



[Exhibit A]

### Draft Form of Notice

On March 10, 2021, Hilton Grand Vacations Inc. (“HGV” or the “Company”) and Diamond Resorts International, Inc. (“Diamond”) entered into an Agreement and Plan of Merger pursuant to which HGV agreed to acquire Diamond in an all-stock transaction (the “Proposed Transaction”). On April 15, 2021, HGV filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (“SEC”) a Preliminary Proxy Statement on Schedule 14A (the “Proxy”) to be sent to HGV’s stockholders to solicit stockholder votes to approve, in connection with the Proposed Transaction, a proposed issuance of common stock to Diamond stockholders. On April 21, 2021, the members of HGV’s board of directors were named as defendants in a purported stockholder class action filed in the Delaware Court of Chancery (the “Court”) by one of our stockholders. The suit is captioned *Blackburn v. Potter, et al.*, C.A. No. 2021-0339-JTL (the “Action”). The complaint alleged that HGV’s directors breached their fiduciary duties by failing to disclose to our stockholders all material information necessary to make an informed decision regarding the proposed issuance of common stock. After the complaint was filed, we filed additional disclosures concerning the Proposed Transaction in Amendment No. 1 to the Proxy, filed with the SEC on May 25, 2021, that mooted Plaintiff’s claims (the “Supplemental Disclosures”). Plaintiff asserts that the prosecution of the Action caused HGV to issue these Supplemental Disclosures. HGV and its directors deny that the Supplemental Disclosures contained any additional material facts that were required to be disclosed and deny that any claim asserted in the Actions are or ever were meritorious.

On July 13, 2021, the Court approved a notice under which the plaintiff voluntarily dismissed the action with prejudice as to himself only, but without prejudice as to any other putative class member. The Court retained jurisdiction of the action for the purpose of adjudicating an anticipated application of plaintiff’s counsel for an award of attorneys’ fees and reimbursement of expenses in connection with the supplemental disclosures included in Amendment No. 1 to the Proxy filed with the SEC on May 25, 2021. We subsequently agreed to pay \$100,000 to plaintiff’s counsel for attorneys’ fees and expenses in full satisfaction of the claim for attorneys’ fees and expenses in the action. The Court has not been asked to review,

and will pass no judgment on, the payment of the attorneys' fees and expenses or their reasonableness or the merits of Plaintiff's claims.