



- **Corporate Presentation**

September 2026

Forward-Looking Statements



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- A composite image featuring three scientists in a laboratory. On the left, a man with a beard and glasses is looking down. In the center, a woman with blonde hair and safety glasses is wearing gloves and working with small vials. On the right, another woman is partially visible. The background is a blurred laboratory with various equipment. A large, semi-transparent DNA double helix is overlaid on the right side of the image. The text is overlaid on the left side.
- **Silencing diseases through precision engineered medicines created with proprietary siRNA technology**

Silence – siRNA Platform Company with Compelling Clinical Data Across Multiple Programs



- Proven GalNAc siRNA technology with broad utility
- Potent, durable and highly specific gene silencing
- Infrequent dosing enabled by durable pharmacology
- Strong and growing IP portfolio

CLINICAL RESULTS

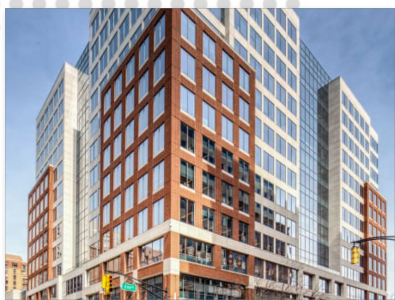
- Four clinical-stage assets targeting large unmet needs in rare and cardiometabolic diseases
- Compelling clinical data generated across multiple programs

FRANCHISE OPPORTUNITY

- Divesiran: first-in-class siRNA for PV
- ~150K U.S. / ~3.5M global PV population¹
- Potential best-in-class profile
- Additional pipeline opportunities beyond PV

Strong financial position with cash runway expected into 2029 to fund multiple catalysts

Our Global Footprint



NEW JERSEY
US OFFICE



LONDON
COMPANY HQ



BERLIN
R&D OPERATIONS

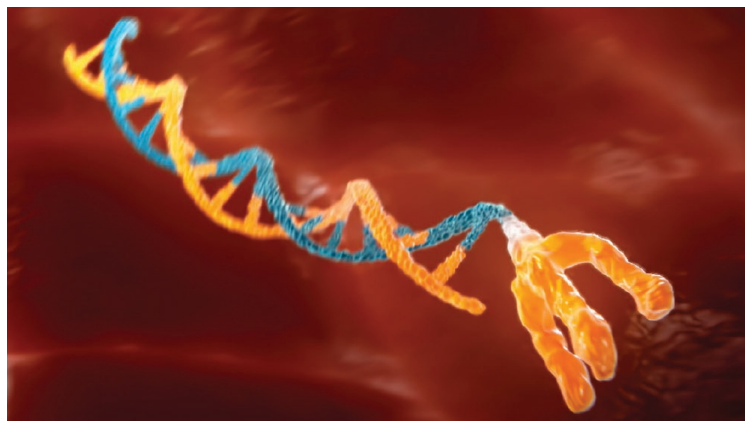
**siRNA expertise spanning drug discovery,
design and clinical development**

Our Toolbox Considers all Elements of siRNA and Ligand Design



siRNA molecule

- siRNA matched to target gene
- Silence has developed chemical modification patterns that enhance stability and improve activity



Linker

- Silence has developed proprietary linkers, enabling the attachment of targeting ligands to the siRNA molecule



GalNAc Ligand (delivery tool)

- GalNAc ligand delivers siRNA specifically to hepatocytes in the liver

Continuous Fine-Tuning to Further Improve Performance



Development Pipeline of siRNA Therapies

		Preclinical	Phase I	Phase II	Phase III
RARE	Divesiran (TMPRSS6)	Polycythemia Vera			
		Other Blood Disorders			
	SLN548 (CFB)	Complement			
CARDIOMETABOLIC	Zerlasiran ¹ (LPA)	Cardiovascular Disease			
	SLN312 ² (ANGPTL3)	Dyslipidemia			
	SLN365 (GPR146)	HoFH			
	SLN098 (INHBE)	Obesity			

1. Zerlasiran is a Phase 3 ready asset; program well positioned for a potential third-party partner to advance development; 2. SLN312 is currently licensed to AstraZeneca. As announced in a Company press release dated March 5, 2026, Silence will re-gain exclusive rights globally to SLN312 following Phase 1; HoFH=Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia



Rare Disease

Divesiran (TMPRSS6)



Polycythemia Vera (PV) is a Rare Blood Cancer with Significant Unmet Needs



- **Myeloproliferative neoplasm characterized by the excessive production of red blood cells (RBCs)**
 - Elevated hematocrit (HCT) is a hallmark of the disease, indicating overproduction of RBCs
 - Associated with JAK2 gain-of-function driver mutation in hematopoietic stem cells in over 90% of patients
- **Serious, chronic disease associated with increased thrombotic and cardiovascular risks¹⁻³**
- **Rare disease with ~150,000 in the US and ~3.5m worldwide⁴**
 - Diagnosed typically in individuals 50-70 years of age
 - Median survival ~20 years

Treatment goal is to control HCT <45% to reduce CV and major thrombotic events

PV: Large Unmet Need and Proven Market Value Create Significant Upside for a Best-in-Class Therapy



Large Underserved Population²⁻⁵

- Many PV patients remain phlebotomy-dependent
- Persistent burden reflects inadequate control
- Broad addressable population needs better therapy

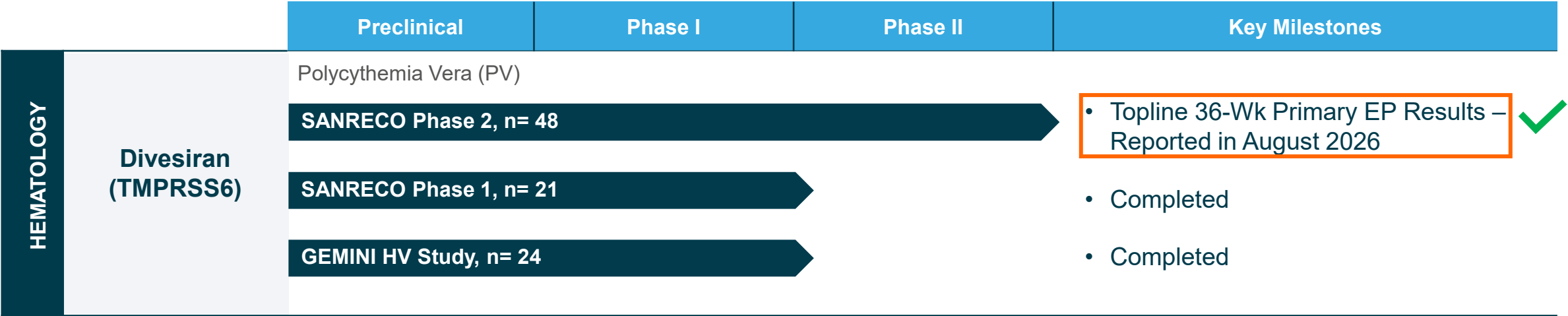
Current Options are Limited²⁻⁵

- Limitations in efficacy, safety and tolerability
- Chronic treatment burden and poor experience
- Jakafi generates ~\$1B annually in PV despite later-line label limitations and treatment tradeoffs¹

Compelling Product Profile

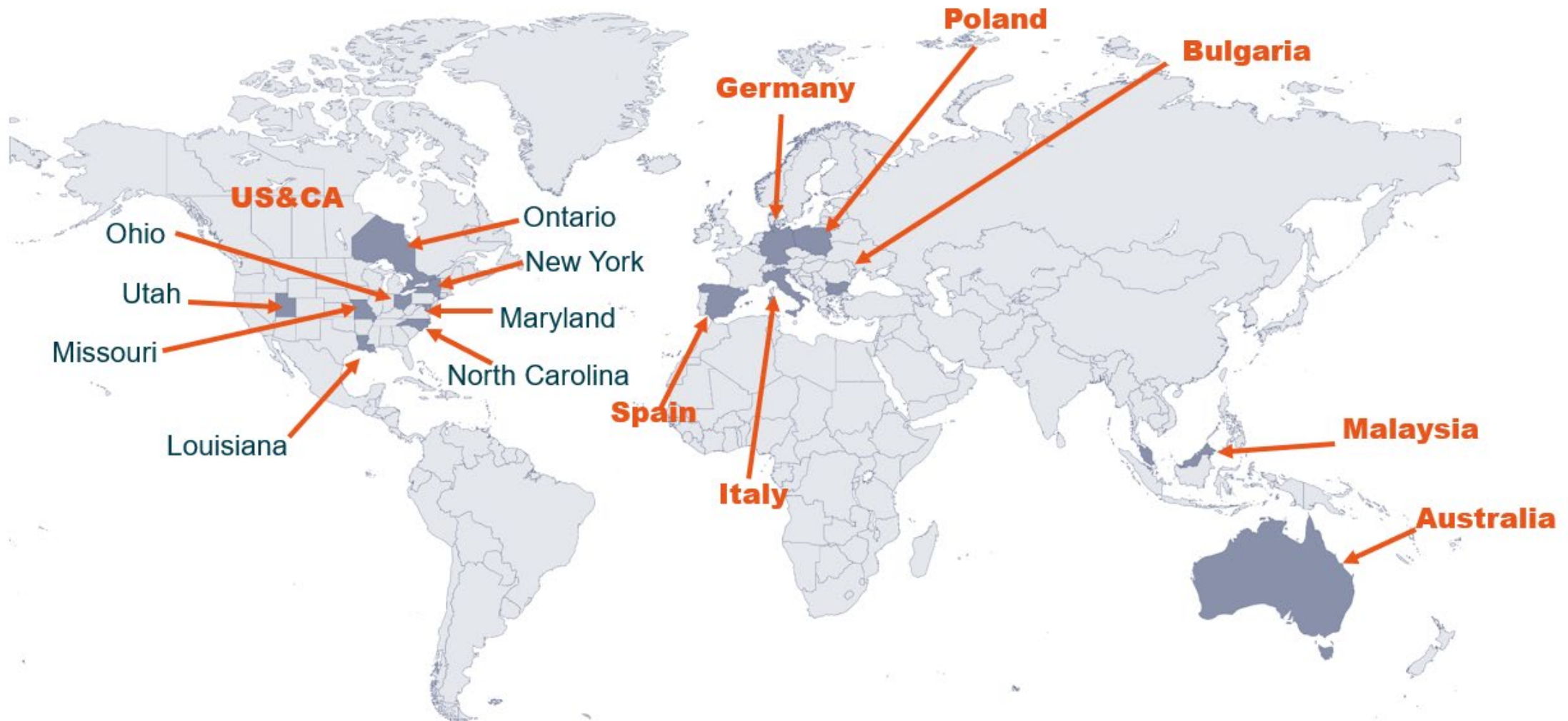
- Robust efficacy
- Favorable safety
- Infrequent dosing
- Better patient experience

A best-in-class PV therapy could unlock blockbuster potential in a large underserved market



Divesiran has orphan drug and fast track status in PV

Phase 2 SANRECO Study is a Global Trial: 9 Countries / 4 Continents



SANRECO Phase 2 Study Overview

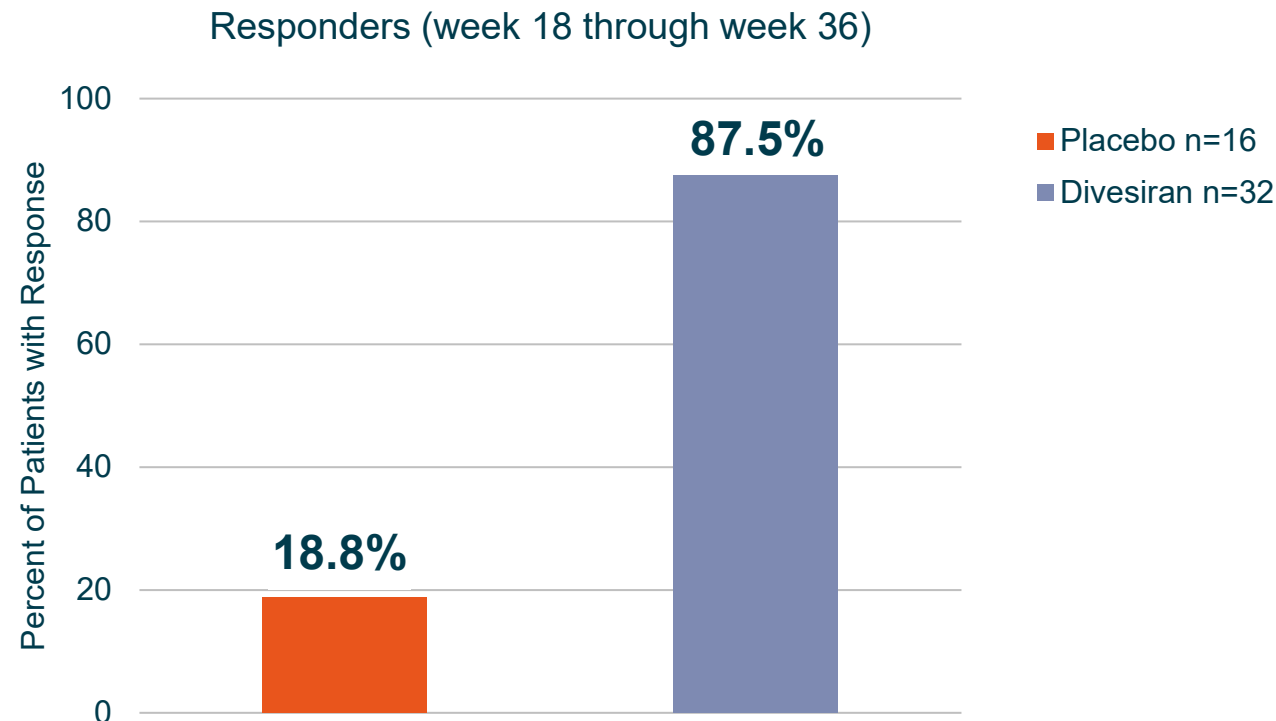


Design	• 36-week, placebo-controlled, double-blind period followed by a 3-year, double-blind and open-label extension period evaluating divesiran in 48 phlebotomy-dependent PV patients
Key Inclusion Criteria	• PV diagnosis • At least 3 phlebotomies in the last 6 months or 5 in the last year prior to screening • Stable dose of cytoreductive agents allowed • HCT level <45% prior to dosing
Dosing & Administration	• Divesiran 6 mg vs. placebo • Administered s.c. at Q6W and Q12W intervals
Key Objectives	• Primary endpoint: proportion of patients who maintain HCT levels below 45% without phlebotomies between weeks 18 and 36 • Secondary endpoints include safety and tolerability, pharmacokinetics, and quality of life changes

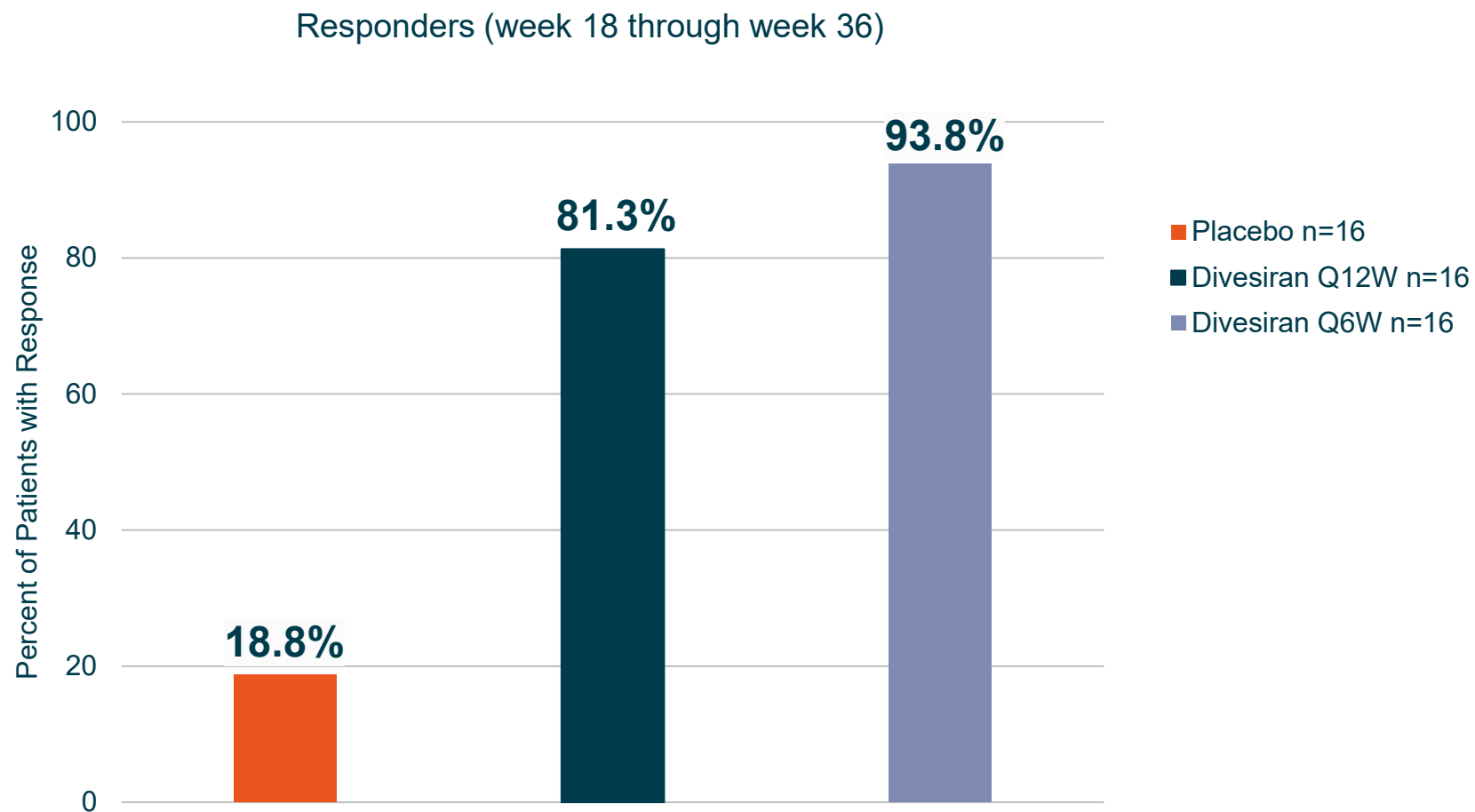
SANRECO: Primary Efficacy Endpoint - Response Rate

The **primary endpoint was met:**

- Significantly higher proportion of clinical responders among the divesiran treated PV patients (**88%**) compared to those who received placebo (**19%**) during weeks 18-36; $p < 0.0001$
- **Placebo adjusted response rate = 69%**

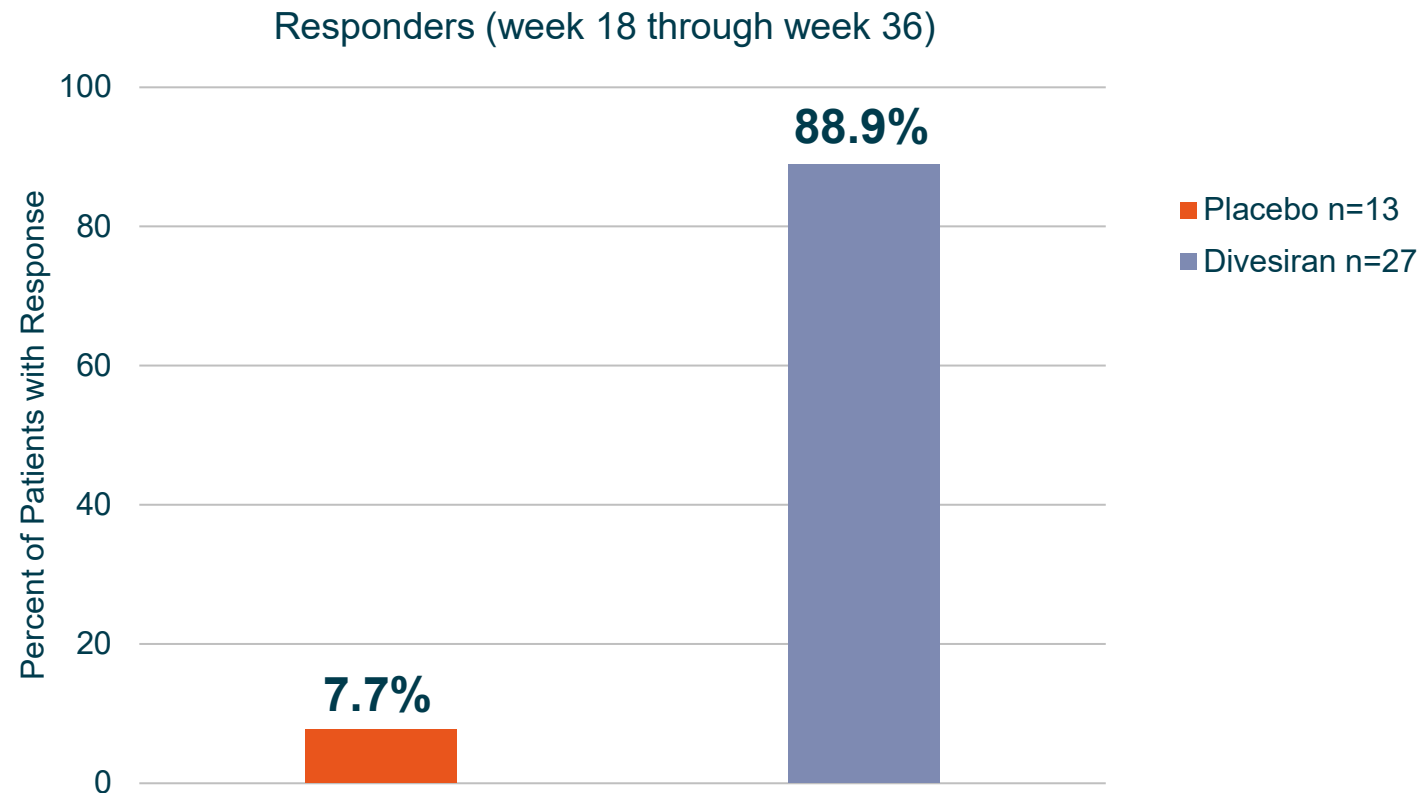


SANRECO: Primary Efficacy Endpoint by Dose Group



SANRECO: Response Rate Sensitivity Analysis (n=40)*

- Significantly higher proportion of clinical responders among the divesiran treated PV patients (**89%**) compared to those who received placebo (**8%**) during weeks 18-36; $p < 0.0001$
- **Placebo adjusted response rate = 81%**

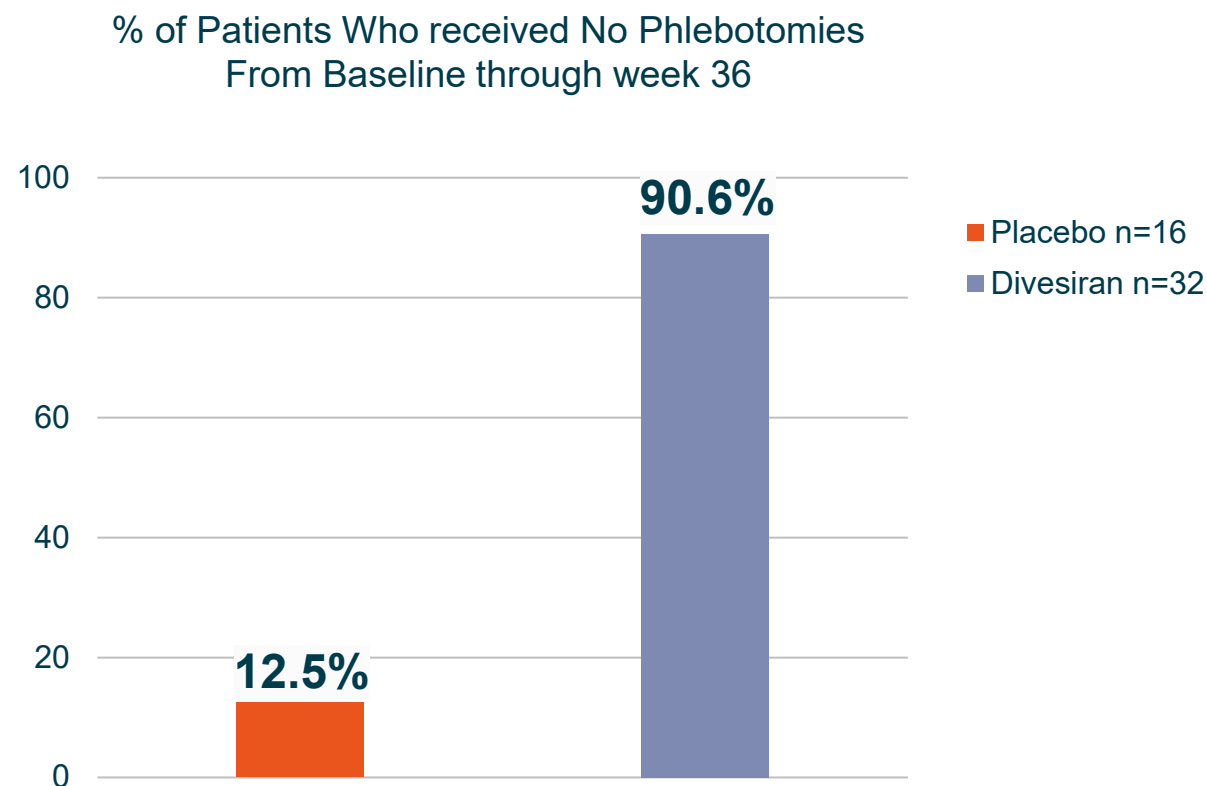


Note: Response is defined as HCT remaining below 45% and no phlebotomies received during weeks 18-36;

*All patients who met the Phase 1 criterion of a minimum of 3 phlebotomies in the previous 3 months or 5 in the previous 12 months

SANRECO: Key Secondary Endpoint - Phlebotomy Rate

- Mean number of phlebotomies in the divesiran arm was **0.2** compared to **2.1** phlebotomies in the placebo arm during weeks 0-36 ($p < 0.0001$)



SANRECO: Other Secondary Endpoints



- Divesiran groups also showed improvements in:
 - Hematocrit control
 - Iron markers, including ferritin
 - Patient reported outcomes using MPN-SAF Total Symptom Score (MPN-SAF TSS)

Summary of Adverse Events (Weeks 0-36)



- Divesiran was generally well tolerated
- Safety profile was in line with previous divesiran trials; no new safety findings
- Injection site reactions were infrequent and self-limiting
- There were two investigator reported grade 1 anemia adverse event cases

SANRECO Results Support Potential Best-in-Class Treatment for Phlebotomy-Dependent PV Patients



Efficacy Endpoints

- Primary endpoint was met at both Q6W and Q12W intervals



Safety Endpoints

- Well tolerated with no new safety findings



Infrequent Dosing

- Comparable efficacy and safety results across Q6W and Q12W intervals

Phase 2 profile supports potential best-in-class positioning in phlebotomy-dependent PV

Next Steps



- Phase 2 SANRECO full results
 - Submitted abstract to ASH Congress (Dec 12-15, New Orleans)
- End of Phase 2 meeting by year end
- Initiate Phase 3 study in 1H 2027



Cardiometabolic Disease

SLN312 (ANGPTL3)



SLN312 Phase 1 Results Demonstrate a Competitive Profile for Dyslipidemia



SLN312 is a Phase 1 siRNA Silencing ANGPTL3

- ANGPTL3 inhibitors are **novel class** of therapeutic agents with **LDL receptor-independent** mechanism of action that may benefit patients that do not respond to **statins or PCSK9 inhibitors**
- Discovered as part of an ongoing **collaboration with AstraZeneca** to discover, develop and commercialize siRNA therapeutics for cardiovascular, renal, metabolic and respiratory diseases using **Silence's mRNAi GOLD™**
- **AZ completed an interim analysis of a Phase 1** trial in patients with dyslipidemia demonstrating a competitive profile; Silence will re-gain exclusive rights globally to SLN312 at the end of Phase 1

Phase 1 Data Demonstrate Competitive Profile in Patients with Dyslipidemia

- **Safe and well-tolerated** with no serious adverse events
- Robust reductions in ANGPTL3 protein after single and multiple doses of SLN312 supporting **infrequent dosing**
- **Lipid reductions** on par with other ANGPTL3i in development

Program Outlook

- Potential for **GPR146 and ANGPTL3 combination therapy** (differentiated approach)
- Several therapeutic options available including **mixed dyslipidemia, HoFH and HeFH**

SLN312 Phase 1 Results Demonstrate Robust ANGPTL3 Reductions Supporting Potential for Infrequent Dosing



 EFFICACY	Substantial and dose-dependent reductions in ANGPTL3, triglycerides and atherogenic lipoproteins
 SAFETY	Well tolerated with no major safety issues
 DURABILITY	Sustained effects after single and multiple doses supporting potential for infrequent dosing

Phase 1 results presented during late breaker session at the European Atherosclerosis Society (EAS) Congress in May 2026



Cardiometabolic Disease

SLN365 (GPR146)



SLN365: Potential First-in-Class siRNA with Novel MoA in Areas of High Unmet Need



Potential First-in-Class siRNA Silencing GPR146

- Novel mechanism-of-action for managing cholesterol levels independent of LDL receptor (LDLR) function
- Hypercholesterolemia is a highly prevalent indication: around 1 in 300 individuals worldwide have the familial form HeFH (heterozygous) and around 1 in 300,000 worldwide have HoFH (homozygous) ^{1,2}

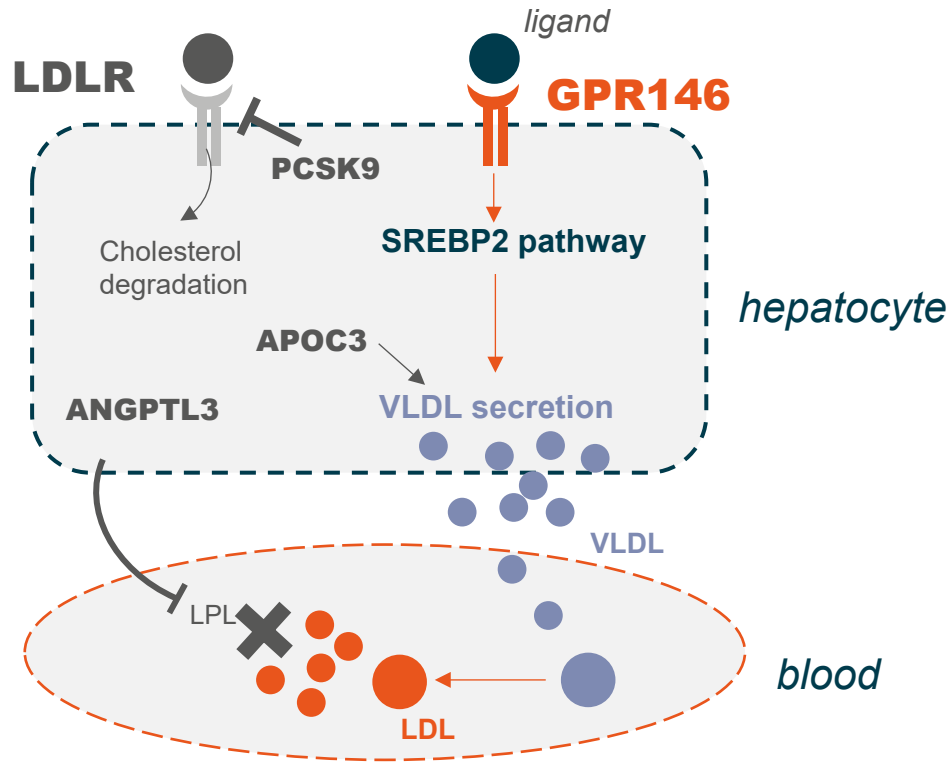
Demonstrated Preclinical Proof-of-Concept

- Achieved >80% mRNA knockdown after a single injection (non-human primates)
- Sustained effects throughout study with ~50% or greater mRNA knockdown observed 3 months after dosing (NHP)
- Significant reductions in total cholesterol, LDL-C and triglycerides in murine disease model (LDLR KO)

Program Outlook

- Potential IND filing in 2H 2027
- First potential indication planned for the treatment of HoFH which is the area of highest unmet need where >90% of patients don't reach the LDL-C goal despite being treated with multiple lipid lowering therapies

GPR146: Novel Target for the Management of Cholesterol Independent of LDL Receptor Function



LPL=Lipoprotein Lipase

Note: Cholesterol modulating mechanism in other tissues not represented

Angiopoietin-Like Protein 3 (ANGPTL3) Modulates Lipoprotein Metabolism and Dyslipidaemia



GPR146 is a receptor present on hepatocytes and plays an **important role in VLDL regulation**



Inhibition of GPR146 **reduces release of VLDL & circulating levels of TG and LDL-C**



GPR146's function is **independent of LDLR**



Potential for synergistic use with LDLR-dependent drugs



Potential to Reduce Dependency on Lipoprotein Apheresis

Genetic Evidence: GPR146 Deficiency Protects Against Hypercholesterolemia and Atherosclerosis



TRANSLATIONAL SCIENCES

Variants in the *GPR146* Gene Are Associated With a Favorable Cardiometabolic Risk Profile

<https://doi.org/10.1161/ATVBAHA.122.317514>

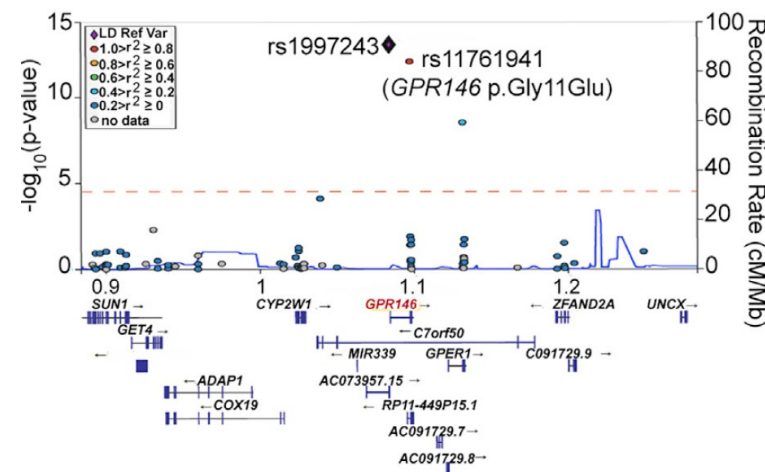
Cell Research

Hypercholesterolemia risk associated *GPR146* is an orphan G-protein coupled receptor that regulates blood cholesterol level in human and mouse

<https://doi.org/10.1038/s41422-020-0303-z>

Cell

GPR146 Deficiency Protects against Hypercholesterolemia and Atherosclerosis



<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cell.2019.10.034>

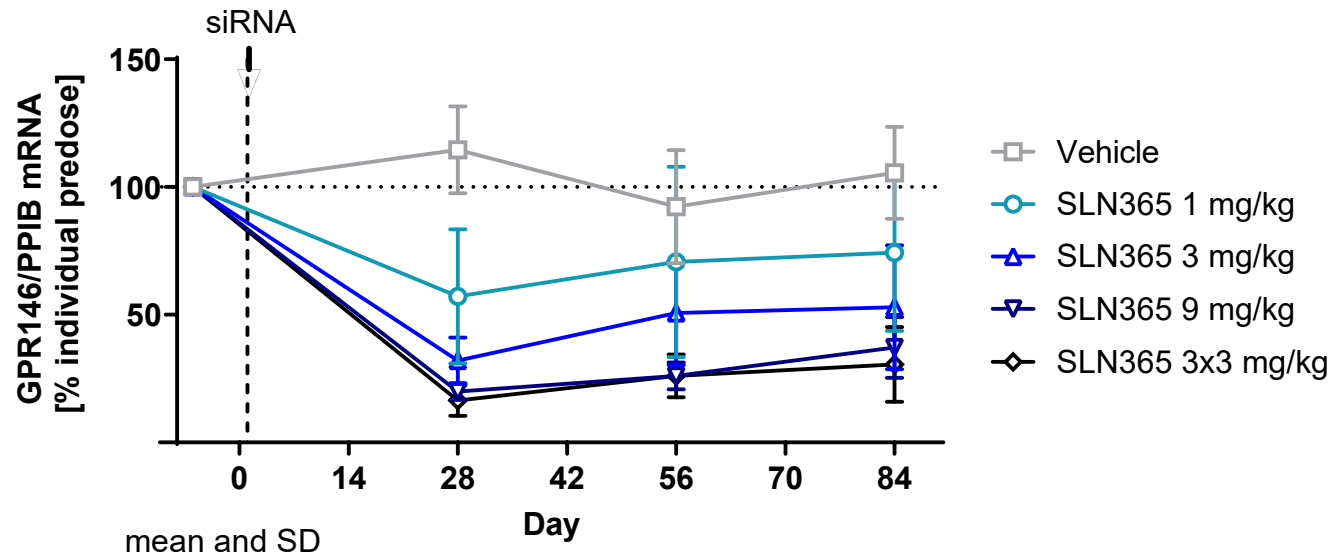
Human Genetic Studies Support *GPR146* as a Susceptible Gene Regulating Cholesterol Levels

Common rs2362529-C allele → lower *GPR146* expression → lower LDL-C, ApoB, HDL, apoA1, and CRP
Common rs1997243-G allele → higher *GPR146* expression → exact opposite phenotype

SLN365 Demonstrated Dose-Dependent GPR146 mRNA Knockdown in Non-Human Primates



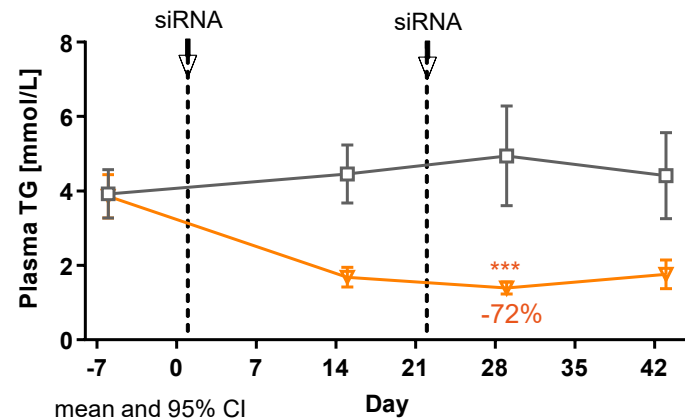
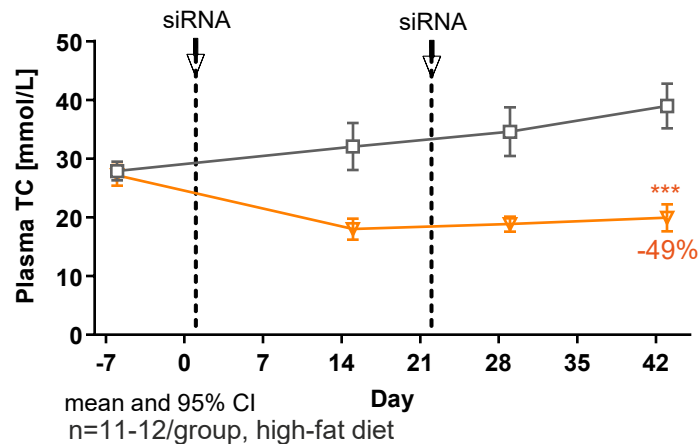
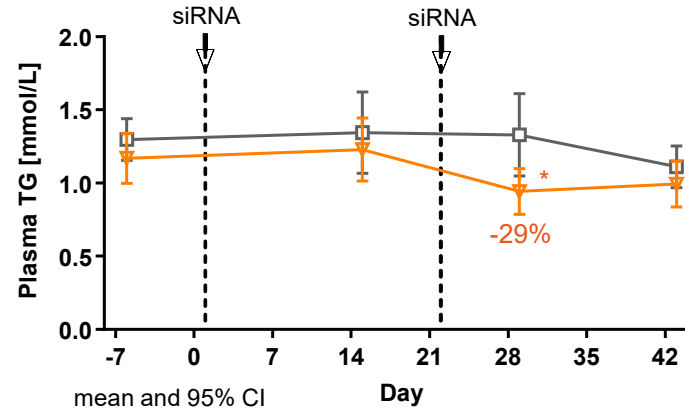
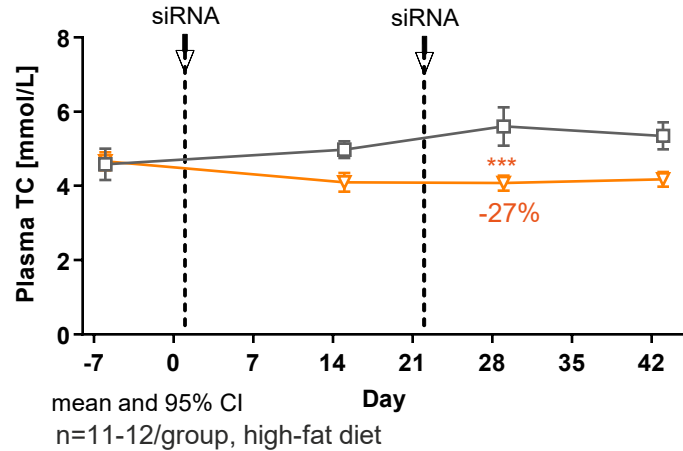
Liver PD



Results

- SLN365 treatment resulted in 84% mRNA KD at 4 weeks in the multiple dose group (3 x 3 mg/kg)
- Sustained KD throughout the study duration – 70% mRNA KD at week 12 in the multiple dose group
- Single dose of 9 mg/kg resulted in 80% mRNA KD at 4 weeks and 63% KD at week 12
- No major treatment-related effect on body weight and no effect on clinical chemistry, hematology or clinical observation

Reduction of Plasma Cholesterol and Triglycerides in Mice Following GPR146 siRNA Treatment



- Mouse surrogate siRNA reduced GPR146 *mRNA* levels by >75%
- Significant reduction of total cholesterol and triglycerides following siRNA treatment observed in WT and LDLR KO mice on Western diet
- No accumulation of lipids in the liver following siRNA treatment

□ PBS

▼ Gpr146 siRNA

Dunnet's test on two-factor linear model with interaction

*** P < 0.001; * P < 0.05 compared to PBS control

Data shown for one compound, similar data was obtained with two different siRNAs



Cardiometabolic Disease

SLN098 (INHBE)

SLN098 Targets INHBE: Promising Novel Target for Cardiometabolic Disease



Potential to Address Multiple Unmet Needs in Cardiometabolic Disease

- SLN098 has potential to address unmet needs including reducing total and visceral fat, improving muscle preservation, and slowing weight regain
- INHBE is a novel target supported by human genetics, strong preclinical data, and fast emerging clinical data demonstrating early efficacy and safety in humans

Demonstrated Deep and Durable Knockdown in NHP

- ~ 90% knockdown of INHBE protein levels sustained for at least 3 months in NHPs
- Obesity mouse model data validated MoA including significant **reduction in visceral fat** and **preservation of lean mass**

Program Outlook

- Potential IND filing by 2027 year-end
- Multiple development opportunities either as monotherapy or through strategic combinations

Despite Recent Advances in Obesity Treatment, Limitations of Current SoC Leave Millions at Risk of Further Complications



~ 1 billion patients worldwide affected by obesity and associated comorbidities

Current obesity treatments offer weight loss of ~15-25% which plateaus after 12-24 months and are associated with up to 40% lean muscle mass loss

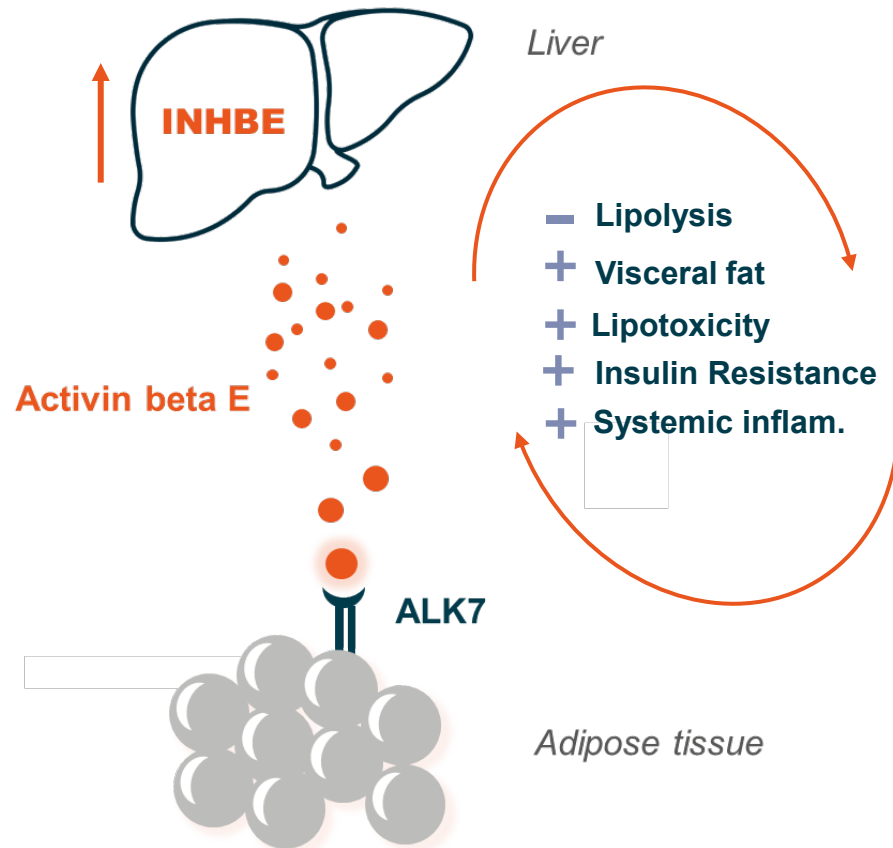
More than two-thirds weight loss is regained within first year after discontinuation of treatment

Poor tolerability and compliance with up to 30% patients discontinuing GLP/GIP agonists treatment

Need for Improved Quality of Weight Loss with Differentiated Approach to Current Treatments

Targeting INHBE Expression Blocks Signalling via ALK7, Effectively Enabling Lipolysis in Adipose Tissue

Pathogenic state



Deaton et al Nature Comm. 2022, Sugiyama et al 2018; Akbari et al 2022



INHBE (Inhibin beta E) encodes **Activin beta E**



Expression is elevated upon fasting in **obesity** and in patients with **T2D**

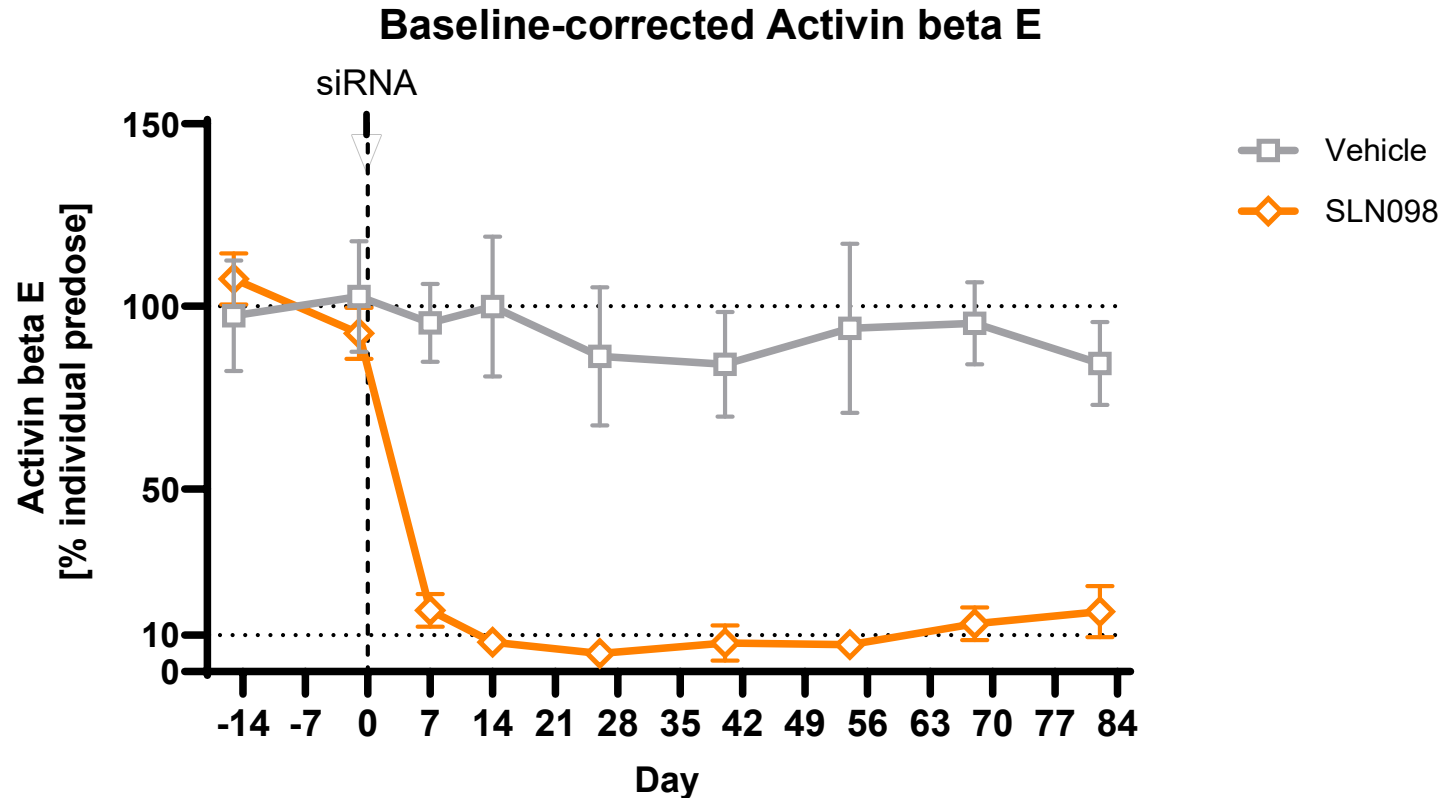


Activin beta E **activates ALK7** in adipocytes, where it **blocks lipolysis & promotes fat storage**



Inhibition of INHBE expression **enhances lipolysis** and **redistributes fat**

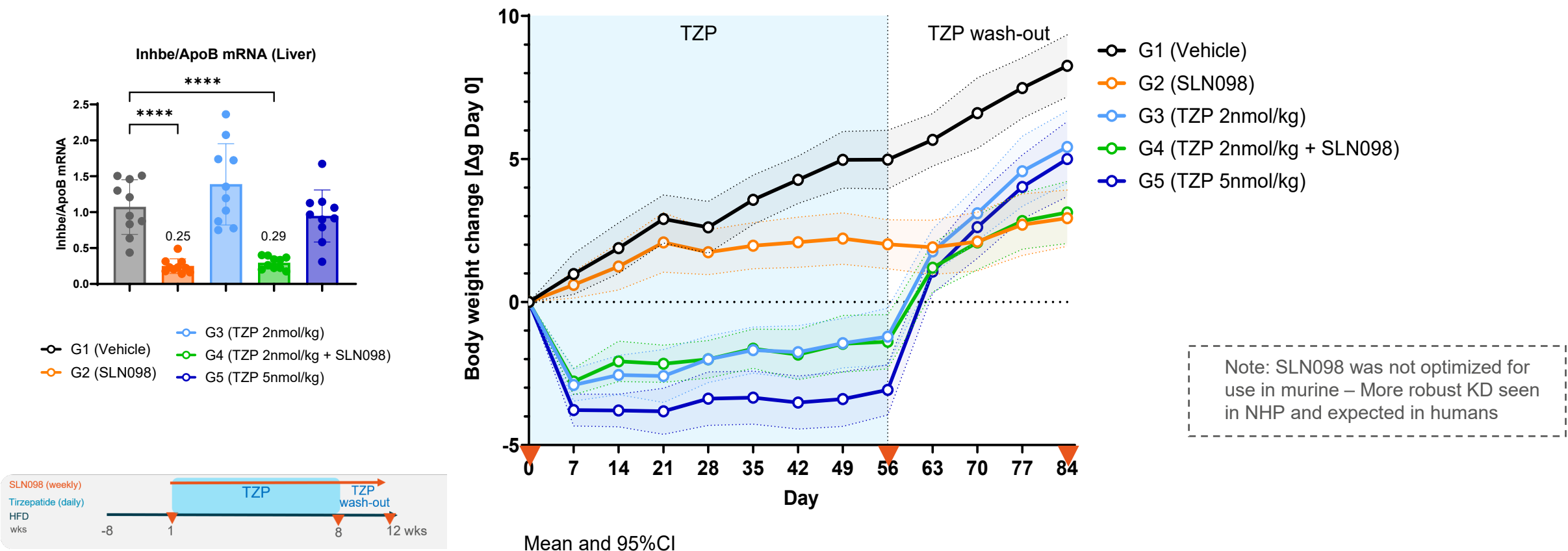
SLN098 Demonstrated Deep and Durable Knockdown in NHP: ~90% Protein Knockdown Sustained for at Least 3 Months



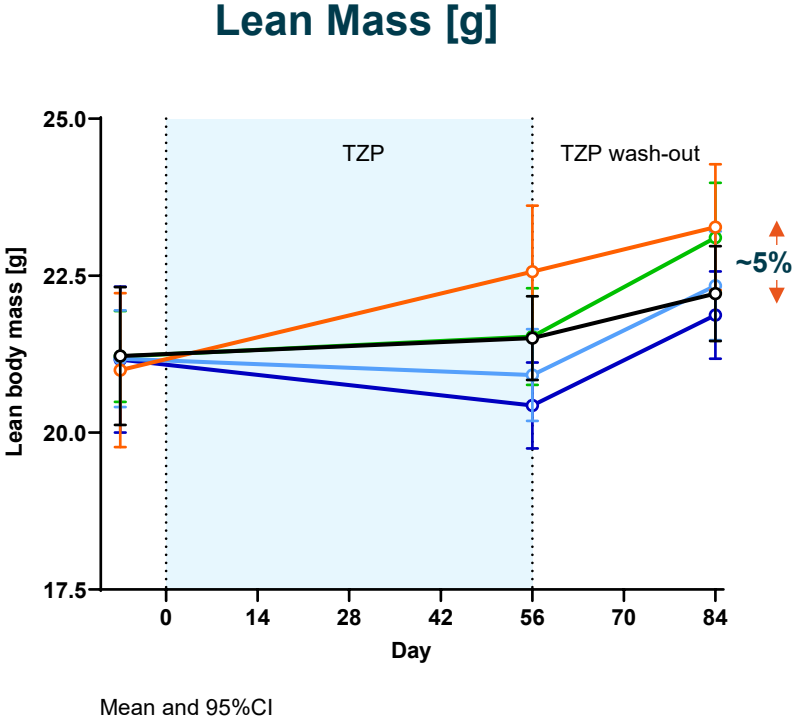
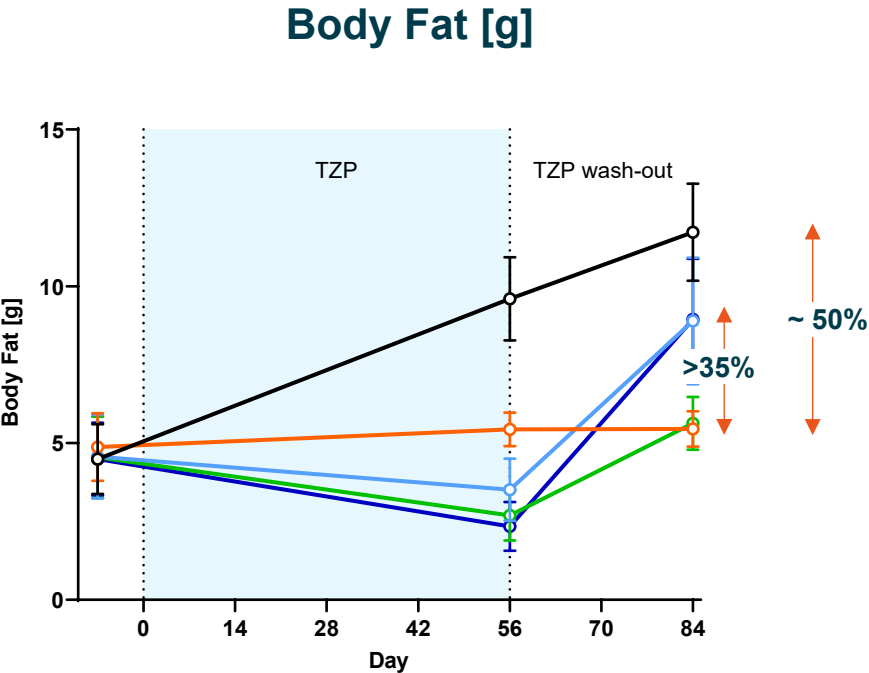
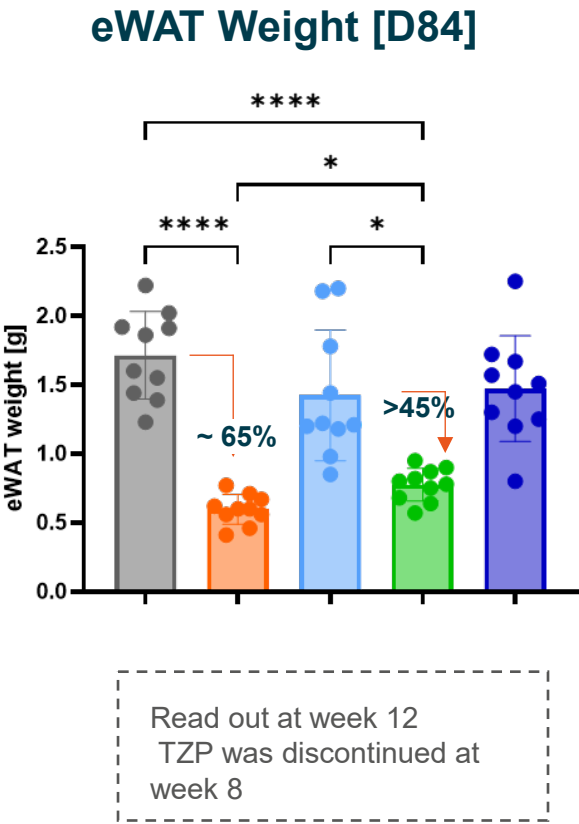
mean and SD, n=3

SLN098 Significantly Reduces Weight Gain in Mice on High Fat Diet Both as Monotherapy and Post Tirzepatide Discontinuation

Murine Obesity Mouse Model – Mono Therapy vs Co-treatment with Tirzepatide (TZP)



SLN098 Monotherapy Lowers Visceral Fat and Total Fat Gain While Preventing Lean Mass Loss in Combination with TZP



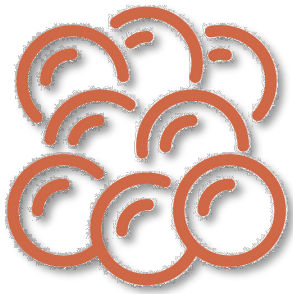
—○— G1 (Vehicle) —○— G3 (TZP 2nmol/kg)
—○— G2 (SLN098) —○— G4 (TZP 2nmol/kg + SLN098)
—○— G5 (TZP 5nmol/kg)

Potential to Address Major Unmet Needs Through Strategic Combinations



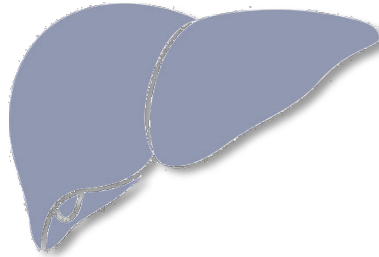
**Improve Quality of
Weight Loss**

+ Incretins



**Tap into Atherogenic
Dyslipidaemia and
Associated Metabolic
Disorders**

+ Lipid Modifiers



**Skeletal Mass
Preservation**

**+ Lean Mass Sparing
Therapies**



Achieved and Anticipated 2026 Milestones

	1Q 2026	2Q 2026	3Q 2026	4Q 2026
Divesiran Polycythemia Vera			✓ Ph2 topline data	★ EOP2 FDA Meeting Ph2 data presentation
Zerlasiran High Lp(a)		<i>Results from first industry CVOT in high Lp(a) anticipated in 2026</i>		
SLN312* Dyslipidemia		✓ Ph1 late-breaker at EAS Congress		
SLN365 HoFH		✓ Preclinical data IND enabling studies (potential filing in 2H 2027)		
SLN098 Obesity		✓ Preclinical data IND enabling studies (potential filing in 2H 2027)		
Extra-hepatic		✓ Preclinical data		★ Preclinical data

EOP2 Meeting: End-of-Phase 2 meeting with FDA planned by year end. *SLN312 is currently licensed to AstraZeneca. As announced in a Company Press Release dated March 5, 2026, Silence will re-gain exclusive rights globally to SLN312 following Phase 1. HoFH=Homozygous familial hypercholesterolemia

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- **Silencing diseases through precision engineered medicines created with proprietary siRNA technology**