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Zacks Small-Cap Research

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Global Indemnity Group (NASDAQ: GBLI)

GBLI: Global Indemnity reports 1st quarter 2026 financial and operating results and updates investors on the current state of the E&S market.

Utilizing a scenario analysis methodology for future projections of book value per share, we believe GBLI should trade at **\$49.00** (BVPS) in the near-term and **\$55.00** per share over the long-term.

Current Price (5/8/26) \$27.69
Valuation (near-term) **\$49.00**

OUTLOOK

Global Indemnity Group, LLC, provides specialty and niche insurance products nationwide. GBLI focuses on small market property and casualty business. The company has made a concerted effort to reduce its property exposure. The company's largest business targets small, Main Street business written on an excess and surplus lines basis. **The company has excess discretionary capital of approximately \$290 million.** Global Indemnity is expected to show continued improvement in underwriting results in 2026. Recent high levels of IT spending position the company for strong growth going forward. We believe GBLI stock is undervalued and should trade at a small premium to future book value.

SUMMARY DATA

52-Week High **\$34.00**
52-Week Low **\$25.88**
One-Year Return (%) **-8.62**
Beta **0.41**
Average Daily Volume (sh) **4,744**

Shares Outstanding (mil) **14.6**
Market Capitalization (\$mil) **\$387.2**
Short Interest Ratio (days) **N/A**
Institutional Ownership (%) **88**
Insider Ownership (%) **44**

Annual Cash Dividend **\$1.40**
Dividend Yield (%) **5.15**

5-Yr. Historical Growth Rates

Sales (%) **N/A**
Earnings Per Share (%) **N/A**
Dividend (%) **N/A**

P/E using TTM EPS **16.7**

P/E using 2026 Estimate **11.1**

P/E using 2027 Estimate **8.7**

Risk Level **Low**
Type of Stock **Small-Value**
Industry **Insurance**

ZACKS ESTIMATES

Revenue

(In millions of \$)

	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Year
	(Mar)	(Jun)	(Sep)	(Dec)	(Dec)
2024	112 A	109 A	112 A	108 A	441 A
2025	109 A	111 A	114 A	117 A	450 A
2026	109 A	120 E	133 E	135 E	497 E
2027					545 E

EPS / Loss Per Share

	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Year
	(Mar)	(Jun)	(Sep)	(Dec)	(Dec)
2024	\$0.82 A	\$0.73 A	\$0.92 A	\$0.65 A	\$3.12 A
2025	-\$0.30 A	\$0.71 A	\$0.86 A	\$0.44 A	\$1.75 A
2026	\$0.29 A	\$0.63 E	\$0.77 E	\$0.70 E	\$2.38 E
2027					\$3.04 E

Quarterly revenues may not equal annual revenues due to rounding. Quarterly EPS may not equal annual EPS due to rounding, dilution or intangibles.

WHAT'S NEW

1st Quarter 2026 Financial Results

Global Indemnity Group reported 1st quarter 2026 financial and operating results which showed a slowdown in premium growth due to industry conditions in the E&S markets as new competition continues to enter the market. However, management expects Belmont core gross premium growth of **15–20%** for 2026 and sees Wholesale Commercial returning to high-single-digit growth by the end of 2026. Gross written premiums were \$96.5 million in the quarter compared to \$98.7 million in the prior year period.

The wholesale commercial results in the quarter were driven by a clear shift in pricing competition in the E&S wholesale space, both from GBLI peers and from the admitted market reentering the property segments in a significant way. The crossover competition from the admitted market typically comes into play rapidly as the market turns.

Operating income came in at \$8.3 million, or \$0.57 per share, compared with an operating loss of (\$4.1) million, or (\$0.30) per share, in 2025. Net income totaled \$4.1 million, or \$0.29 per share, versus a net loss of (\$4.1) million, or (\$0.30) per share, in 2025. The 2025 numbers included \$12.2 million of after-tax loss from the January 2025 California Wildfires.

Current accident year underwriting income increased 4.0% to \$5.5 million in 2026 from 2025 excluding the impact of the California wildfires. The combined ratio was 94.9% with a 54.8% loss ratio. Pretax Adjusted Operating Contribution was \$20.0 million and Adjusted Return on Equity was 12.5%, both in line with the prior year.

(Dollars in thousands)	Years Ended December 31,					
	Belmont Core		Belmont Non-Core		Total	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Direct written premiums ⁽¹⁾	\$ 356,516	\$ 369,772	\$ 36	\$ 46	\$ 356,552	\$ 369,818
Assumed written premiums ⁽²⁾	44,896	30,204	(2,580)	(10,264)	42,316	19,940
Gross written premiums ⁽³⁾	\$ 401,412	\$ 399,976	\$ (2,544)	\$ (10,218)	\$ 398,868	\$ 389,758
Net written premiums ⁽⁴⁾	\$ 390,335	\$ 389,582	\$ (2,533)	\$ (10,392)	\$ 387,802	\$ 379,190

Source: investors.gbli.com

Net investment income was **\$12.2 million**, compared to \$14.8 million in the prior year period. This decline largely reflects a \$2.3 million market value decline on a single limited partnership position in which the company expects to record a full recovery in the 2nd quarter of 2026. In addition, the company increased its allocation to U.S. treasury securities which carry lower effect yields than corporate bonds. The average duration remains roughly the same at approximately 1.0 year.

Total investment return was \$6.7 million, or 1.9% annualized, compared to \$19.3 million, or 5.4% in 2025 primarily driven by mark-to-market adjustments on fixed income securities due to an increase in Treasury rates and which are expected to recover.

Book yield on the investment portfolio was 4.3% at the end of the 1st quarter.

As a result of the current low duration on fixed income securities (approximately 1.0 year), the company has approximately **\$818 million** of investments maturing throughout the rest of 2026 that can be reinvested in longer duration maturities to improve overall investment returns.

Segment Review

Belmont Insurance Companies, or “Belmont Core,” was previously known as the Penn-America segment and consists of five state-regulated insurance carriers: Penn-Patriot Insurance Company, Diamond State Insurance Company, Penn-Star Insurance Company, Penn-America Insurance Company, and United National Insurance Company. Each of these carriers holds an “A” (Excellent) financial strength rating from AM Best.

Belmont Core gross written premiums decreased 1.9% in the quarter. Wholesale Commercial gross written premiums declined 5.2% in the 1st quarter as the company maintained pricing and return discipline due to competitive market conditions, with property rates flat for the quarter. Growth in other businesses helped offset this decline to some degree. Vacant Express and Collectibles direct written premiums increased 4.9% and 12.6%, respectively, driven by rate increases, new agency appointments, and organic expansion. Specialty Products premiums rose 2.4% due to new offerings and growth in existing products, partially offset by discontinued 2025 lines. Belmont Core’s assumed reinsurance business increased to \$11.2 million from \$10.9 million year-over-year, supported by new treaties and organic growth from existing relationships.

(Dollars in thousands)	Quarters Ended March 31,		% Change
	2026	2025	
Wholesale Commercial	\$ 61,495	\$ 64,884	(5.2%)
Vacant Express	11,452	10,922	4.9%
Collectibles	4,616	4,098	12.6%
Specialty Products	7,747	7,563	2.4%
Assumed Reinsurance	11,197	10,922	2.5%
Total gross written premiums	<u>\$ 96,507</u>	<u>\$ 98,389</u>	(1.9%)

Source: investors.gbli.com

Combined Ratios

The calendar year combined ratio was **95.1%**, compared to 111.7% in 2025. The loss ratio was **54.8%**, compared to 71.5% in 2025 which reflected the large impact from wildfires. The expense ratio remained high at **40.3%**, compared to 40.2% in 2025. The elevated expense ratio reflects the continued build-out of the Katalyx platform as well as the company spending more on business development fees to find new opportunities for growth.

The current accident year combined ratio was **94.9%** which was largely unchanged from the 2025 period of 94.8% (excluding California wildfire losses)

Balance Sheet

At the end of the 1st quarter, the company had unrestricted cash of \$34.8 million and total investments of \$1.36 billion. Approximately 97.3% of the investment portfolio consists of fixed income securities. The average credit quality of the fixed income portfolio remains at AA-. Shareholders equity decreased to \$704.1 million.

New Estimates

Based on management commentary and overall state of the E&S market, we adjust our 2026 total revenue estimate to \$497.2 million which includes \$433.1 million in Net Earned Premiums and \$61.4 million in net Investment Income. Our new 2026 EPS estimate is \$2.38. As the consolidated expense ratio continues to drift down, we believe EPS of over \$4.00 can be achieved in the next 2-3 years.

Valuation

GBLI book value per share was **\$47.92** as of March 31, 2026 compared to \$48.96 as of December 31, 2025. On March 5, 2026, the Board of Directors approved a distribution (dividend) of \$0.35 per common to which was paid on March 30, 2026. The current dividend yield is approximately **5.15%**.

Since its 2003 initial public offering, the company has returned \$654.6 million to shareholders, including \$522.2 million in share repurchases and \$132.4 million in dividends and distributions.

	March 31, 2026		December 31, 2025	
Cash and invested assets, net	\$	1,390.5	\$	1,420.2
Total assets	\$	1,680.1	\$	1,720.8
Shareholders' equity	\$	704.1	\$	706.6
Book value per share	\$	47.92	\$	48.96
Book value per share plus cumulative dividends and excluding AOCI	\$	57.52	\$	58.04
Shares Outstanding		14.6		14.4

Source: investors.gbli.com

Management stated its long-term financial goals which are:

- 1) Grow the overall business at a rate of 10% or higher,
- 2) Achieve a combined ratio in the low 90's,
- 3) Manage the expense ratio to a competitive level of 36%-37%.

GBLI stock is currently selling at **55.3%** of book value based on March 31, 2026 shareholders' equity. We separate our price target into near-term and long-term objectives. Our near-term target is **\$49.00** which assumes GBLI stock will trade near book value per share. We maintain our long-term price target of **\$55.00** per share based on the stock selling at a small premium to future book value per share.

Although not a perfect comp, Bill Ackman's Howard Hughes Holdings (HHH) recently purchased Vantage Group Holdings, a privately held P&C company for \$2.1 billion. The price/book multiple for the transaction was in the 1.4x-1.5x range. Although GBLI is not for sale, and the company's current high expense ratio may limit the ability to achieve high multiples, it nonetheless demonstrates the potential long-term upside for GBLI.



Source: investors.gbli.com

OTHER RECENT NEWS

New Ownership Table

The following chart represents company ownership as of April 13, 2026:

Name and address of Beneficial Owner**	Class A Common Shares		Class B Common Shares		Total Voting Power (2)	% As-Converted Ownership (3)
	Shares	%	Shares	%	%	%
Saul A. Fox (4)	6,520,313	44.6	3,793,612	100	9.2	44.6
Fox Paine & Company, LLC and affiliated investment funds (5)	3,620,673	24.8	3,620,673	95.4	74.3	24.8
Essex Equity Joint Investment Vehicle, LLC (6)	1,396,917	12.9	—	—	2.9	9.6
Hotchkis & Wiley Capital Management (7)	974,233	9.0	—	—	2.0	6.7
Richmond Hill Investment Co., LP (8)	997,188	9.2	—	—	2.0	6.8
W.R. Berkley Corporation (9)	919,661	8.5	—	—	1.9	6.3
Joseph W. Brown (10)	579,904	5.4	—	—	1.2	4.0
Seth J. Gersch (11)	262,685	2.4	—	—	*	1.8
Thomas M. McGeehan	103,063	*	—	—	*	*
Bruce R. Lederman	78,365	*	—	—	*	*
Brian J. Riley (12)	53,617	*	—	—	*	*
Fred E. Karlinsky	25,251	*	—	—	*	*
Jason C. Murgio	8,520	*	—	—	*	*
All directors and executive officers as a group (consists of 9 persons)	7,698,491	471.2	3,793,612	100	86.4	54.2

Source: investors.gbli.com

Full Year 2025 Financial Results

Global Indemnity Group reported 2025 financial and operating results which showed solid accident-year underwriting income growth. Current accident year underwriting income increased 73.9% to \$32.7 million from \$18.8 million in the prior year period (excluding California wildfires). The current accident year underwriting income as reported was \$16.9 million. As a reminder, losses from the California wildfires were approximately \$15.7 million (pre-tax).

For 2025, Belmont Core gross written premiums were \$401.4 million compared to \$400.0 million in 2024. Excluding terminated products in 2024, Belmont Core gross written premiums grew **9.2%**. Operating income (non-GAAP) was \$40.2 million in 2025 compared to \$42.9 million in 2024 (excluding California wildfires). The decline was primarily due to higher corporate expenses resulting from increased personnel and professional costs for the build-out of Katalyx as well as merger & acquisition activity.

Net income for the year was \$24.9 million, or \$1.75 per share, compared to \$42.8 million, or \$3.12 per share in 2024. This decline reflects the \$12.0 million, or \$0.84 per share, after-tax impact of the California wildfire losses.

(Dollars in thousands)	Years Ended December 31,							
	Belmont Core		Belmont Non-Core		Total			
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Direct written premiums (1)	\$ 356,516	\$ 369,772	\$ 36	\$ 46	\$ 356,552	\$ 369,818		
Assumed written premiums (2)	44,896	30,204	(2,580)	(10,264)	42,316	19,940		
Gross written premiums (3)	\$ 401,412	\$ 399,976	\$ (2,544)	\$ (10,218)	\$ 398,868	\$ 389,758		
Net written premiums (4)	\$ 390,335	\$ 389,582	\$ (2,533)	\$ (10,392)	\$ 387,802	\$ 379,190		

Source: investors.gbli.com

Net investment income was **\$62.7 million**, which was roughly flat from \$62.4 million in 2024. Fixed maturities income was flat at \$59.5 million in both years, reflecting a stable portfolio duration and

reinvestment activity that offset small yield changes. The income-generating core of the portfolio remains stable with an average 1.0 year duration and average AA- rated bond portfolio.

Total investment return was **\$67.0 million**, or 4.7%, compared to \$78.3 million, or 5.5%, in 2024. The year-over-year decline is the result of lower net unrealized gains (\$8.0 million versus \$15.4 million) and net realized losses of \$3.7 million versus gains of \$0.5 million in 2024, both mark-to-market items that do not affect recurring investment income. Average invested assets were \$1.43 billion for the year.

Book yield on the investment portfolio was 4.4% at the end of 2025.

As a result of the current low duration on fixed income securities (approximately 1.0 year), the company has a large amount of investments maturing throughout the rest of 2026 that can be reinvested in longer duration maturities to improve overall investment returns.

Industry Update

As the property and casualty (P&C) insurance industry enters 2026, brokers are beginning to observe some signs that pricing is loosening in certain segments. However, some observers see the environment as a period of adjustment rather than a decisive shift into a broadly soft market.

According to the Swiss Re Institute's U.S. P&C outlook for 2025–2026, direct premiums written are projected to moderate to roughly 4% in 2026 (from approximately 5% in 2025), reflecting slowing rate momentum and stronger competition among insurers. Global Indemnity noticed higher levels of competition in some of its E&S lines.

Alera Group P&C leader Justin Foa explains that, unlike past cycles when pricing softened broadly, today's moderation is uneven and highly risk specific. Some construction and property accounts are seeing more capacity and better pricing, while risks with recent losses or catastrophe exposure remain constrained. Because conditions now vary not just by line of business but by niche, account quality, and individual risk traits, broad market labels are less meaningful. Instead, the market behaves on a spectrum in which even within one segment, certain risks are easing as others stay tight.

Fitch Ratings expects U.S. P&C insurers to maintain solid but moderating performance in 2026, with the strong results of 2025 carrying over into a softer market phase. Premium growth is projected to slow to about 4% in 2026 from 8.8% in 2024, while profitability normalizes after an exceptionally strong 2025, with combined ratios edging up to roughly 96%–97%. Return on equity is also expected to ease to about 9.1%–10%, down from over 15% in 2025, reflecting a more competitive yet still stable operating environment.

Industry Valuations

In recent months (early 2026), publicly traded P&C insurers and brokers have seen valuations pull back modestly after a 2025 peak, reflecting both cyclical and sentiment-driven factors. Fundamentally, 2025 marked a cyclical high in underwriting profitability and growth, and expectations for softer pricing, slower premiums, and rising combined ratios in 2026 have led investors to anticipate lower returns which typically compress multiples.

The S&P 500 Insurance index recently fell about 3.9%, with some broker stocks dropping 9–12% in a single session due to AI-disruption fears and competitive concerns. Many analysts broadly view this as partly overdone, but it has nonetheless pushed valuations down from late-2025 levels.

Fee Business

The company has been making a concerted effort to grow non-risk revenues in terms of fee income generation. This can come in the form of commission, service, policy and installment fees. Commission and service fee income are reported separately on affiliated business for segment purposes but eliminated in consolidation. Policy and installment fees with third parties are a separate line item and reported under Other Income. Policy and installment fees were approximately \$2.3 million in 2025 and should continue to grow thereafter.

Strategic Reorganization

The company also provided updates on its previously announced reorganization into two operating divisions.

The first division, which has been named **Katalyx Holdings**, contains the **Penn-America** managing general agency, **Valyn Re**, J.H. Ferguson & Associates, a newly organized reinsurance managing general agency, LLC managing general agency (**Vacant Express**) and **Collectibles** managing general agencies, **Kaleidoscope Insurance Technologies**, a developer of proprietary underwriting and policy systems that support Katalyx's agencies and broader digital initiatives, **Sayata**, a proprietary AI-enabled insurance marketplace, and **Liberty Insurance Adjustment Agency**, which provides claims evaluation, adjustment, and related services.

The second division, **Belmont Holdings GX**, houses the five statutory insurance carriers, each rated "A" by AM Best. These include **Penn-America Insurance Company**, **United National Insurance Company**, **Penn-Patriot Insurance Company**, **Diamond State Insurance Company**, and **Penn-Star Insurance Company**.

For financial reporting purposes, the company realigned the composition of its reportable segments to reflect changes in how they now manage its operations

1) Agency and Insurance Services

2) Belmont Insurance Companies (Core ("Belmont Core"))

3) Belmont Insurance Companies (Non-Core ("Belmont Non-Core"))

Reinsurance Managing General Agency

On October 3, 2025, the company announced that Penn-America Underwriters is launching its inaugural reinsurance managing general agency (MGA) in partnership with veteran reinsurance executive George Dragonetti, who will also serve as President of the new unit. PAU operates as a division of GBLI specializing in underwriting, growth, and distribution of insurance and reinsurance products, technology solutions, and claims services.

KEY INVESTMENT POINTS



Source: investors.gbli.com

- Global Indemnity Group, LLC (NYSE: GBLI) is a specialty property and casualty insurance company that has been operating nationwide since the early 2000's.
- The company is led by an experienced management team, including a Chief Executive who has decades of experience in the property & casualty insurance business.
- The company operates through three primary segments: Agency and Insurance Services, Belmont-Core and Belmont Non-Core.
- Under the Belmont Core segment, Penn-America targets specific, defined groups of insureds predominantly in the excess and surplus lines, or non-admitted, small marketplace.
- The company has a solid liquidity position as of 3/31/26 with **\$34.8 million** in unrestricted cash and equivalents and **\$1.36 billion** in investments, primarily comprised of highly liquid fixed income investments.
- The company has approximately **\$818 million** in fixed income investments maturing within one year which can be reinvested at higher prevailing rates.
- Global Indemnity has approximately **\$290 million** in discretionary capital that can be put to use to grow the company and also engage in share buybacks, dividends or acquisitions.
- Based on the most recent reported results as of 3/31/26, the company is selling at approximately **55.3%** of book value. Using a future book value scenario analysis valuation methodology, we place a near-term value for GBLI stock at **\$49.00** per share and a long-term value at **\$55.00** per share.



Source: investors.gbli.com

COMPANY OVERVIEW



GLOBAL INDEMNITY

Source: investors.gbli.com

Global Indemnity is a well established property and casualty insurance company that focuses on serving markets that are often underserved by competitors. This strategy has enabled the company to establish a durable set of competitive advantages. These include a broad, multi-channel distribution network supported by strong, mutually beneficial relationships with its agent partners. The company has also invested significantly in technology that enables automated product offerings and facilitate efficient, timely delivery for both agents and customers. Additionally, Belmont Holdings, the core U.S. insurance subsidiary of GBLI, maintains a group financial strength rating of “A” (Excellent) from AM Best, reinforcing the company’s credibility and financial stability.

In 2024 and 2025, under Project Manifest, the company implemented an extensive internal business reorganization that positioned the company for growth and enhanced operational efficiency, increased statutory capital, and more efficient capital management resulting from de-stacking of the insurance companies.

SEGMENTS & BUSINESS UNITS

As a result of Planet Manifest, the reportable segments are now structured under two holding companies:

- Katalyx Holdings consists of:

Penn-America managing general agency, Valyn Re, a newly organized reinsurance managing general agency, the Vacant Express and Collectibles managing general agencies, Kaleidoscope Insurance Technologies, a developer of proprietary underwriting and policy systems that support Katalyx’s agencies and broader digital initiatives, Sayata, a proprietary AI-enabled insurance marketplace, and Liberty Insurance Adjustment Agency, which provides claims evaluation, adjustment, and related services.

- Belmont Holdings GX, Inc. includes five state-regulated insurance carriers: 1) Penn-Patriot Insurance Company, 2) Diamond State Insurance Company, 3) Penn-Star Insurance Company, 4) Penn-America Insurance Company, and 5) United National Insurance Company. These are all rated “A” (Excellent) by AM Best.

For financial reporting purposes, the company realigned the composition of its reportable segments to reflect changes in how they now manage its operations

- Agency and Insurance Services – This consists of Katalyx Holdings described above.
- Belmont Insurance Companies (Core (“Belmont Core”)) - This was previously known as the Penn-America segment and consists of insurance company operations for ongoing direct insurance

products and assumed reinsurance products, which are offered in the excess and surplus lines marketplace.

- Belmont Insurance Companies (Non-Core (“Belmont Non-Core”)) - This was previously known as the Non-Core Operations segment and consists of insurance company operations for lines of business that have been de-emphasized or are no longer being written. The primary activities of Belmont Non-Core are servicing the run-off of policies/treaties, adjusting claims and estimating loss reserves on de-emphasized and terminated business.

RISKS

- If actual claims payments exceed the company’s reserves for losses and loss adjustment expenses, the company’s financial condition and results of operations could be adversely affected. The company’s ultimate success depends upon its ability to accurately assess the risks associated with the insurance and reinsurance policies that it writes.
- The company establishes reserves on an undiscounted basis to cover its estimated liability for the payment of all losses and loss adjustment expenses incurred with respect to premiums earned on the insurance policies that it writes. Reserves do not represent an exact calculation of liability, but reserves are estimates of what the company expects to be the ultimate cost of resolution and administration of claims under the insurance policies that it writes.
- The occurrence of natural or man-made disasters, as well as global pandemics, could result in declines in business and increases in claims that could adversely affect the company’s business, financial condition, and results of operations. The company is exposed to various risks arising out of natural disasters, including earthquakes, hurricanes, fires, floods, landslides, tornadoes, typhoons, tsunamis, hailstorms, explosions, climate events, public health crises, illness, epidemics or pandemic health events. In addition, man-made disasters may occur.
- A decline in ratings for any of the company’s insurance or reinsurance subsidiaries could adversely affect its position in the insurance market by making it more difficult to sell its insurance products which would cause premiums and earnings to decrease. A downgrade could result in a significant reduction in the number of insurance contracts the company writes and in a substantial loss of business as that business could move to other competitors with higher ratings.
- The company’s investment performance may suffer as a result of adverse capital market developments or other factors which would in turn adversely affect its financial condition and results of operations. The company derives a significant portion of its income from its invested assets, therefore, the company’s overall operating results depend, in part, on the performance of its investment portfolio.
- The company’s operating results are subject to a variety of investment risks, including risks relating to general economic conditions, market volatility, interest rate fluctuations, liquidity risk and credit and default risk.
- The company competes with numerous domestic and international insurance and reinsurance companies, mutual companies, specialty insurance companies, underwriting agencies, diversified financial services companies, Lloyd's syndicates, risk retention groups, insurance buying groups, risk securitization products and alternative self-insurance mechanisms.

Competition may take the form of lower prices, broader coverage, greater product flexibility, higher quality services, reputation and financial strength or higher ratings by independent rating agencies.

SUMMARY

Over the past three years, the company has invested heavily in IT and digital infrastructure. This and an ongoing commitment to strong underwriting discipline has resulted in a very attractive book of in-force business. As 2026 progresses, we expect to start seeing the business rationale for all these digital transformations time. We believe Global Indemnity is entering a new level of profitability based on these initiatives, new business lines, eliminating unprofitable areas of business, and improved cost controls.

The company is currently selling at a Price/Book value that does not reflect the future growth opportunities for the company over the next 3-5 years. GBLI may likely experience multiple expansion that approaches industry averages. Even with potential volatile earnings that can often be associated with P&C insurance companies, Global Indemnity can continue to add earnings to shareholders equity and increase book value over time.

The company pays a dividend that offers an above market average dividend yield which should offer some level of stability for equity investors. The dividend yield is currently **5.15%**.

The company has excess discretionary capital of approximately **\$290 million** to support the growth in equity value. With the company trading at such a large discount to book value, a margin of safety appears to exist at this time.

WHY INVEST

“A” Excellent

“A” (Excellent) AM Best Group Rating for Belmont Holdings, a GBLI U.S. insurance subsidiary

\$649.5M

Returned to Shareholders Since 2003

\$1.40

Annual Distribution per Share

\$48.96

Book Value per Share as of December 31, 2025

Source: investors.gbli.com

PROJECTED ANNUAL INCOME STATEMENT

<u>Income Statement</u>	Dec-23	Dec-24	Dec-25	Dec-26	Dec-27
Combined Ratio	99.7%	95.6%	98.6%	96.8%	94.8%
Net Written Premiums	399,319	379,190	387,802	437,400	483,645
<i>Growth</i>	-32.5%	-5.0%	2.3%	12.8%	10.6%
Net Earned Premiums	473,357	376,992	388,772	433,026	478,808
<i>Growth</i>	-21.4%	-20.4%	3.1%	11.4%	10.6%
Net Investment Income	55,444	62,375	62,664	61,411	62,946
<i>%</i>	11.7%	16.5%	16.1%	14.2%	13.1%
Investment Gains & Other	(672)	1,820	(1,338)	2,796	3,635
	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL REVENUES	528,129	441,187	450,098	497,233	545,389
<i>Growth</i>	-16.0%	-16.5%	2.0%	10.5%	9.7%
	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses	289,153	213,190	228,279	245,604	269,176
<i>% of sales</i>	61.1%	56.6%	58.7%	56.7%	56.2%
Acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses	182,617	147,345	156,815	173,756	184,944
<i>% of sales</i>	38.6%	39.1%	40.3%	40.1%	38.6%
SG&A	23,383	25,696	31,706	31,706	32,657
<i>% of sales</i>	4.4%	6.8%	8.2%	7.3%	6.8%
Amortization	0	0	0	0	0
<i>% of sales</i>	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Operating Income	32,976	54,956	33,298	46,167	58,611
<i>Margin</i>	6.2%	12.5%	7.4%	9.3%	10.7%
EBITDA	32,304	56,776	31,960	48,963	62,246
<i>Margin</i>	6.8%	15.1%	8.2%	11.3%	13.0%
Other Expenses/(Income)	0	0	0	0	0
<i>%</i>	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
EBIT	32,976	54,956	33,298	46,167	58,611
<i>%</i>	7.0%	14.6%	8.6%	10.7%	12.2%
Total Interest Exp (net)	0	0	0	0	0
<i>%</i>	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Net Profit Before Tax	32,976	54,956	33,298	46,167	58,611
<i>%</i>	7.0%	14.6%	8.6%	10.7%	12.2%
Income Tax	7,547	11,715	7,965	11,043	14,125
<i>% Effective Rate</i>	22.9%	21.3%	23.9%	23.9%	24.1%
<i>% Cash Tax Rate</i>	22.9%	21.3%	23.9%	23.9%	24.1%
Minority Interests or Preferred Stock	440	440	440	440	440
Net Profit	24,989	42,801	24,893	34,684	44,046
<i>%</i>	5.3%	11.4%	6.4%	8.0%	9.2%
	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Non-recurring income (expense)					
Average Diluted Shares Outstanding	13,666	13,706	14,260	14,558	14,483
Zacks EPS	1.83	3.12	1.75	2.38	3.04

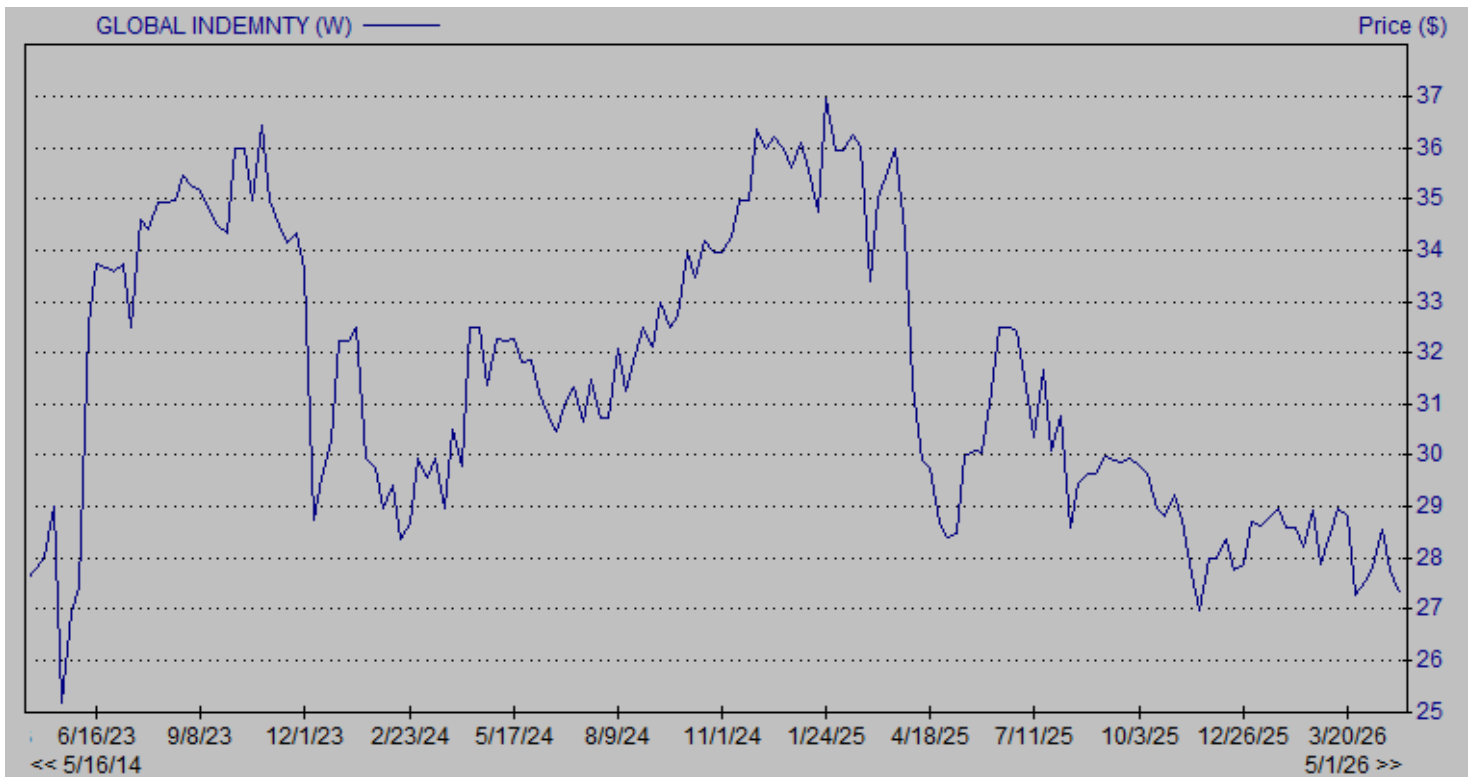
Source: Zacks analyst

PROJECTED QUARTERLY INCOME STATEMENT

	Q1/26A	Q2/26E	Q3/26E	Q4/26E
Net Written Premiums	92,568	113,266	124,013	107,553
<i>Growth</i>				
Net Earned Premiums	98,355	106,156	116,898	111,617
<i>%</i>	94.4%	93.7%	94.3%	94.1%
Net Investment Income	12,218	13,440	15,456	20,297
<i>%</i>	13.2%	11.9%	12.5%	18.9%
Investment Gains & Other Income	(1,396)	388	392	3,412
	-1.5%	0.3%	0.3%	3.2%
TOTAL REVENUES	109,177	119,984	132,746	135,326
<i>%</i>	117.9%	105.9%	107.0%	125.8%
Net losses and loss adjustment expenses	53,861	58,598	64,645	68,500
<i>% of sales</i>	55.0%	55.2%	55.3%	61.4%
Acquisition costs and other underwriting expenses	40,763	41,666	45,590	45,737
<i>% of sales</i>	41.4%	39.3%	39.0%	41.0%
SG&A	9,038	7,500	7,600	7,568
<i>% of sales</i>	9.2%	7.1%	6.5%	6.8%
Amortization	0	0	0	0
<i>% of sales</i>	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Operating Income	5,515	12,219	14,911	13,522
<i>Margin</i>	6.0%	10.8%	12.0%	12.6%
EBITDA	0	0	0	0
<i>Margin</i>	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Other Expenses/(Income)	0	0	0	0
<i>%</i>	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
EBIT	5,515	12,219	14,911	13,522
<i>%</i>	6.0%	10.8%	12.0%	12.6%
Total Interest Exp (net)	0	0	0	0
<i>%</i>	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%	0.0%
Net Profit Before Tax	5,515	12,219	14,911	13,522
Income Tax	1,269	2,920	3,564	3,232
<i>% Effective Rate</i>	23.0%	23.9%	23.9%	23.9%
<i>% Cash Tax Rate</i>				
Minority Interests or Preferred Stock	110	110	110	110
Net Income	4,136	9,189	11,237	10,180
<i>Average Diluted Shares Outstanding</i>	14,405	14,609	14,609	14,609
Zacks Cash EPS	0.29	0.63	0.77	0.70

Source: Zacks analyst

HISTORICAL STOCK PRICE



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