606.8
Asset & Equipment Values #1		\$0.0	\$0.0
Asset & Equipment Values #2		\$0.0	\$0.0
TOTAL ASSET VALUE		\$192.8	\$606.8
Net Debt		\$0.0	\$0.0
NET ASSET VALUE		\$192.8	\$606.8
Shares Outstanding		510	510
NET ASSET VALUE PER SHARE		\$0.38	\$1.19

Source Zacks SCR analyst

Although we have not incorporated the value of the Vittangi mine into our price target at this time due to its non-operating status, we believe it's worth noting for investors the long-term value potential of the mine. Based on a discounted calculation of Inferred and Indicated resources for the Vittangi mines, we believe the mine on its own could be valued between **US\$0.38** and **US\$1.19**, which may provide a floor price for TLGRF stock.

RECENT NEWS

Talga Qualification Anode Plant Update

Talga has recently achieved record customer validation and sales volumes through its test EVA plant (see below for more details on this plant). Talnode® anode products are now being supplied to 21 active qualification and technical validation programs with battery manufacturers in specific fast charge/high-power applications. These include AI Datacenter / BESS (Battery Energy Storage Systems), defense, robotics, drones, performance BEV's, and hybrids.

The performance benefits of highly engineered fast-charge, high-power natural graphite is garnering wide market recognition as the current high petroleum costs are threatening many synthetic graphite producers. As opposed to Talga's natural graphite processes, synthetic graphite production is significantly more energy-demanding and expensive.

Many customers also continue to highlight concerns around supply security due to geopolitical tensions and policy factors, and Talga is actively working with them and their governments to enable supply chain diversification.

Multi-year qualification activities with several Japanese customers of both Talnode® and Talphite® products progressed during the quarter which is setting the stage for commercial and strategic

discussions scheduled to take place this May and June in Japan. This is supported by Talga's recently granted Japanese patents and the impact of China's export restrictions on dual-use graphite, affecting dozens of Japanese companies.



Source: talgagroup.com

Financing Update

Talga is actively pursuing non-dilutive funding through various government programs to accelerate its path to commercial production, while other European Commission programs are still being finalized. This approach builds on the company's already substantial funding situation, which includes a €150 million (A\$260 million) European Investment Bank debt facility and a €70 million (A\$120 million) EU Innovation Fund grant.

The Vittangi Anode Project's Strategic development status, combined with its strong alignment with Europe's supply-chain sovereignty, sustainability, and defense priorities, positions Talga to secure additional non-dilutive support. This is also reinforced by the company's proven track record in attracting state funding.

Front-End Engineering Design (FEED) Study

Talga's FEED studies and activities in Sweden for the first 5,000 tpa commercial anode line continue to advance. This progress follows the awarding of The Industrial Leap 1 grant of SEK 82.6 million (~A\$13.35 million), which provides funding support on the pathway to a Final Investment Decision (FID). Phase 1 of pre-construction works at the Luleå site to support the development of the 5,000 tpa plant are complete. The facility will produce premium graphite anodes for fast-charge, high-power lithium-ion battery applications and is set to deliver hundreds of direct and indirect jobs in northern Sweden while contributing to a more secure and self-reliant European battery industry.

The company's technical team is working closely with its primary engineering partner Worley to deliver process, mechanical and piping work packages while Sweco and ABB are providing civil/structural and electrical engineering design. The FEED Study is on track to finish mid-year with six of the nine work packages directly related to engineering, technical and financial aspects of the project.

Looking ahead, Talga's key priorities include securing additional non-dilutive funding under EU and member state programs, converting new active EVA customer programs into multi-year offtake

agreements, and completing the FEED study to support a Final Investment Decision targeting commercial output in 2027-28.

The company also aims to roll out additional high-performance Talnode® variants with a focus on ultra-fast charge and ultra-long life products to drive premium pricing, expand its offtake base, and strengthen its market-leading IP portfolio. In addition, the company plans to continue to advance previously announced U.S. and Japanese opportunities for the Talnode® process and product technologies to deepen strategic partnerships and broaden its revenue profile.

3rd Quarter Capital Raise

During the quarter, the oversubscribed Share Purchase Plan closed successfully, raising A\$7.3m through the issuance of 17.7 million new shares at A\$0.41 per share. Eligible SPP participants also received one free unlisted attaching option for every two New Shares allocated with an exercise price of A\$0.58 per option with an expiration date of February 11, 2028.

Holders of the Attaching Options may receive one fully paid ordinary share and one free unlisted piggyback option for every Attaching Option exercised. The Piggyback Options have an exercise price of A\$0.65 and an expiration date of 2 years from the expiration of the Attaching Option.

U.S. Market Opportunity

In the 3rd quarter, Talga advanced its strategic entry into the U.S. market by hiring United Catalyst Corporation (UCC) as its Program Facilitator and U.S. contracting representative. This move followed engagement with U.S.-based battery manufacturers at the International Battery Seminar (Orlando, FL 3/24/26), as well as subsequent meetings with federal agencies in Washington D.C. and Tokyo.

UCC is supporting Talga's plans to expand graphite and anode production into the U.S. "Battery Belt," leveraging the company's existing Swedish production plant design and its FEOC-free supply platform to address growing demand for critical minerals in the United States.

The U.S. "Battery Belt" refers to a corridor of states across the South and Midwest that has emerged as the hub of American battery and electric vehicle manufacturing. Prominent states include South Carolina, Tennessee, Kentucky, Georgia, Michigan, Ohio, North Carolina and Alabama.

The partnership is actively pursuing federal and state funding opportunities tied to offtake agreements, stockpiling, and domestic production. Talga is engaging with multiple U.S. agencies, including the DOE, DOD, Defense Logistics Agency, ARPA-E, Department of Commerce, and Economic Development Administration. Also, the company has begun site selection work with the South Carolina Department of Commerce and is in discussions with a growing number of U.S.-based battery cell manufacturers, particularly those focused on defense applications where its FEOC-free materials are highly valued.

Industry Developments

Global anode market conditions during the 3rd quarter were shaped by geopolitical tensions, robust demand growth from the energy storage sector, and accelerating efforts by Western economies to reduce dependence on Chinese anode supply chains. A late-2025 agreement to delay China's planned export restrictions to the U.S. until November 2026 offered a degree of near-term market stability. Furthermore, existing trade barriers and the continued application of "Foreign Entity of Concern" (FEOC) rules kept pressure on Western manufacturers to prioritize non-Chinese feedstock.

In March, the U.S. International Trade Commission rejected higher anti-dumping and countervailing duties on Chinese active anode material, keeping tariffs around 35% instead of up to 220% and preserving the cost advantage of imports over domestic supply, though a potential appeal remains

uncertain. Meanwhile, rising Japan/China tensions led Beijing to impose export controls on key dual-use minerals, including graphite, underscoring supply chain risks for Japan's battery industry.

Against this broader geopolitical backdrop, the anode market sustained strong volume growth through the 3rd quarter, driven by moderating EV demand across different jurisdictions alongside accelerating demand from battery energy storage systems (BESS) and AI-driven data center infrastructure. All of these dynamics continue to reshape global anode supply chains and reinforce the strategic importance of securing diversified, non-Chinese sources of feedstock for Western and allied manufacturers.

3rd Quarter Financial Update

Talga ended the period with a cash balance of A\$28.2 million, including an unrealized loss of A\$839,000 due to foreign exchange fluctuations. Restricted funds were A\$10.4 million related to grant funding.

Revenues in the quarter were A\$57,000 related to sales of anode products from the current EVA 50 tpa plant. Operating cash flow was a use of cash of (A\$4.2) million and capital expenditures were (A\$2.0) million. Due to the capital raise during the quarter, the cash position was mostly unchanged.

The company has 510.9 million quoted ordinary shares, 41.3 million unlisted options and 500,000 performance rights on issue. The current market capitalization is approximately US\$91.0 million.

Second Half (December 2025) Financial Report

On March 12, 2026, the company released its full 2nd half financial report for the period ending December 31, 2025. The results were largely in line with expectations as the company continues to make progress on the development of its graphite mine and advanced anode refinery. Talga generated minimal revenues totaling approximately A\$518,000 from small amounts of anode sales and interest and grant income. Cash used in operations was (A\$7.4) million and capital expenditures were A\$4.2 million in the 2nd half.

Talga ended the quarter with A\$28.4 million in cash which includes A\$13.35 million in restricted funds from the Industry Leap grant (see below). Net working capital was positive and totaled A\$13.3 million.

The company also had conditional financing facilities totaling A\$125 million from EU Innovation Fund and Environmental Bonds. The company has 510 million shares outstanding, 14.8 million unlisted options, and the market capitalization is approximately US\$98.0 million currently.

Commercial, Product and Project Developments

- Commenced the Front-End Engineering Design (FEED) study for a 5,000 tpa anode plant to start commercial production as part of a modular scale up.
- Delivered strong commercial traction with EVA anode customer receipts doubling from the prior corresponding period, including largest anode shipment to date under existing offtake agreements.
- Record demand from battery manufacturers for qualification material since production commenced in 2022.
- Launched Talnode®-R, a proprietary graphite anode produced from recycled lithium-ion battery waste.
- Secured a Supply Agreement with Aurubis to provide black mass graphite for Talnode®-R manufacturing.

- Executed a Strategic Cooperation Agreement with leading US auto-industry recycling firm, United Catalyst Corporation, to explore establishment of Talnode® production in North America.
- Achieved major regulatory milestones for the Nunasvaara South mining concession with land-use approvals and Detailed Plan progression.
- Received Exploitation Concession approvals for the Nunasvaara North, Niska South and Niska North graphite deposits of the Vittangi Graphite Project in northern Sweden.
- Strengthened Talga's intellectual property portfolio with three new graphite anode product patents secured in US and one in Japan.
- Expanded the product portfolio with performance-enhancing additives based on Talga's high-purity graphite, opening new commercial opportunities across a wider range of battery technologies.
- Advanced participation in multiple EU-funded R&D projects to enhance supply chain resilience and commercial pathways for Talga's high-performance graphite and silicon-carbon anodes.
- Mutually agreed to terminate the Aero Joint Venture with global lithium giant SQM after the Swedish Inspectorate for Strategic Products did not satisfy the conditions precedent in a reasonable time.

Corporate & Finance News

- Strengthened the Board with the appointment of former Sweden Government Minister Eva Nordmark as a Non-executive Director (following the earlier resignation of Ola Rinnan and Stephen Lowe). Ms Nordmark continues to serve as Chair of Talga AB, Talga's Swedish subsidiary.
- Commenced trading on the OTCQX Best Market in the United States, improving visibility and accessibility for North American investors.
- Secured a A\$13.35 million grant from Sweden's Energy Agency under the Industrial Leap program to partly fund the FEED study for the 5,000 tpa anode plant.
- Raised A\$328,000 from the exercise of shareholder loyalty options.
- Successfully completed an institutional placement, raising A\$14.5 million (before costs) with 35.4 million new shares at A\$0.41 per share with attaching unlisted options.
- Launched a Share Purchase Plan which closed post-Quarter, raising A\$7.3 million following the issue of 17.7 million new shares post period end.
- The Swedish Government formally adopted the Nunasvaara South Graphite Mine Detailed Plan.
- Announced exploration results from the Aero Project, identifying high-grade gallium with anomalous caesium, niobium, tantalum, yttrium and scandium in reconnaissance rock samples over 8 km strike length.
- Executed a Development Agreement with V4Smart (co-owned by Porsche AG and VARTA AG) for the German innovator to co-develop and qualify Talnode® for next-generation high power battery cells.
- Talga's application for a (SEK 1.1B/A\$180 million) grant for "Circular Graphite Anode at Industrial Scale for Low-emissions Batteries", under the second Industriklivet call was declined by the Swedish Energy Agency due to 2026 government budget constraints.

Aero Project in Sweden

On January 15, 2026, the company announced that recent rock chip sampling programs, field mapping and evaluation have confirmed evidence of high-grade **gallium** and other critical elements the 100% owned Aero Project in northern Sweden. The Aero Project covers 270 km² located 20 km southeast of Gällivare, a major mining hub in Sweden's Norrbotten region. Previous exploration activity at Aero has identified lithium oxide over a 50 km total strike with surface sample grades of up to 1.9% Li₂O.

Gallium is a soft, silvery metal and a chemical element with unique properties where it can melt in your hand at a temperature of 86°F (30°C). It is considered a strategic, or critical metal due to its important uses in semiconductors, LEDs/lasers, and defense and space applications.

Talga recently completed field mapping and geochemical rock outcrop sampling and re-evaluated the project through the application of the Exploration Information System (EIS) digital tool. The company plans on refining and updating this model as exploration activities progress and new data is made available. The surface rock exposures have returned high-grade and anomalous concentrations of gallium, other rare earth elements (REEs) including yttrium, and other critical minerals and elements which statistically exceed bulk crustal abundances. These results are considered significant for a first pass exploration such as this.

These very impressive highlight assay results include:

Table 1: Conversion of select anomalous oxide values from Aero rock chip samples.

Sample	SWEREF99 TM		Element	Element	Oxide	Oxide
	Easting	Northing		ppm	ppm	
BD00033	784204	7450116	Gallium	220	296	Ga ₂ O ₃
A26450	784326	7451830	Caesium	773	820	Cs ₂ O
A26217	784302	7451967	Niobium	706	1010	Nb ₂ O ₅
			Tantalum	487	595	Ta ₂ O ₅
			Yttrium (REE)	147	186	Y ₂ O ₃
A26365	777578	7457526	Scandium (REE)	204	313	Sc ₂ O ₃

Source: talgagroup.com

This collection of critical minerals and elements is gaining importance in global supply chains as governments such as the US, UK, Japan, Europe, South Korea, Australia and Canada collaborate to build strategic reserves. Gallium and cesium are used in semiconductors which drive advanced telecommunications among other applications. Niobium, scandium, tantalum and yttrium are commonly used in alloys for lightweight applications that are crucial in the aerospace, defense and automotive industries. Yttrium is also used in lasers.

We believe the potential of Aero will be greater than previously recognized due to recent exploration results. Although still in exploration phase, the company is pursuing US and EU funding opportunities, including applications under DOE critical minerals programs and EU CRMA strategic project calls, to accelerate development of the project. In addition, Talga is engaging with major strategic partners for joint ventures targeting global companies in mining, technology, and defense sectors. This approach will allow Talga to unlock Aero's value while prioritizing the company's core graphite battery anode business.

Industrial Leap Program

During the quarter, Talga was awarded a A\$13.35 million grant under the Swedish Energy Agency's Industrial Leap program, which is part of the EU Recovery and Resilience Facility (RRF) and Next

Generation EU initiative. The grant is partially funding the A\$30.8 million study for the final engineering design for a staged 5,000 tonnes per year ramp-up in graphite anode commercial production.

Also during the quarter, the company progressed the nine work packages which make up the Industrial Leap Project. Pilot test work is now well advanced, at more than 50% complete. Recently, the company scaled up activities for the beneficiation, purification and spheronizing of graphite as well as the scale up of processing for recycled graphite and production of Talnode®-R. Engineers commenced work on the Front-End Engineering Design for the commercial-scale facility.

Nunasvaara South Graphite Mine Update

On January 27, 2026, the company announced that Sweden's Government approved the detailed zoning plan for the Nunasvaara South Graphite Mine. This approval paves the way for the company to proceed with detailed design and securing building permits before project development.

The detailed plan regulates how the land can be used and developed in compliance with Sweden's land use and environmental regulations. It designates zones on site for infrastructure, buildings and mining activities.

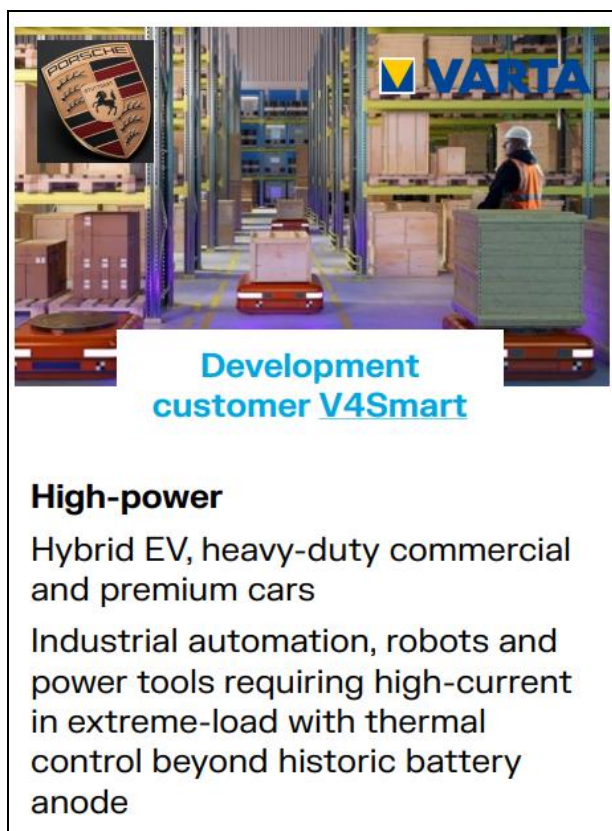
Other key permits for this mine are already in force, primarily the Environmental Permit and Exploitation Concession. The graphite deposit at Vittangi is designated as a mineral deposit of national interest while the Vittangi Anode Project encompassing the Luleå Anode Refinery is a designated EU Strategic Project under the Critical Raw Materials Act and the Net-Zero Industry Act.

In addition to the Government approving the detailed plan at the Nunasvaara South deposit, the Mining Inspectorate of Sweden granted the approval of exploitation concessions for Nunasvaara North, Niska South and Niska North natural graphite deposits, which form part of a future expansion plan of the company's integrated Vittangi Anode Project. This decision grants Talga the right to conduct graphite mining activities at Nunasvaara North, Niska South and Niska North for an initial term of 25 years, with provisions for extensions.

Talga and V4Smart Agreement

On January 19, 2026, the company announced the execution of a development agreement with V4Smart, a German-based innovator in high performance batteries co-owned by Porsche AG and VARTA AG Group.

Under the agreement, Talga and V4Smart will jointly develop and qualify Talga's high-performance graphite anode for integration into next-generation fast-charging battery cells. This non-binding agreement represents an important step towards establishing a secure, commercial European supply chain, with the parties intending to progress to binding offtake and volume agreements upon achieving key technical milestones.



Source: talgagroup.com

The project aligns with Talga's commercial ramp-up plans and targets completion prior to December 31, 2027. It includes mutually agreed anode specifications, qualification volumes, and indicative commercial volumes, with potential to extend to material recycling.

Acquired by Porsche AG in March 2025 from the VARTA AG Group, V4Smart focuses on innovative ultra-high-performance lithium-ion battery cylindrical cells made in Germany.

Research & Development

During the 2nd half, the company consolidated and rationalized its R&D department to centralize operations in the U.K., which reduced the team in Germany. Current activities which the R&D team are involved with include:

NoVOC: Talga supplies innovative high-performance graphite and silicon-graphene composite anodes tailored for both wet and dry electrode manufacturing processes, targeting volatile-free lithium-ion battery manufacturing. They are a key partner in this €5.4 million Horizon Europe initiative which has a total project cost €10.1 million. The 17-partner consortium (including Varta and FIAT), coordinated by RISE (Research Institute of Sweden) and spanning 10 countries, focuses on reducing costs, energy use and emissions while promoting European production independence.

HiSpin: Talga contributes specialized silicon-graphite/graphene composite anodes to this project, targeting high-performance battery cells for automotive and aeronautic applications, with high-voltage spinel LNMO/SiC active material with goals of 390 Wh/kg energy density, high-power, over 2,000 cycle life, and at a lower cost. This project is coordinated by AIT (Australia), the 14-partner consortium across 8 countries (including Saft and Topsoe) which emphasizes performance and cost through novel active materials, high-voltage electrolytes and innovative electrode structuring.

GRAPHiREC: Talga is leading the graphite post-processing in a €7.5 million EU LIFE initiative focused on recycling graphite from lithium-ion and alkaline battery waste at industrial pilot scale. The project deploys Europe's first industrial pilot plants using dry mechanical and hydrometallurgical processes, targeting 90% recovery at battery-grade purity. It will produce prototype button cells, EV cells, and AA batteries while cutting CO₂ emissions, reducing waste and import reliance, and supporting a circular battery economy.

Within the project, Talga purifies recycled graphite to battery-grade quality and applies proprietary carbon coatings to manufacture high-performance anode materials that match virgin graphite performance. The eight-partner consortium includes recyclers, battery makers, and universities, with VARTA validating full-cell performance. Separately, Talga participates in two Swedish competence centers: 2DTech, focused on advanced 2-D materials with partners like GKN Aerospace and Volvo, and Batteries Sweden (BASE), which involves the full battery value chain from materials and components to end users and recyclers.

We believe the company's R&D investments drive benefits through product innovations that expand market opportunities and secure customer validations, while attracting substantial grant funding, developing IP, as well as developing commercial partnerships.

Patent Portfolio

The company continues to garner important patents based on its advanced technologies. During the quarter, Talga was awarded three patents by the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office for proprietary graphite-based technologies which protects the intellectual property until 2042. US patents #12,424,627, #12,434,973 and #12,398,040 were granted for Talga's unique methods to produce battery anodes.

In addition, Talga secured a patent in Japan for anode production methods and material until at least 2040. Japan Patent #7779483 protects the proprietary process used to produce natural graphite anode materials which deliver superior energy density, long-life and fast-charge capability for Li-ion batteries.

The awarding of the U.S. and Japanese patents coincided with threats of export controls from China affecting graphite anode products, machinery and technology which highlights the value of Talga's 100% owned process platform and vertical integration.

KEY INVESTMENT POINTS



Source: talgagroup.com

- Talga is a fully vertically integrated Australian battery materials and technology company with primary operations located in Sweden and the UK.
- The company produces high-performance, sustainable, new-energy graphite materials using innovative wholly owned (FEOC-free) technologies and its own mine or black mass supplies, to suit graphite anodes used in lithium-ion batteries.
- Strategically positioned in the booming critical mineral market, as Western trade policies are fueling strong demand for secure, non-China sources of graphite and battery anodes. The company's 100% owned anode production process is of growing interest to government agencies and customers.

- Holds 100% ownership of the Tier 1 Nunasvaara graphite mine, Europe's highest-grade and largest graphite mineral resource, integrated with its advanced downstream process technology at a forthcoming large-scale anode production plant. The company enjoys lowest-quartile operating cost due to ultra low-cost power and a unique high-yield ore-to-anode process.
- Since 2022, Talga has successfully operated an industrial-scale coated anode plant in Sweden, delivering customer qualification products backed by proprietary IP. The company is planning to build commercial scale in stages, with initial output ramping from 5,000 tonnes per year to 19,500 tonnes per year, enough to supply 16 GWh of battery capacity.

Investment Case

Talga addresses the high-growth, multi-billion-dollar battery market

- Integrated Swedish operations of high-grade graphite deposit and innovative process tech delivers structural cost advantages
- Patented fast-charge Talnode® products deliver superior margins vs commoditised bulk graphite
- Validated by numerous customers under NDA and binding offtake with Nyobolt (ultra-fast charging pioneer) & development partnership with V4Smart (Porsche/VARTA ecosystem)

Execution-ready

- Mine fully permitted (Jan 2026 zoning complete) and modular scale-up strategy: 5ktpa first line → 19.5ktpa-24.5ktpa
- EU Strategic Project status and €70M EU Innovation Fund grant secured (plus €150M EIB debt facility) with FEOC-free platform offering access to further non-dilutive funding and global expansion

High-growth market plus premium product plus de-risked Western supply chain offers clear path to value creation

Source: talgagroup.com

- Build out of the Vittangi Project (mine and refinery) is backed by €150 million debt pre-approved by the European Investment Bank and a €70 million EU Innovate grant, with a further grant for €110 million in application under Sweden's 'Industry Leap' program towards initial production.
- A similar anode plant is planned to be built in the U.S fed by recycled graphite from black mass producers. A strategic agreement is complete with United Catalyst Corp of South Carolina to work towards U.S funding and market entry.
- Talga has a highly experienced management team with decades of experience spanning industry, research, and technology development.
- Cash balances as of 12/31/25 were A\$28.2 million in cash which includes A\$10.4 million in restricted funds. The current market capitalization is approximately US\$91.0 million.

OVERVIEW



Source: talgagroup.com

Talga Group Ltd (TLGRF) is an Australian based mining and battery technology company with primary operations located in Sweden. The company produces high-performance, sustainable, new-energy graphite materials using proprietary technologies. Currently, the company manufactures graphite anodes in a pilot plant in Luleå, Sweden with the input primarily being derived from recycled black mass graphite and the company's own mined graphite ore stockpile (27,000 tonnes).

100% owned anode production platform



Anode Graphite Mine

- Tier 1 graphite deposit (Vittangi) with 100% battery-size flake and reserve grade 24.1%Cg
- Largest and highest-grade graphite resource in Europe
- Strategically positioned near low-cost, clean power and infrastructure in stable (NATO) jurisdiction Sweden



Anode Production

- Battery ready anode material production (CSPG) not pre-cursor (SPG/BAM)
- 100% owned process and technology platform
- PFE/FEOC-free
- Talnode®-C: high performance coated graphite for fast-charge and high-power applications



Anode from Black Mass

- Technology to produce anode from waste graphite supplied from battery metal recyclers
- Fully owned, client-validated tech with modular expansion opportunity
- Talnode®-R: High-purity graphite anode from recycled materials (US and global patents)



Global Expansions

- Strategic opportunity to expand globally, with prime markets in US & Japan
- Commercial and Government collaborations underway
- Capitalise on Talga's existing and proven modular plant designs to grow ROI

Source: talgagroup.com

The company's current plan is to develop the Vittangi Project which consists of a graphite mine and a manufacturing and refining plant that will produce coated graphite anode for direct sale to battery manufacturers. The Nunasvaara mine is located in northern Sweden approximately 10 kilometers from the town of Vittangi. The company received a mining and environmental permit in 2024 and detailed planning is underway to create a Final Investment Decision (FID). Approximately 290 kilometers south of Vittangi near the city of Lulea, the company is planning to build a low-cost, sustainable graphite Li-ion battery anode production facility. The refinery will use high grade natural graphite from Talga's own deposits from the Nunasvaara mine.

Primary products to be manufactured are graphite Li-ion battery anode which Talga has branded as Talnode®. These include Talnode®-C (made from Nunasvaara natural graphite), Talnode®-R (made from recycled graphite materials), and Talnode®-Si (made from a silicon/graphene composite). The end customer for these graphite anodes are battery cell makers for applications in robotics, defense, electric vehicles, consumer electronics, and energy storage systems.

Differentiated



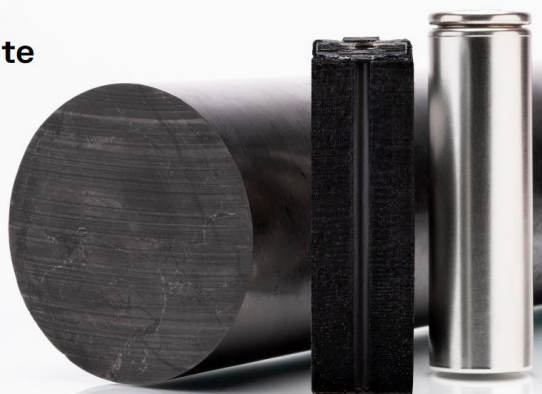
Source: talgagroup.com

- **Secure**
100% controlled graphite materials resource and technology platform
- **High performance**
Products engineered for power intensive and fast-charge applications
- **Award winning technology**
Talga Swedish projects designated "Strategic" under EU Critical Raw Materials Act and EU Net-Zero Industry Act
- **Localised production**
Recycling technology offers reshoring of graphite supply with downstream mined concentrates further lowering supply shocks
- **Greener**
92% lower CO₂ than common graphite imports to meet carbon footprint thresholds

The company has other graphite resources at Jalkunen, southwest of Pajala, and Raitajärvi, as well as copper and cobalt in Kiskama northwest of Nunasvaara, all in the Norrbotten region of north Sweden.

The company's shares are traded on the Australian Stock Exchange under the ticker TLG as well as the OTC Markets (OTCQX) under the ticker TLGRF. The current market capitalization is approximately US\$95.0 million. As of 3/31/26 the company had A\$28.2 million in cash which includes A\$10.4 million in restricted funds. We believe the company will have sufficient funding sources to execute on its long-term strategic growth plans.

We produce high-performance, sustainable, new-energy graphite materials using proprietary technologies

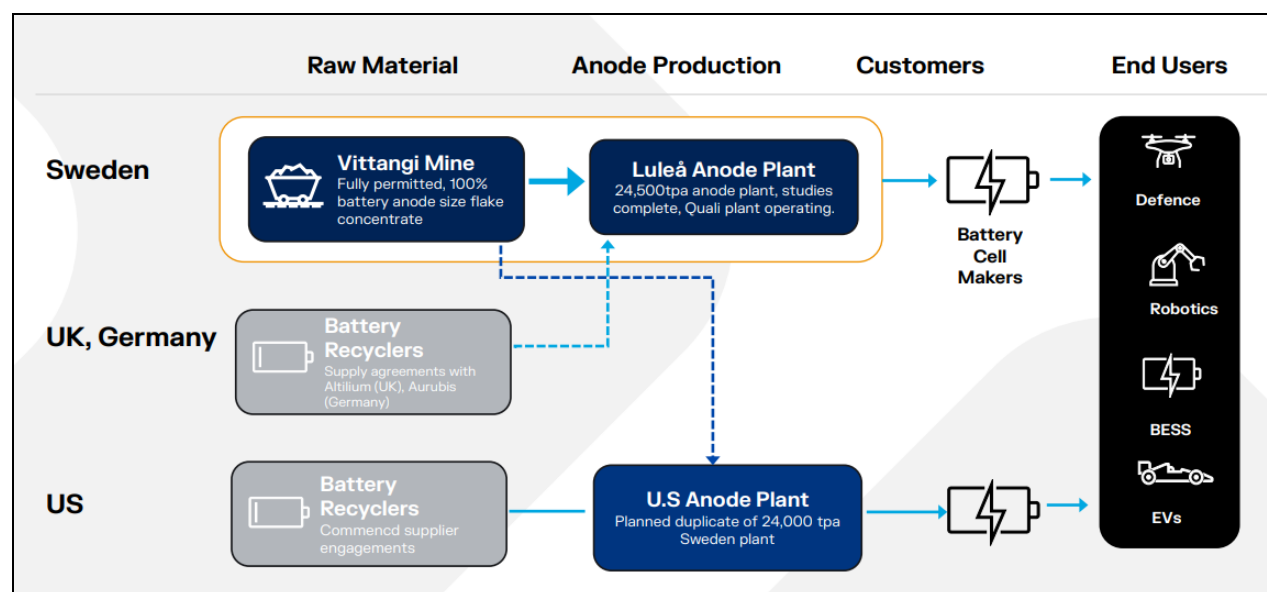


Drillcore from Talga's Vittangi Anode Project and Li-ion battery sectioned to show graphite anode material interior ©Talga Group

talga

Source: talgagroup.com

VITTANGI INTEGRATED GRAPHITE PROJECT



Source: talgagroup.com

Mines

The company's initial graphite mining project will be at the Nunasvaara South mine located near the town of Vittangi in northern Sweden. The mine is extremely high grade graphite and has unique geological characteristics that are ideally suited for the production of anode material for lithium-ion batteries, particularly for fast-charge/ high-power applications.

Plans are to extract approximately 110,000 metric tonnes (2,204 lbs per tonne) of high grade natural graphite per year. This graphite ore will be concentrated on site and then processed into lithium-ion battery anode material at the refinery in Luleå (see below). The mine has been designed to operate for roughly six months of the year in order to reduce impact on reindeer herding and migration. The concentrator will operate year-round. The mine has the potential to be expanded and produce over 400,000 tonnes per year of high-value battery anode material in the future.

Mining Concession Holdings as at 31 March, 2026					
Project/location	Mining Concession	Area (Ha)	Interest at end of Quarter	Acquired during Quarter	Disposed during Quarter
Vittangi Project (Graphite) Norrbotten County, Sweden	Nunasvaara Södra K nr 1	37.92	100%		
	Nunasvaara Norra K nr 1	18.54	100%		
	Niska Södra K nr 1	5.68	100%		
	Niska Norra K nr 1	9.50	100%		

Source: talgagroup.com

From an environmental impact perspective, the mine will implement several leading tailings and waste management practices including the creation of a secure, integrated waste facility. The company also plans to conduct continuous monitoring of dust and noise levels to ensure low environmental impact. The mine will also employ stringent wastewater treatment and monitoring to ensure water quality and groundwater levels remain unaffected by mining related activities. Following the construction phase, the mine will provide jobs for approximately 60 people.

In October 2024, the company received approval on its exploitation concession for the Nunasvaara South mine from the Mining Inspectorate of Sweden. The exploitation concession grants Talga the right to conduct graphite mining activities at Nunasvaara South over a period of 25 years, with options for extensions. This approval followed the Environmental and Natura 2000 permit for the mine being approved in April 2023.

In June 2025, the company announced that all appeals against the Nunasvaara South mine Exploitation Concession were dismissed by the Swedish Government, and the Exploitation Concession granted by the Mining Inspectorate is now in force. All major permits are now in force for the Nunasvaara South mine, which is part of Europe's largest and highest grade JORC classified natural graphite resource.

These approvals position the company to begin detailed planning for its Final Investment Decision (FID). An FID is a key milestone in the development of a mining project. It is typically when the company (or its board of directors) formally approves moving ahead with full-scale construction of the mine.

Total resources at the Nunasvaara South mine (part of the Vittangi project) are 35,000,000 tonnes with a 23.8% graphite concentration (grade %Cg). There are probable reserves at the mine of 2,260,000 tonnes with a grade of 24.1%Cg.

A video overview of the Vittangi Project mine can be found [here](#) and the anode production plant [here](#).

Talga 30 June 2025 Total Mineral Resources									
Project	Tonnes				Contained Mineral		Grade		
	Ore (Mt)	Cg (%)	Fe (%)	Cu (%)	Co (%)	Cg (Mt)	Fe (Mt)	Cu (t)	Co (t)
Vittangi Graphite	35.0	23.8	-	-	-	8.3	-	-	-
Jalkunen Graphite	31.5	14.9	-	-	-	4.7	-	-	-
Raitajärvi Graphite	4.3	7.1	-	-	-	0.3	-	-	-
Total Graphite	70.8	18.8	-	-	-	13.3	-	-	-
Kiskama Copper-Cobalt	7.7	-	-	0.25	0.04	-	-	17,000	1,800
Total Copper-Cobalt	7.7	-	-	0.25	0.04	-	-	17,000	1,800
Vittangi Iron	46.1	-	28.7	-	-	-	13.2	-	-
Total Iron	46.1	-	28.7	-	-	-	13.2	-	-

Source: talgagroup.com

Talga 30 June 2025 Total Ore Reserves

	Tonnes	Grade	Contained Mineral
Project	Ore (Mt)	Cg (%)	Cg (Mt)
Vittangi Graphite	2.26	24.1	0.54
Total	2.26	24.1	0.54

Notes:

1. Detailed table setting out the Probable Ore Reserve category is set out in table 8.
2. All figures are rounded to reflect appropriate levels of confidence. Apparent differences may occur due to rounding.
3. All projects are 100% Talga owned.
4. Mineral quantities are contained mineral.
5. Ore Reserves are of Probable Ore Reserve category.
6. Ore Reserve is based on the previously disclosed Mineral Resource Estimate for Nunasvaara South (ASX: TLG 17 September 2020).

Source: talgagroup.com

Anode Production Refinery

Talga intends to develop a large scale anode refining plant in Northern Sweden in the town of Luleå, Sweden. This proposed plant is approximately 290 km south of the Nunasvaara mine complex. The refinery, which is believed to be the first of its kind in Europe, will manufacture sustainable active anode material for greener lithium-ion batteries. The plant will be located in the Luleå Industrial Park. This is a strategically important industrial park where major industrial players gather to drive the green industrial transition. Luleå has become the center of the emerging green industry cluster in Sweden and provides access to renewable electricity, direct transport routes to battery and automotive manufacturers, a leading science university and a skilled workforce.

The Anode Refinery will produce natural graphite anode material for lithium-ion batteries used in electric vehicles, consumer electronics and energy storage solutions. The refinery uses high grade natural graphite from Talga's own deposits near Vittangi. The refinery can also use recycled graphite due to the company's innovation and proprietary processes.

The facility will have a total building area of approximately 36,000 square meters. Total capacity is expected to be at a production rate of 19,500 tonnes of anode material per year. In the first full year of operations, production will likely be around 5,000 tonnes and increase gradually from there as the plant operates more lines. 19,500 tonnes of graphite anodes is the equivalent of approximately 16 GWh of battery capacity, or approximately 250,000 electric vehicles per year. Power requirements are estimated to be 40Mw for that level of production. Primary construction is likely to begin in 2027 subject to the FID.

Power for the plant is to come from Norway's Hydropower network. By using low cost renewable electricity, high grade graphite ore and proprietary technology, the plant can produce low emission battery anode material. Compared to the imported anode materials currently used in Europe, production of Talga's battery anode material has up to 92% less CO2-eq emissions. This reduction is made possible thanks to local renewable electricity as well as Talga's high grade natural graphite ore and unique processing technology.

			
	EVA Plant	Industrial Leap	Commercial Full-Scale
Anode Capacity	50 tpa	5,000 tpa	19,500 tpa
Target Production Start	Operating since 2022	2027-2028	2029+
Primary Use	Qualification testing, prototypes and sales	"Go to Market" with first sales in defence, robotics, AI BESS and high-power EV's	Economies of scale and full integration with mine
Customer Interaction	Cell line trials, extended QC testing, early adoption	Reserved capacity and short term rolling orders	Market-driven growth Multi-year offtakes

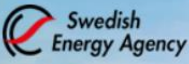
Source: talgagroup.com

Current EVA Plant

Talga is currently operating a smaller scale R&D, or pilot anode plant which was commissioned in 2022. and is located in the same area outside of Lulea close to where the new large scale plant will be built. The EVA facility is understood to be Europe's first Li-ion battery anode plant. Talnode®-C being produced at the plant has the lowest CO2-eq profile in the world for coated anode. Produced Talnode®-C has been shipped to battery cell makers to undergo next stage commercial testing. Talga has received engagements from 23 battery manufacturers and major automotive OEMs for Talnode®-C produced at the EVA plant. Since 2022, Talga has shipped tens of tonnes of graphite anodes to customers.

Benefits 5Ktpa plant

Key Finance Partners






Key Project Partners



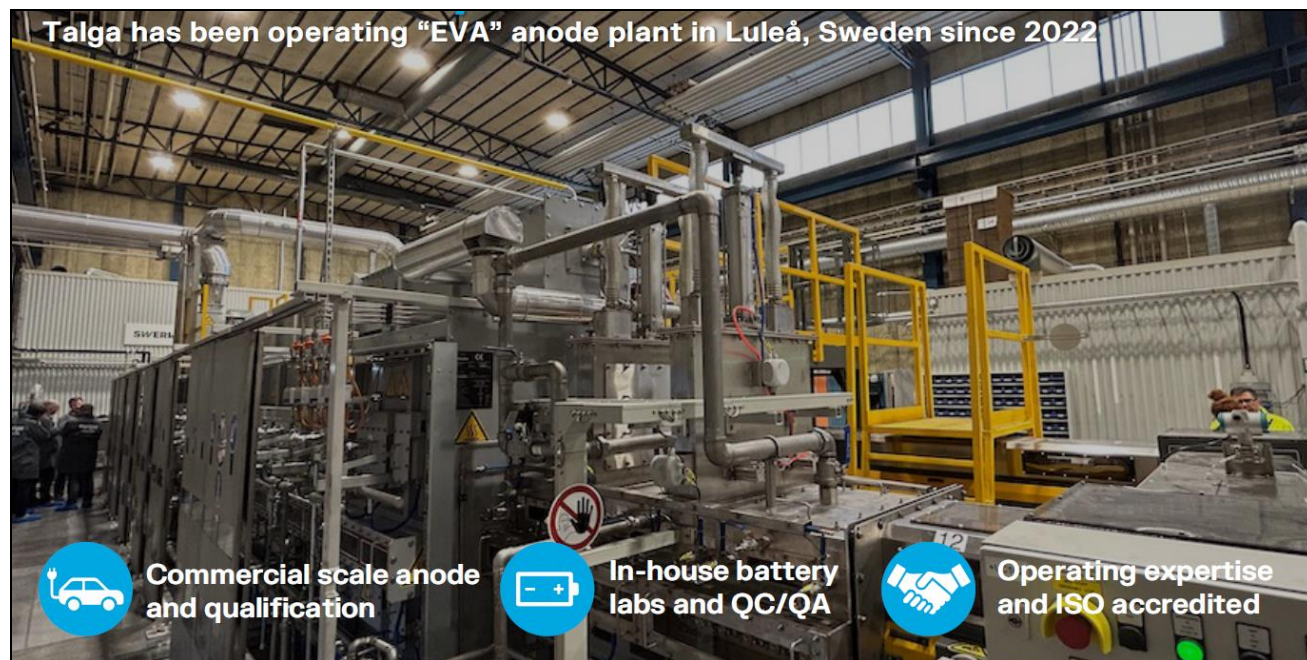



Opportunity to start anode-only production to meet short term demand	
Production start options	Flexibility to produce commercial quantities of both Talnode®-C and Talnode®- R
Near term production & ramp-up	Meet strong near-term demand from 6x EU customers to ramp up supply following successful RfP process in high-power applications
Reduced capital intensity	Sets up site infrastructure for reduced capital intensity on additional anode lines that will be constructed in move to 24,500tpa
Execution de-risking	Build and ramp-up of the Vittangi Anode Project (and other potential production sites) de-risked from operation of 1 st line

Source: talgagroup.com

The plant is operated on a batch basis to serve various customers and testing programs. Full notional nameplate capacity is approximately 50 tonnes per year, but it is not operated on a continuous basis.

The graphite ore used in the current plant (and future plant) is fine flake highly crystalline ore body which is one of the reasons the plant is expected to produce lower yield losses in the shaping phase. However, this also means more difficulties in coating fine particles. The company has invested heavily in R&D to perfect its coating technology to treat this type of ore.



Source: talgagroup.com

Financing

Total capex estimates for the full Vittangi project (mine and refinery) are approximately €560 million. Project financing is expected to be roughly 60% debt and 40% strategic equity. The final funding strategy will be based on negotiations with potential partners and financiers, as well as the conditions of the equity capital markets and debt financing opportunities at the time of the FID.

Significant grant network building to reduce reliance on public equity going forward

Awarded - SEK 82.6 million
Industrial Leap 1 Grant
 Received to complete engineering studies for 1st 5,000tpa anode line for Talnode® - completion due June 2026

Awarded - €70 million
EU Innovation Fund Grant
 Awarded for 19,500tpa anode refinery to reduce emissions versus incumbent anode imports

Pre-approved EIB Debt - €150m
European Investment Bank
 To fund combined mine, concentrator and anode refinery

Decisions due in 2026 – Portion of €3,000m
New RESourceEU Action Plan
 EU mobilising €3b funding to reduce critical material dependency with grants, guarantees, EIB long-tenor loans, EBRD strategic equity, price-floor mechanisms and stockpile-backed demand

Source: talgagroup.com

In 2023, the refinery project was awarded a €70 million grant from the EU Innovation Fund. The grant funding is in addition to the Vittangi Anode Project debt package, which consists of €150 million in debt from the European Investment Bank. In addition, Talga secured a SEK210 million (~AU\$31 million) environmental bond facility. This is expected to cover the debt target of the project (up to 60%).

Finalization of project debt facilities is subject to completion of definitive debt facility documentation, which are expected to include customary project financing terms and conditions. Prospective funding options, focused at the project level and in the offtake process, for the remaining equity are being developed:

- Advanced Talnode®-C offtake discussions with battery customers across EV, BESS and 3C markets
- Strategic Project partners, under the EU's Critical Raw Materials Act and other international government initiatives

In the quarter ending June 30, 2025, the company raised A\$10 million from institutional and accredited investors including Board Directors through the placement of 25 million new shares at an issue price of A\$0.40 per share with one free attaching option for every three new shares.

The new combined funding stack positions Talga with a substantial amount of the capital required for the initial 5,000 tpa commercial-scale anode production line, including associated plant and infrastructure for the larger Luleå anode plant.

Offtake Agreements

In May 2025, the company signed a binding offtake agreement with fast-charge pioneer Nyobolt for a multi-year supply of Talnode®-C graphite anode. Nyobolt has validated Talnode®-C in its proprietary fast-charging battery technology that is being deployed in a wide variety of applications including AI data centers, heavy-duty vehicles and robotic warehouses.

Under the agreement, Nyobolt commits to purchasing roughly 3,000 tonnes of Talnode®-C at a fixed price for an initial term of four years starting in May 2025. Initial supply will be from Talga's R&D demonstration plant in Luleå, with the balance to be from the new commercial Anode Refinery in Luleå planned for development later in 2026.

Approximately six other customers in the EU have completed validation and qualification, and commercial negotiations are underway targeting completion in time for first stage FID in 2026. This includes discussions regarding offtake as part of strategic investment.

Separate discussions are underway with anode makers, chemical conglomerates and battery makers interested in creating blended products using Talga's feedstocks. These focus more on joint venture production opportunities.

PRODUCTS

Talnode®-C Power Series

This is the company's flagship product made from unique Swedish high-grade natural graphite and proprietary coating processes, creating an industry-leading fast-charge and low emission active anode. Talnode®-C can be tuned for high-rate applications or as a blended product using the company's 100% vertical integration control. The product is characterized by low ohmic resistance (the current running through it is directly proportional to the voltage across it) and low swelling. This provides an exceptional

fast charge and low temperature performance for power-hungry applications in battery storage, defense, electric vehicle, hybrids and consumer electronics.

High-performance graphite anode for premium battery applications



Talnode®-C

- Ultra fast-charge, high power and low temp. performance
- Patented low emission anode made from our Swedish graphite using our proprietary coating process



Talnode®-R

- Recycled graphite anode, made from graphite waste retrieved from spent batteries and scrap; purified and coated in proprietary process
- Enables circularity, sustainability and global expansion



Talnode®-Si

- Silicon-graphene composite for energy-boosting additive to graphite battery anodes.
- Low cost, highly scalable manufacturing process

Source: talgagroup.com

Talnode-R Series

This product is a graphite anode made from repurposed production scrap or black mass graphite. Produced in a proprietary process, Talnode®-R Series aims to improve localization and circularity by reintroducing spent graphite anode into new lithium-ion battery production. This will help increase self-reliance, reduce landfilling or burning of waste battery materials and decrease greenhouse gas emissions associated with synthetic graphite's fossil fuel precursors.

The production process starts with graphite concentrate sourced from battery recyclers, who extract it from their 'black mass' waste streams. Talga then purifies this graphite to battery-grade 99.95% purity using its advanced hydrometallurgical technology, followed by proprietary shaping and coating steps to produce anodes that match the performance of new synthetic graphite anodes.

This is an important product for the company as it creates opportunity to expand anode production sites globally, utilizing either mined graphite and recycled graphite or both.

Talnode®-Si

This product is a silicon-carbon composite for use as an energy-boosting product in commercial graphite battery anodes. The drop-in design uses proprietary technology to enable low swelling and commercial production calendaring pressures in a lower cost and highly scalable manufacturing process.

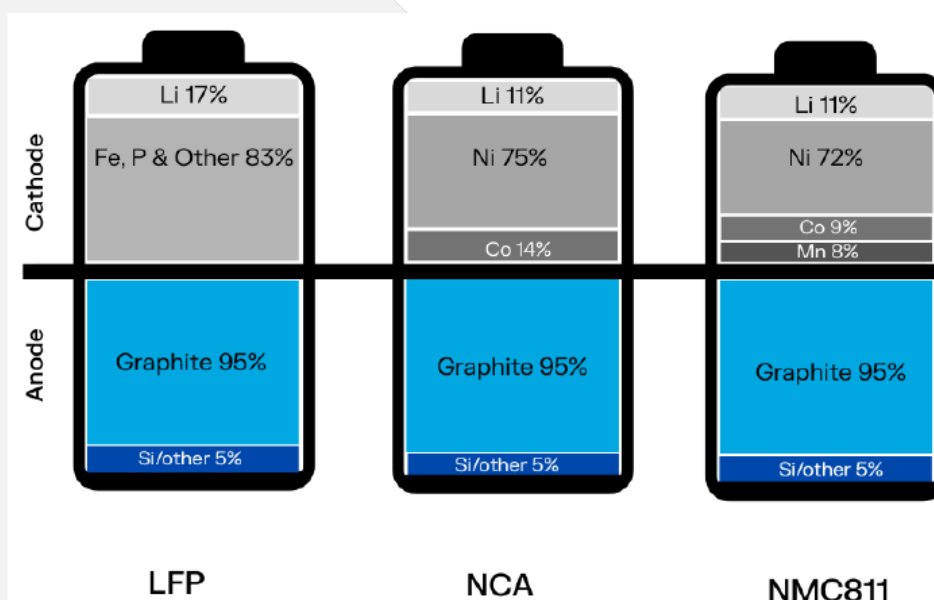
GRAPHITE BACKGROUND

Graphite has a long history dating back thousands of years. Small but rich deposits were found in England in the 16th century where high-grade graphite was used to make molds for cannonballs. This discovery marked the beginning of graphite's industrial importance, and it eventually became central to the production of pencils, once wood casings were combined with graphite rods in the late 1700s.

Scientists eventually came to understand that graphite is a crystalline form of carbon, related to diamonds but with a different atomic structure that makes it soft, slippery, and highly electrically conductive. In the 19th and 20th centuries, graphite found applications in lubricants, crucibles for high-temperature metalwork, and as a moderator in nuclear reactors because of its ability to slow down neutrons without absorbing them. The demand for graphite grew alongside advances in steelmaking, energy production, and technology, but its use in Li-ion batteries has been a recent new development.

Today, graphite plays a critical role in modern industries. It is a key component of lithium-ion batteries, which power everything from smartphones to electric vehicles, making it essential to the renewable energy transition. Graphite is also used in brake linings, refractories, electrodes for arc furnaces, and specialized coatings due to its thermal stability and conductivity. With the global push toward clean energy and electric transportation, the demand for graphite is expected to continue rising, making it one of the most important industrial minerals of the 21st century.

Graphite, as active anode material, is largest volume mineral of Li-ion batteries



Source: talgagroup.com

Natural and synthetic graphite differ in origin, structure, and applications. **Natural graphite** is mined directly from deposits around the world, with large reserves found in China, Africa, Canada and Europe. It occurs in three main forms: flake, amorphous, and vein graphite. Natural graphite is valued for its high crystallinity and natural conductivity, making it ideal for use in refractories, lubricants, and battery anodes. However, its consistency varies depending on the deposit, and it requires careful processing to meet the quality standards needed for advanced industries.

Synthetic graphite is mostly man-made. It is typically produced by heating petroleum coke or coal tar pitch to extremely high temperatures (over 2,500°C), which reorganizes the carbon into a graphite

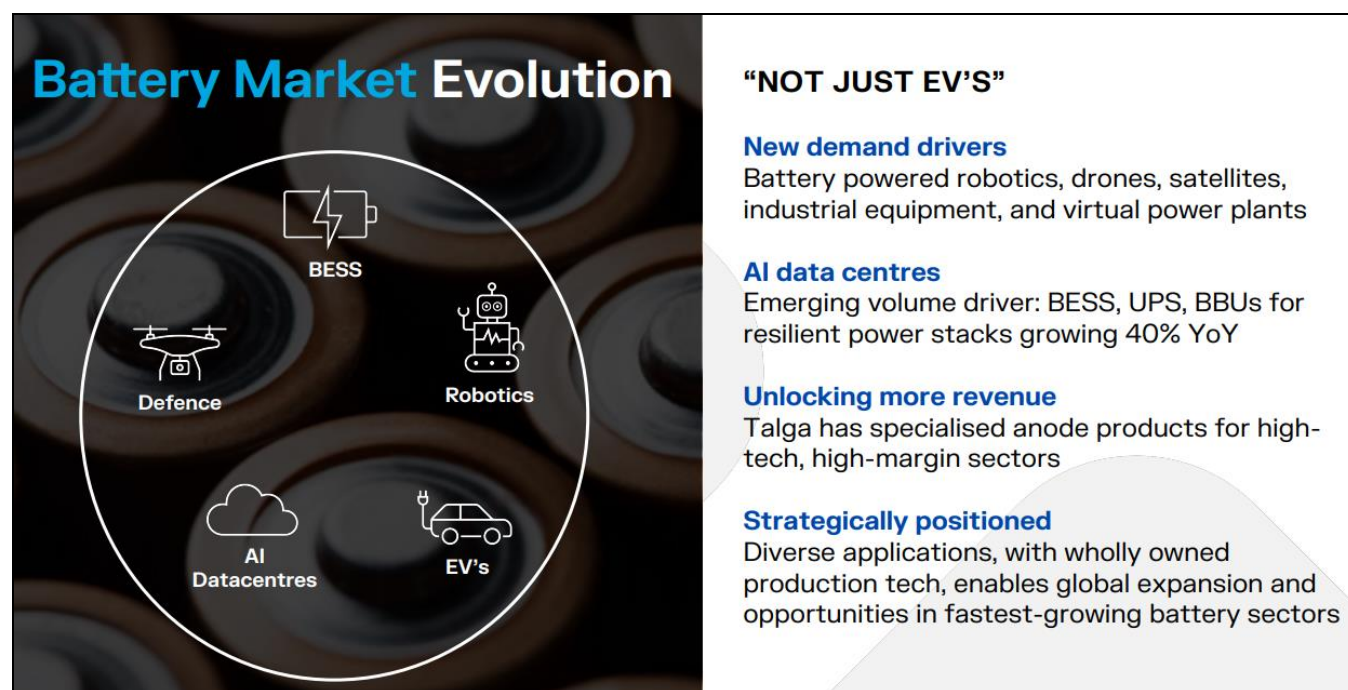
structure. Synthetic graphite is usually more expensive to produce but has higher purity and consistency than natural graphite. These properties make it essential for specialized applications like electrodes in electric arc furnaces, high-tech aerospace components, and nuclear reactors.

In many industries, both types of graphite are used, sometimes even blended together to balance cost and performance. For example, in lithium-ion batteries, natural graphite is favored for its charging efficiency and energy density, while synthetic graphite is prized for its stability and long cycle life. As demand for batteries and clean energy technologies grows, the interplay between natural and synthetic graphite will remain central to meeting global supply needs.

INDUSTRY ANALYSIS

The graphite anode market for battery anode is a growing industry with demand from a variety of sources. In addition to traditional demand coming from Lithium Ion batteries used in electric vehicles, there is also demand coming from:

- Electricity grid, AI datacenters, warehouses, and residential and commercial systems
- Industrial machinery and robotic equipment, humanoids
- Heavy machinery such as trucks, buses, mining and construction
- Military and defense such as drones, underwater vehicles, and soldier equipment systems



Source: talgagroup.com

Global Battery Energy Storage Systems (BESS) growth is strong, with the market projected to exceed \$30 billion by 2030 and grow at a CAGR of over 20% in many forecasts. This is primarily driven by the need to integrate intermittent renewables like solar and wind, stabilize power grids, and support decarbonization efforts. It is estimated that 1 TWh of lithium-ion battery production requires approximately 1.2 million tonnes of graphite anode material. BloombergNEF predicts 35% growth in global energy storage systems in 2025, reaching 94 GW by the end of the year. Analysts are forecasting the consumption of graphite anode used in all end markets to grow from 1.6 million tonnes to 5 million tonnes over the next decade.

Natural graphite is mostly mined in China with almost an 80% market share. Essentially, none of the natural graphite is mined in the U.S. or Europe, despite this being deemed a critical and strategic mineral by most international governments and defense organizations. In terms of anode production, China produces 92% of natural graphite anodes and 98% of synthetic graphite anodes.

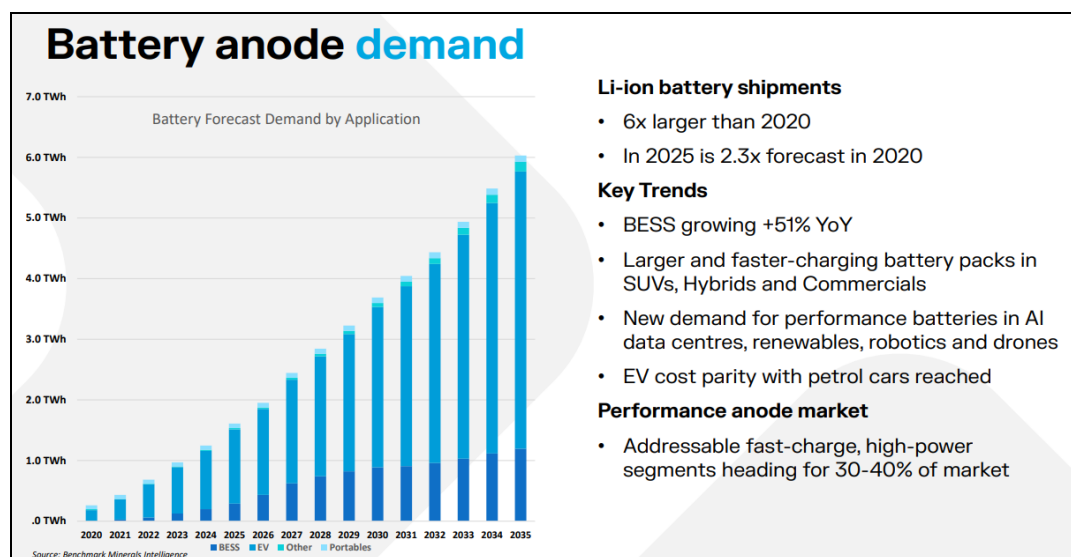
The production of synthetic graphite anodes utilizes fossil fuels and is not considered a clean energy production process. This compares to Talga which utilizes a “cleaner” process due to the use of renewable electricity, high grade natural graphite ore, and a high-yield process technology. It is estimated that Talga’s anode production results in 92% less emissions compared to China’s process.



Source: talgagroup.com

More recently, the Chinese market for raw graphite materials remained in a low-price environment during the quarter ending June 30, 2025, with some producers in China and Africa cutting production and others delaying the start of new projects.

According to Fastmarkets data on EV sales, one of the key drivers of battery anode graphite demand, showed continued signs of recovery in Europe with a rebound of sales in Germany and other major markets (except France). However, U.S. sales dropped more than 5% compared to the prior year period due to the removal of consumer tax credits and trade war uncertainties.



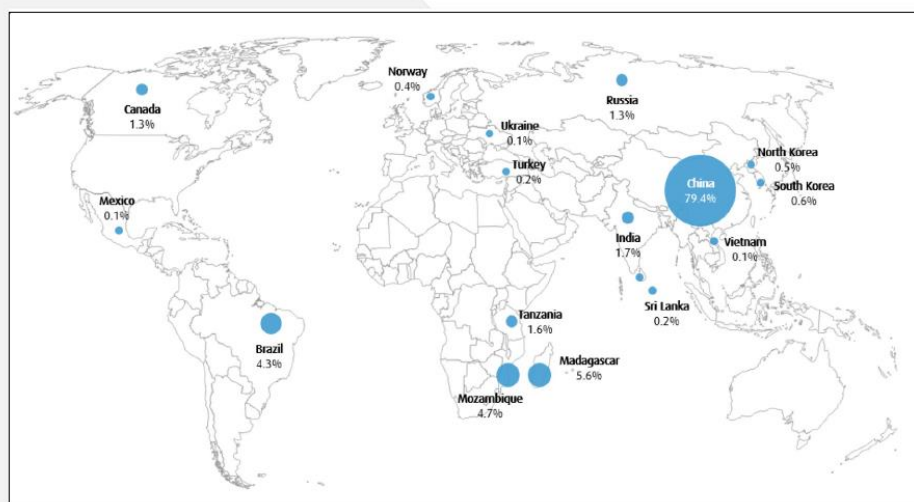
Source: talgagroup.com

In October 2025, China's Ministry of Commerce (MOFCOM) and the General Administration of Customs announced new export controls on specific lithium battery components and graphite anode materials to take effect on November 8, 2025, then deferred implementation to November 8, 2026. These measures expand upon previous restrictions, such as those on natural graphite implemented in December 2023, by now including synthetic graphite anode materials and blends of artificial and natural graphite. The controls require exporters to obtain licenses for these items, aiming to safeguard national security and protect strategic interests in the global supply chain.

The restrictions specifically target graphite-related production technologies and equipment, including vertical and continuous granulation reactors with capacities of 5m³ or greater, graphitization equipment such as box furnaces, Acheson (high-temperature electric resistance) furnaces, internal series furnaces, and continuous graphitization furnaces, as well as coating and particle modification equipment.

Current supply chain

Natural graphite – effectively 0% in USA and EU. Designated critical and strategic mineral



Source: talgagroup.com

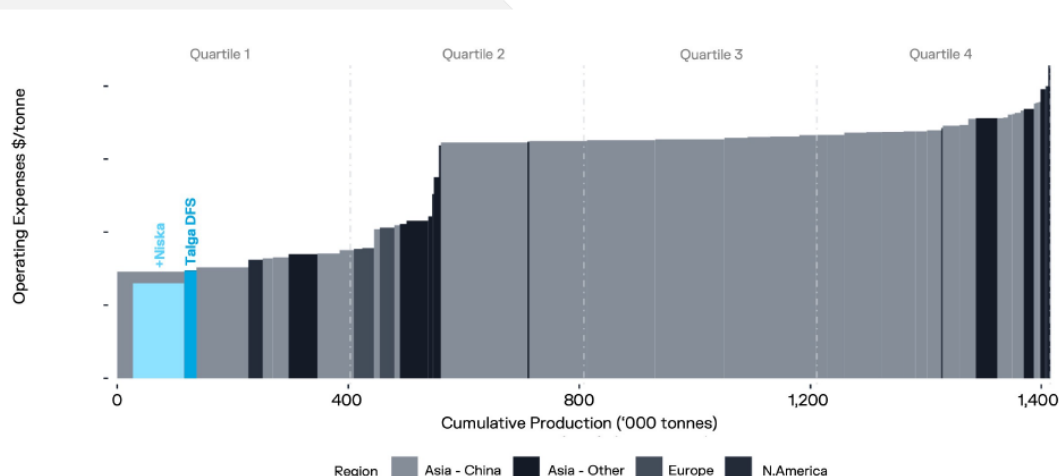
This expands China's dominant position in graphite production, where it supplies over 90% of the world's battery-ready graphite and anode production technologies. Most Western companies use Chinese technology and processing equipment in some part of their production (except Talga), so these export controls are likely to impact global battery supply chains in the near to mid time frame.

COMPETITIVE ADVANTAGES

Talga Group has established itself as a potential leader in the graphite anode sector by leveraging a unique combination of cost efficiency, technological innovation, and sustainability. Its competitive advantages stem from its ability to produce anodes at a lower cost than most competitors, supported by high-grade, 100% anode-size flake, low-loss process technology, and lower energy costs. This efficiency is further strengthened by complete vertical integration, allowing Talga to control every stage of production from mine to finished anode.

Competitive Cost

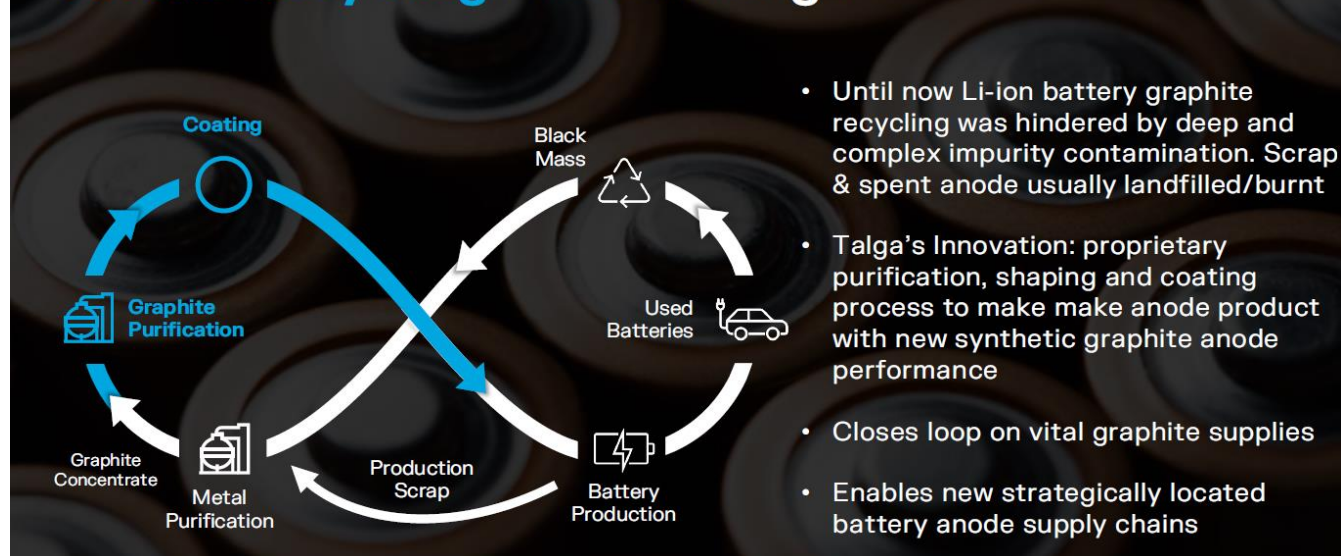
Advantages of high grade, 100% anode size flake, low loss process technology, low energy cost and complete vertical integration



Source: talgagroup.com

A major breakthrough for the company lies in its proprietary recycling program. Historically, recycling graphite from lithium-ion batteries has been limited by deep impurity contamination, leaving most spent anodes to be disposed of in landfills or incinerated. Talga's innovation, an advanced purification, shaping, and coating process, solves this challenge by transforming waste material into high-performance anodes comparable to new synthetic graphite. This development not only closes the loop on critical graphite supplies but also creates opportunities for new, strategically located anode supply chains.

Anode Recycling breakthrough

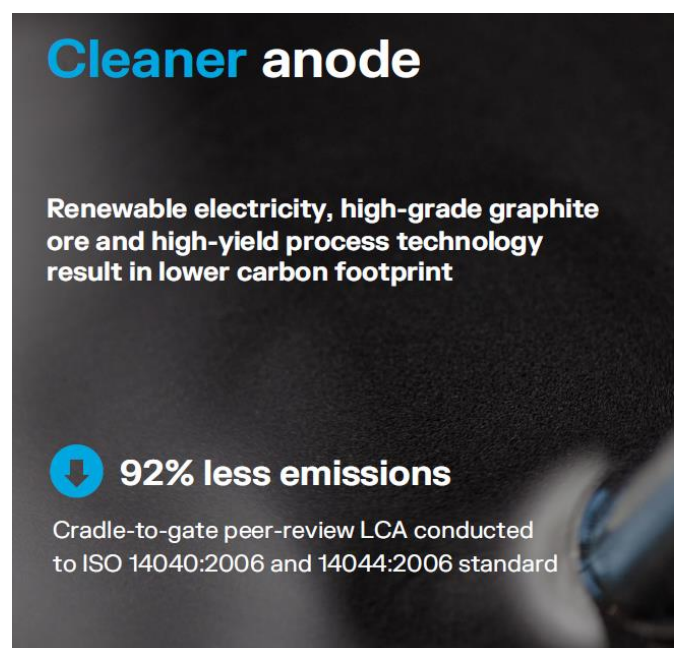


Source: talgagroup.com

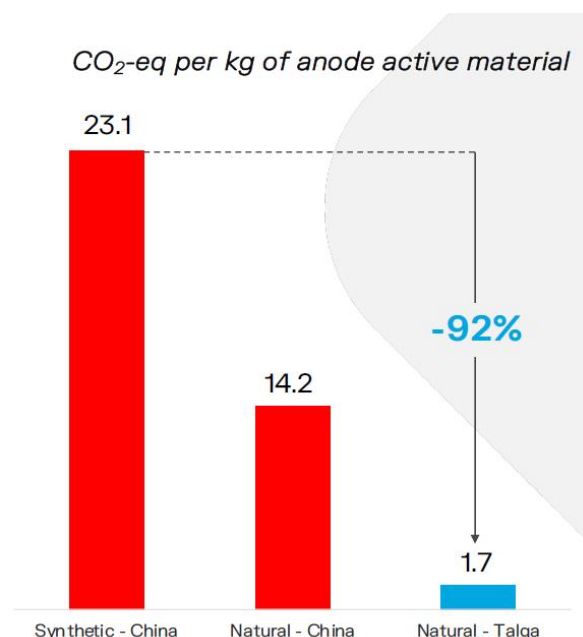
Talga's downstream mine-to-anode technology has already been proven and is adaptable for replication worldwide. Since 2022, its EVA pilot production plant has been operating with a platform of integrated purification and coating processes, backed by detailed feasibility and engineering studies. This design enables the company to scale production quickly while taking advantage of growing graphite waste volumes and the global push for non-Chinese anode supply.

In addition, Talga holds a strong intellectual property portfolio. It has 79 patents in place and 16 applications across 16 active patent families. Its patented platforms are already granted in the United States, with additional patents for recycling innovations progressing globally. These advancements align closely with international policy goals, including the EU Critical Raw Materials Act (CRMA), which mandates 25% domestic recycling capacity for strategic materials by 2030. Talga's work directly supports this circular economy vision, while also unlocking access to sustainability-driven grants and incentives across Europe and the U.S.

The company's strategy is also helped by active partnerships and feasibility studies. In addition to projects in Sweden and the UK, Talga is advancing negotiations in the U.S. and Japan, building on joint development agreements with Altilium Metals and global recycler Aurubis. These efforts strengthen its global footprint and position the company to serve Western markets facing a critical deficit in domestic graphite anode capacity.



Source: talgagroup.com



Anodes that are currently being manufactured by competitors typically use a mix of synthetic and natural graphite. These blends are typically 50% synthetic / 50% natural or 70% synthetic / 30% natural. This is due to the performance characteristics of each, in which natural graphite has greater charge capacity and synthetic graphite has a longer life. Recycled material is predominantly synthetic graphite which allows Talga to provide a blended solution in-house. We do not believe current competitors have that offering yet.

As demand for lithium-ion batteries accelerates and supply chains shift away from China, Talga's integrated model, advanced recycling technologies, and international expansion provide a clear competitive edge. By combining cost leadership with sustainability, the company is not only creating a long-term growth business model but also playing an important role in building resilient and environmentally responsible energy storage supply chains on a global basis.

OTHER MINING ASSETS

Although the company will initially focus on exploiting the Nunasvaara South mine, they also own a significant amount of other mining resources. In the Vittangi alone, total resources are approximately 35,000,000 tonnes at 23.8% graphite ore grade, consisting of linked deposits Nunasvaara North, Nunasvaara East, Niska North, Niska Link, and Niska South.

Vittangi Graphite Project (Nunasvaara and Niska Deposits) – JORC (2012) Resources at 12.5%Cg cut-off			
Deposit	JORC Resource Category	Tonnes	Grade Cg (%)
Nunasvaara South	Indicated	8,406,000	25.0
	Inferred	2,737,000	24.5
Nunasvaara North	Indicated	4,138,000	27.6
	Inferred	1,464,000	17.2
Nunasvaara East	Indicated	2,942,000	23.5
	Inferred	1,466,000	23.0
Niska North	Indicated	7,503,000	23.3
	Inferred	1,621,000	23.0
Niska Link	Indicated	974,000	17.5
	Inferred	815,000	20.3
Niska South	Indicated	2,728,000	23.1
	Inferred	225,000	19.7
Total	Indicated	26,691,000	24.3
	Inferred	8,329,000	22.1
Total		35,020,000	23.8

Source: talgagroup.com

Other potential mining projects in Northern Sweden include the Jalkunen Graphite Project (31,500,000 tonnes Inferred resources), Raitajärvi Graphite Project (900,000 tonnes Inferred resources) and Kiskama Copper-Cobalt Project (7,672,000 tonnes Inferred resources).

The company also currently holds many different tenements in Sweden (see Appendix A).

RISKS

- The company's current and future operations are subject to receiving and maintaining licenses, permits and approvals from appropriate governmental authorities. In particular, the company will require processing, exploitation and environmental permits in Sweden to expand future larger scale mining and processing operations.
- The proposed activities, costs and use of the company's cash resources are based on certain assumptions with respect to the method and timing of exploration, metallurgy and other technical tests, analysis and feasibility studies which may not be reliable.

- If the company achieves success leading to realized mineral production, revenues will be derived from the sale of products that are subject to commodity price fluctuations and exchange rate risks. Commodity prices fluctuate and are affected by many factors beyond the control of the company.
- The company's capital requirements depend on numerous factors including the ability to generate income from its operations. The company may seek to raise further funds through equity or debt financing, joint ventures, or production sharing arrangements. These sources are not guaranteed.

SUMMARY

We believe that Talga Group is poised to produce rapid and high margin revenue growth over the next 5-10 years as the Vittangi project (both mine and plant) becomes fully operational. When the refinery reaches full capacity, the entire project could generate over A\$200 million in high margin revenue. The technology has mostly been proven as they are leveraging a working modular plant design and integrated engineering platform at the pilot EVA plant which has been operational since 2022.

Talga is also positioned to capitalize on the growing supply of graphite waste from battery recyclers and the widening deficit in ex-China anode materials. The long-term strategy focuses on scaling multiple production sites across key regions such as the United States, Japan, and the EU to address geopolitical shifts away from Chinese anode supply. Through collaboration with local partners and governments, the company aims to re-shore critical graphite anode supply chains and enhance supply security.

With all major permits granted and in force, the company's current stock price does not likely reflect that potential level of profitable growth going forward when both the mine and large scale refinery plant become operational.

We believe our multiple valuation methods support our DCF valuation and provide a target price of US\$1.50 per share.

Near term milestones to catalysts

Milestones 2025

- ✓ **Mine Permit in force**
Mine permitting completed, no further appeals .
- ✓ **Awarded EU Strategic Project**
Vittangi Anode Project awarded Strategic Project status by the EU under CRM and Net-Zero Act
- ✓ **Binding Offtake Agreement**
Post-qualification binding offtake signed for anode supply to fast-charge pioneer Nyobolt
- ✓ **Industriklivet Grant**
Funding received as part of final engineering plan for Talnode®-R line production
- ✓ **Launch of Talnode®-R**
Successful anode production from recycling of waste battery scrap, completes study and pilot
- ✓ **Expansion & US Strategy Launched**
US patents granted, Strategic agreement with UCC, government engagement and OTC QX trading commenced

Catalysts 2026

- **Significant Industriklivet 2 Grant Decision**
Up to €100 million Sweden grant – decision due Q1 2026
- **Final commercial line engineering**
Complete Talnode®-R and 5,000tpa engineering by end Q2 2026 ready for FID and construction 2H 2026
- **Finalise Customer Agreements**
Complete supply contracts from qualifying products to support 5Ktpa and 19.5Ktpa plants
- **Complete Grant-Led Financing and FID**
Finalise Sweden/EU funding package for 5,000 tpa Talnode®-C and Talnode®-R production
- **Expansions**
Explore grant and strategic investor supported projects in US, Japan, UAE, Australia and RoW

talga

Source: talgagroup.com

PROJECTED ANNUAL INCOME STATEMENT

<u>Income Statement</u>	Jun-25	Jun-26	Jun-27	Jun-28	Jun-29
Revenues	1,773	1,851	23,524	59,396	104,981
<i>Growth</i>		4.4%	1171.2%	152.5%	76.7%
Cost of Goods Sold (Production)	8,695	7,000	8,000	19,800	34,304
<i>%</i>	490.3%	378.3%	34.0%	33.3%	32.7%
Depreciation & Amort	3,515	3,691	12,600	13,230	13,892
Gross Profit	(10,437)	(8,840)	2,924	26,366	56,786
<i>Margin</i>	-588.5%	-477.7%	12.4%	44.4%	54.1%
SG&A Expenses	9,692	10,661	10,981	11,311	11,650
<i>% of sales</i>	546.5%	576.1%	46.7%	19.0%	11.1%
R&D	5,404	4,864	4,378	3,940	3,546
<i>% of sales</i>	304.8%	262.8%	18.6%	6.6%	3.4%
Exploration Expense	1,063	1,063	1,116	1,172	1,231
<i>% of sales</i>	59.9%	57.4%	4.7%	2.0%	1.2%
Stock Compensation	(9,562)	1,000	1,020	1,040	1,061
<i>% of sales</i>	-539.2%	54.0%	4.3%	1.8%	1.0%
Operating Income	(16,728)	(26,428)	(14,571)	8,903	39,298
<i>Margin</i>	-943.3%	-1428.1%	-61.9%	15.0%	37.4%
EBITDA	(13,213)	(22,738)	(1,971)	22,133	53,190
<i>Margin</i>	-745.1%	-1228.7%	-8.4%	37.3%	50.7%
Other Expenses/(Income)	0	(7)	1	3	(6)
<i>%</i>	0.0%	-0.4%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
EBIT	(16,728)	(26,422)	(14,572)	8,900	39,305
<i>%</i>	-943.3%	-1427.8%	-61.9%	15.0%	37.4%
Total Interest Exp (net)	0	0	0	0	0
<i>%</i>	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Net Profit Before Tax	(16,728)	(26,422)	(14,572)	8,900	39,305
<i>%</i>	-943.3%	-1427.8%	-61.9%	15.0%	37.4%
Income Tax	0	0	0	0	5,896
<i>% Effective Rate</i>	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	15.0%
<i>% Cash Tax Rate</i>	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	15.0%
Minority Interests or Preferred Stock	0	0	0	0	0
Net Profit	(16,728)	(26,422)	(14,572)	8,900	33,409
<i>%</i>	-943.3%	-1427.8%	-61.9%	15.0%	31.8%
Non-recurring income (expense)					
Average Diluted Shares Outstanding	428,807	484,674	510,000	510,000	510,000
Reported FD EPS					
Zacks EPS	(0.04)	(0.05)	(0.03)	0.02	0.07

Zacks SCR analyst

PROJECTED INTERIM INCOME STATEMENT

<u>Income Statement</u>	<u>Q1/26E</u>	<u>1H/26A</u>	<u>Q3/26E</u>	<u>2H/26E</u>
Net Sales		518		1,333
Cost of Goods Sold (Production)		2,363		4,637
%		98.0%		348.0%
Depreciation & Amort		1,397		2,294
Gross Profit		(3,241)		(5,599)
Margin		-625.8%		-420.1%
SG&A Expenses		3,757		6,904
% of sales		725.3%		518.1%
R&D		2,157		2,708
% of sales		416.3%		203.2%
Exploration Expense		341		722
% of sales		65.9%		54.2%
Stock Compensation		799		201
% of sales		-24.7%		-3.6%
Operating Income		(11,631)		(14,797)
%		-2245.4%		-1110.4%
EBITDA		(8,899)		(12,504)
%		-1717.9%		-938.3%
Other Expenses/(Income)		0		0
%		0.0%		0.0%
EBIT		(11,631)		(14,797)
%		-2245.4%		-1110.4%
Total Interest Exp. (net)		0		0
%		0.0%		0.0%
Net Profit Before Tax		(11,631)		(14,797)
%		-2245.4%		-1110.4%
Income Tax				
% Effect Rate		0.0%		0.0%
Minority Interest & Preferred Stock				
Net Profit		(11,631)		(14,797)
%		-2245.4%		-1110.4%
Non-recurring income (expense)				
Shares Outst.		459,347		510,000
Reported FD EPS				
Fully Diluted Adjusted EPS		(0.03)		(0.03)

Source Zacks SCR analyst

APPENDIX A

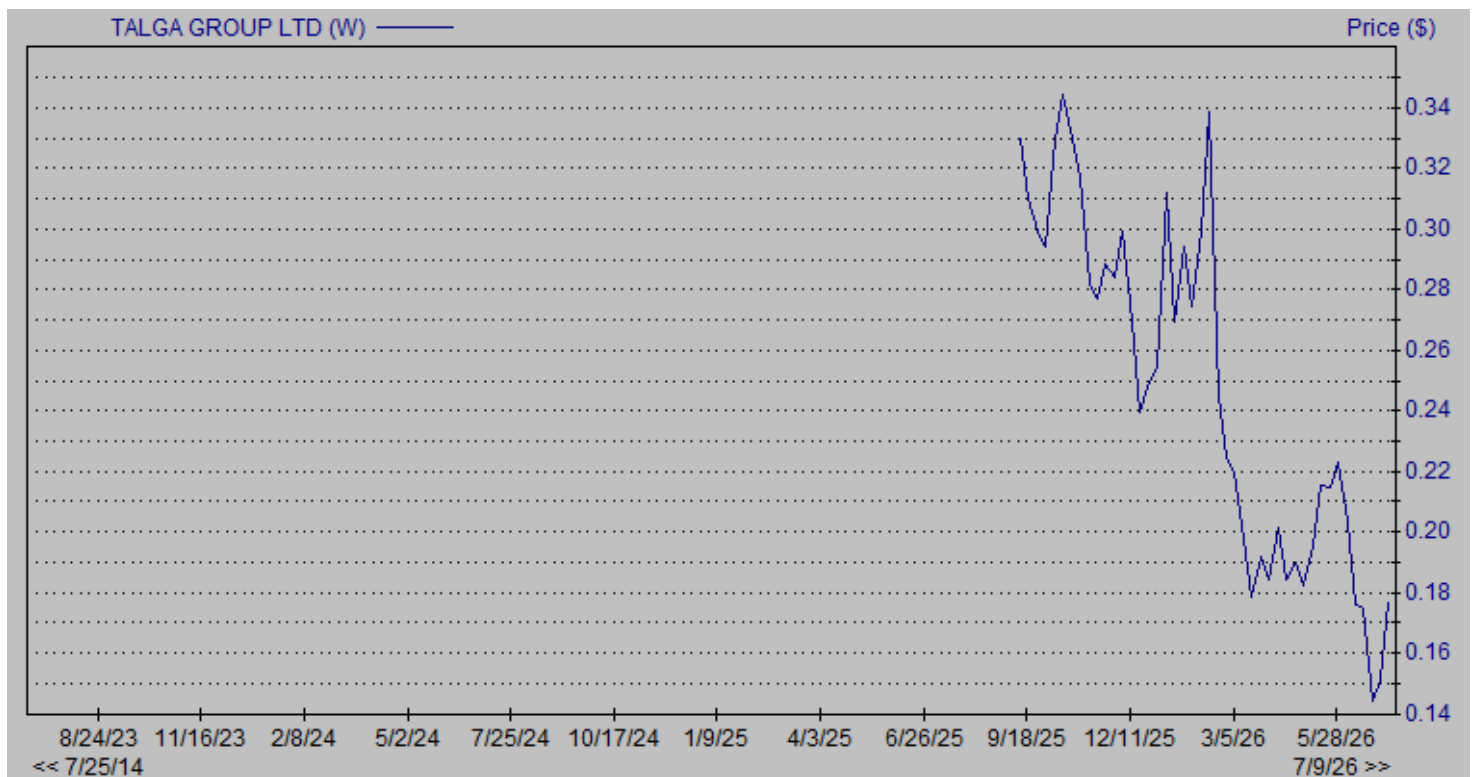
Appendix 1: Tenement Holdings as at 31 March 2026

Project/location	Tenements	Area (Ha)	Interest at end of Quarter	Acquired during Quarter	Disposed during Quarter
Aero Project (Lithium) Norrbotten County, Sweden	Nilivaara nr 1	5273.11	100%		
	Suorravaara nr 6	4007.04	100%		
	Suorravaara nr 7	4259.3	100%		
	Suorravaara nr 3	2800	100%		
	Suorravaara nr 5	10560.73	100%		
Jalkunen Project (Graphite) Norrbotten County, Sweden	Jalkunen nr 1	459.04	100%		
	Jalkunen nr 4	2194.45	100%		
Kiskama Project (Copper – Cobalt) Norrbotten County, Sweden	Kiskama nr 1	1807.16	0%		100%
Raitajärvi Project (Graphite) Norrbotten County, Sweden	Raitajärvi nr 5	169.74	100%		
	Raitajärvi nr 7	234.97	100%		
Vittangi Project (Graphite) Norrbotten County, Sweden	Nunasvaara nr 4	1057.06	100%		
	Nunasvaara nr 3	64.79	100%		
	Vittangi nr 2	1713.73	100%		
	Vittangi nr 6	1145.01	100%		

Source: talgagroup.com

(The Kiskama tenement has recently lapsed)

HISTORICAL STOCK PRICE



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