CULLEN/FROST BANKERS, INC. CODE OF BUSINESS CONDUCT AND ETHICS (Restated as of January 26, 2022)

I. INTRODUCTION

The Board of Directors (the "Board") of Cullen/Frost Bankers, Inc. (together with its subsidiaries, "Cullen/Frost") has adopted this code of business conduct and ethics (this "Code") to:

- promote honest and ethical conduct, including fair dealing and the ethical handling of conflicts of interest;
- promote full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable disclosure;
- promote compliance with applicable laws and governmental rules and regulations;
- ensure the protection of Cullen/Frost's legitimate business interests, including corporate opportunities, assets and confidential information; and
- deter wrongdoing.

All directors, officers and employees of Cullen/Frost are expected to be familiar with this Code and to adhere to the principles and procedures set forth in it that apply to them. Cullen/Frost's reputation for integrity is its most valuable asset and is determined by the individual and collective actions of its directors, officers and employees. No business demands more integrity and high personal example than does banking, investments, and insurance, and public trust is the cornerstone of Cullen/Frost's operations. The public at large, as well as Cullen/Frost's customers, have a right to expect from each director, officer and employee of Cullen/Frost the highest degree of personal performance and example.

Cullen/Frost's more detailed policies and procedures set forth in its Employee Standards of Conduct Policy are separate requirements and are not part of this Code.

For purposes of this Code, the "Code of Ethics Contact Person" will be Cullen/Frost's General Counsel, in the case of directors, executive officers and Senior Financial Officers (as defined below), and will be the Chief Human Resources Officer in the case of employees other than directors, executive officers and Senior Financial Officers.

II. HONEST AND CANDID CONDUCT

Each director, officer and employee owes a duty to Cullen/Frost to act with integrity. Integrity requires, among other things, being honest and candid. Deceit and subordination of principle are inconsistent with integrity.

Each director, officer and employee must:

- Act with integrity, including being honest and candid while still maintaining the confidentiality of information where required or consistent with Cullen/Frost's policies.
- Observe both the letter and spirit of laws and governmental rules and regulations, accounting standards and Cullen/Frost policies.
- Adhere to a high standard of business ethics.

III. CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

A "conflict of interest" occurs when an individual's private interest interferes or appears to interfere with the interests of Cullen/Frost. A conflict of interest can arise when a director, officer or employee takes actions or has interests that may make it difficult to perform work for Cullen/Frost objectively and effectively. Conflicts of interest can also arise if a director, officer or employee, or a member or their family, receives improper personal benefits as a result of their position with Cullen/Frost. Service to Cullen/Frost should never be subordinated to personal gain and advantage. Conflicts of interest should, wherever possible, be avoided. Any material transaction or relationship that could reasonably be expected to give rise to a conflict of interest should be discussed with the Code of Ethics Contact Person.

A transaction or relationship that would present a conflict for a director, officer or employee would likely also present a conflict if it is related to a member of their family. For purposes of this Code, the term "family" means a person's spouse, parents, children, siblings, mothers- and fathers-in-law, sons- and daughters-in-law, brothers- and sisters-in-law and anyone (other than a domestic employee) who shares such person's home.

IV. <u>DISCLOSURE</u>

Each director, officer or employee involved in Cullen/Frost's disclosure process, including the Chief Executive Officer, the Chief Financial Officer, the Treasurer and each member of Cullen/Frost's Disclosure Committee (collectively, the "Senior Financial Officers"), is required to be familiar with and comply with Cullen/Frost's disclosure controls and procedures and internal control over financial reporting, to the extent relevant to their area of responsibility, so that Cullen/Frost's public reports and documents filed with the Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") comply in all material respects with applicable federal securities laws and SEC rules. In addition, each such person having direct or supervisory authority regarding Cullen/Frost's SEC filings, or Cullen/Frost's other public communications concerning its general business, results of operations, financial condition and prospects, should, to the extent appropriate within their area of responsibility, consult with other Cullen/Frost officers and employees and take other appropriate steps regarding these

disclosures with the goal of making full, fair, accurate, timely and understandable disclosure.

Each director, officer or employee who is involved in Cullen/Frost's disclosure process, including, without limitation, the Senior Financial Officers, must:

- Familiarize themselves with the disclosure requirements applicable to Cullen/Frost, as well as the business and financial operations of Cullen/Frost.
- Not knowingly misrepresent, or cause others to misrepresent, facts about Cullen/Frost to others, whether within or outside Cullen/Frost, including to Cullen/Frost's independent auditors, governmental regulators and self-regulatory organizations.
- Properly review and critically analyze proposed disclosure for accuracy and completeness (or, where appropriate, delegate this task to others).

V. Compliance with Laws, Rules and Regulations

It is Cullen/Frost's policy to comply with all applicable laws, rules and regulations, and it is the personal responsibility of each employee, officer and director to adhere to the standards and restrictions imposed by such laws, rules and regulations. This policy sets forth Cullen/Frost's general prohibition on employees trading securities, either personally or on behalf of others, including within institutional investment portfolios, on the basis of material non-public information.

It is against Cullen/Frost policy and in many circumstances illegal for a director, officer or employee to trade on, or profit from, undisclosed information relating to Cullen/Frost or any other company. Insider trading laws prohibit trading in a company's securities while in possession of material nonpublic information about that company.

A director, officer or employee may not purchase or sell any of Cullen/Frost's securities while in possession of material nonpublic information relating to Cullen/Frost. Also, a director, officer or employee may not purchase or sell securities or derivatives of securities, or recommend the purchase or sale of a security, including any derivatives of that security, of any other company while in possession of any material nonpublic information relating to that company. This prohibition extends to family members who reside with such directors, officers or employees or whose investments are controlled by and any entities influenced or controlled by such directors, officers or employees. Certain restrictions and other measures to prevent insider trading may be applied to more narrowly defined populations.

Directors, officers and employees are also prohibited from disclosing or "tipping" material non-public information to anyone outside of Cullen/Frost, or to anyone within Cullen/Frost other than as authorized or otherwise on a need-to-know basis (for example, relevant and specific information requested in connection with a permissible business purpose, *i.e.*, regulatory compliance, financial reporting, legal actions, or auditing).

Cullen/Frost has commercial relationships with various companies, such as material collaborative business partners, third-party property owners, developers, customers, vendors, suppliers or other business partners. Further, Cullen/Frost directors, officers or employees may serve as board members of companies as part of their Cullen/Frost employment. Through these interactions, such directors, officers, and employees are more likely to be exposed to purported material, nonpublic information. Cullen/Frost should take reasonable steps to secure purported material non-public information and treat it as confidential (e.g., including such steps as maintaining procedures to minimize the risk of inadvertent disclosure, securing and restricting access to documents, and avoiding discussion in public places).

A director, officer or employee who is uncertain about the legal rules involving a purchase or sale of Cullen/Frost securities, or any securities of companies that they are familiar with by virtue of their work for Cullen/Frost, should consult with Cullen/Frost's General Counsel before making any such purchase or sale, to answer procedure questions, to evaluate whether information received about a particular company is material nonpublic information, and for guidance regarding actions that should be taken with respect to such questions or information. The General Counsel may initiate an investigation into the circumstances of any trades placed in violation of this policy.

The principles and prohibitions in this Policy will continue to apply after termination of employment or service as a director, for so long as the information known is material and non-public.

VI. CORPORATE OPPORTUNITIES

Directors, officers and employees owe a duty to Cullen/Frost to advance Cullen/Frost's business interests when the opportunity to do so arises. Directors, officers and employees are prohibited from taking (or directing to a third party) a business opportunity that is discovered through the use of corporate property, information or position, unless Cullen/Frost has already been offered the opportunity and turned it down. More generally, directors, officers and employees are prohibited from using corporate property, information or position for personal gain and from competing with Cullen/Frost.

Sometimes the line between personal and Cullen/Frost benefits is difficult to draw, and sometimes there are both personal and Cullen/Frost benefits in certain activities. Directors, officers and employees who intend to make use of Cullen/Frost property or services in a manner not solely for the benefit of Cullen/Frost should consult beforehand with the Code of Ethics Contact Person.

VII. CONFIDENTIALITY

In carrying out Cullen/Frost's business, directors, officers and employees often learn confidential or proprietary information about Cullen/Frost, its customers, suppliers, or other parties. Directors, officers and employees must maintain the confidentiality of all such information entrusted to them, except when disclosure is authorized or legally mandated. Confidential or proprietary information of Cullen/Frost, and of other companies, includes any non-public information that would be harmful to the relevant company or useful or helpful to competitors if disclosed.

VIII. FAIR DEALING

Cullen/Frost has a history of succeeding through honest business competition, and it does not seek competitive advantages through illegal or unethical business practices. Each director, officer and employee should endeavor to deal fairly with Cullen/Frost's customers, service providers, suppliers, competitors and employees. No director, officer or employee should take unfair advantage of anyone through manipulation, concealment, abuse of privileged information, misrepresentation of material facts, or any unfair dealing practice.

IX. PROTECTION AND PROPER USE OF ASSETS

Directors, officers and employees should protect Cullen/Frost's assets and ensure their efficient use. All Cullen/Frost assets, including facilities, equipment and supplies, should be used only for legitimate business purposes and should not be used for personal benefit.

X. REPORTING AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Directors, officers and employees are responsible for identifying, managing and escalating actual, potential or perceived conflicts in accordance with applicable regulatory requirements and Cullen/Frost policies, including this Code.

A director, officer or employee who becomes aware of any existing or potential violation of this Code is required to notify promptly the Code of Ethics Contact Person. Failure to do so is itself a violation of the Code. In addition, retaliation against any director, officer or employee who in good faith reports a potential violation consistent with this Code is prohibited.

Questions relating to how this Code should be interpreted or applied should be addressed to the Code of Ethics Contact Person. A director, officer or employee who is unsure of whether a situation violates this Code should discuss the situation with the Code of Ethics Contact Person to prevent possible misunderstandings and embarrassment at a later date.

Cullen/Frost will utilize the following procedures in investigating and enforcing this Code:

- Violations and potential violations will be reported by the Code of Ethics Contact Person to the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee, in the case of a violation or potential violation involving a director, executive officer or Senior Financial Officer, or the Chief Human Resources Officer, in the case of a violation or potential violation involving any other employee.
- The Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee and the Chief Human Resources Officer will take all appropriate action to investigate any violations or potential violations reported to them.
- If the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee determines that a violation by a director, executive officer or Senior Financial Officer has occurred, it will inform the Board. The Board will take such disciplinary or preventive action as it deems appropriate, up to and including dismissal or, in the event of criminal or other serious violations of law, notification of appropriate governmental authorities.
- If the Chief Human Resources Officer determines that a violation by an employee (other than a director, executive officer or Senior Financial Officer) has occurred, the Chief Human Resources Officer will, with the concurrence of Cullen/Frost's General Counsel and, if appropriate, Cullen/Frost's Chief Executive Officer, take such disciplinary or preventive action as they deem appropriate, up to and including dismissal or, in the event of criminal or other serious violations of law, notification of appropriate governmental authorities.

XI. CODE WAIVERS

From time to time, Cullen/Frost may waive some provisions of this Code. Any waiver of the Code for directors, executive officers or Senior Financial Officers may be made only by the Board or the Corporate Governance and Nominating Committee and must be disclosed within four business days as required by SEC or NYSE rules. Any waiver for employees other than directors, executive officers and Senior Financial Officers may be made only by the Chief Human Resources Officer with the concurrence of Cullen/Frost's General Counsel and, if appropriate, Cullen/Frost's Chief Executive Officer.

XII. NOTICE TO EMPLOYEES

Nothing in this Code prohibits or limits any employee or his/her counsel from initiating communications directly with, responding to any inquiry from, volunteering information to, or providing testimony before, the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Department of Justice, Financial Industry Regulatory Authority, Inc., any other self-regulatory organization or any other governmental, law enforcement, or regulatory authority, in connection with any reporting of, investigation into, or proceeding regarding suspected violations of law, and no employee is required to advise or seek permission from Cullen/Frost before engaging in any such activity.

In connection with any such activity permitted above, employees should identify any information that is confidential and ask the government agency for confidential treatment of such information. Despite the foregoing, employees are not permitted to reveal to any third party, including any governmental, law enforcement or regulatory authority, information employee came to learn during the course of employee's employment with Cullen/Frost that is protected from disclosure by any applicable privilege, including, but not limited to, the attorney/client privilege, attorney work product doctrine and/or other applicable legal privileges. Cullen/Frost does not waive any applicable privileges or the right to continue to protect its privileged attorney-client information, attorney work product, and other privileged information.

Additionally, employee's ability to disclose information may be limited or prohibited by applicable law and Cullen/Frost does not consent to disclosures that would violate applicable law. Such applicable laws include, without limitation, laws and regulations restricting disclosure of confidential supervisory information or disclosures subject to the Bank Secrecy Act (31 U.S.C. §§ 5311-5330), including information that would reveal the existence or contemplated filing of a suspicious activity report. Confidential supervisory information includes any information or materials relating to the examination and supervision of the company by applicable bank regulatory agencies, Cullen/Frost materials responding to or referencing nonpublic information relating to examinations or supervision by bank regulatory agencies and correspondence to or from applicable banking regulators.

XIII. Non-Conferral of Rights or Remedies

This Code does not confer any rights or remedies upon any persons other than directors, officers and employees of Cullen/Frost.